

LARGE FIRE ON BROADWAY--HUSBAND BREAKS UP A CHOIR MEETING.

KILLED BY THE TRAIN.

Woman is Crushed to Death By Berkeley Local.

BERKELEY, Feb. 14.—While attempting to run around the rear end of the Berkeley local train last night, Miss Mary Trowbridge of San Francisco slipped and fell under the moving wheels, sustaining injuries that resulted in her death.

WANT CAPITOL AT SAN JOSE.

AMENDMENT IS INTRODUCED IN THE HOUSE BY ASSEMBLYMAN WRIGHT.

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 14.—Assemblyman Wright of San Jose introduced a constitutional amendment this morning, which provides for the removal of the Capitol to San Jose in 1907. The amendment is identical with a measure presented in the Senate several days by O'Neal of San Jose.

THE OLD RELIABLE ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

MYSTERY SURROUNDS FIRE ON BROADWAY THIS MORNING.

Edward's Jewelry Store is Damaged to the Extent of Fifteen Thousand Dollars.

There is considerable mystery surrounding the origin of the fire which early this morning partially destroyed the jewelry store of R. W. Edwards, 963 Broadway, and came near suffocating John H. Delehanty, editor of the Saturday Press, who has rooms directly over the jewelry store.

BOTH WERE FOUND DEAD IN A ROOM.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 14.—With every appearance of having passed to their last sleep as the result of a mere accident, the bodies of Mrs. Flora Tilley, aged 75 years, and her son, William G. Tilley, aged 48, were found in a room at 512 Hyde street this morning.

ENEMY LOST IN BATTLE.

BRITISH SOLDIERS MAKE A SPLENDID SHOWING IN FIGHT.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Advices received here from Nigeria say that the British punitive expedition commanded by Colonel Moreland, consisting of 1,200 men of the West African frontier force, occupied Kano February 3 after sharp fighting. Only two British officers were wounded. The enemy lost heavily, but the city was uninjured.

DUELS NEAR PARIS.

Max. Regis is a Principal in Two Affairs.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—Max Regis, the former Mayor of Algiers and anti-Semite leader, took part in two duels today and will fight two more.

MAKES REPORT ON STRAIT JACKET.

ASSEMBLYMAN CARTER FILES MINORITY REPORT IN THE ASSEMBLY.

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 14.—Assemblyman H. E. Carter of Los Angeles, member of the Assembly Committee on State Prisons and Reformatories, which recently investigated the use of the strait-jacket at Folsom and San Quentin, filed a minority report today.

JURY COULD NOT AGREE IN CASE.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 14.—At 1:20 P. M. the Alexander jury sent word to the court that they could not agree. Alexander was accused of grave robbing.

PRESIDENT SIGNS THE STAFF BILL.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The President has signed the Department of Commerce bill and the General Staff bill.

BROKE UP THE MEETING OF THE CHURCH CHOIR.

John Gordon Thought His Wife Was Flirting and He Trashed a Member of the Church.

Believing that his wife was flirting with a fellow vocalist, John Gordon broke up a meeting of a church choir by smashing his supposed rival in the jaw.

RUSSIA WILL BE READY FOR ANY TROUBLE.

(Correspondence of the Associated Press.) HONG KONG, Jan. 20, via San Francisco, Feb. 14.—A reliable German journal in Shanghai says:

INJUNCTION BILL INTRODUCED.

CAMP PRESENTS A NEW MEASURE TO BE DISCUSSED IN HOUSE.

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 14.—In the Assembly this morning, Camp introduced a bill providing that an injunction cannot be granted to prevent the peaceable persuasion of persons, without the use of force, violence or threat thereof, to leave or not to enter an employment; also that an injunction cannot be granted to prevent two or more persons from doing in concert, or under an agreement any act in furtherance of a trade dispute between employers and employees, that one person may lawfully do.

INSANE MAN'S ACT.

Tried to Kill People and Was Shot By a Citizen.

HONOLULU, T. H., Feb. 14.—(By Pacific Cable to the Associated Press).—John Collins, a member of the local fire department, became insane today from drink.

APPOINTED BY PARDEE. SACRAMENTO, Feb. 14.—Governor Pardee today appointed P. C. Rossi of San Francisco to be Commissioner from California to the Seventh International Congress of Agriculture, to be held in Rome, Italy, from April 10 to April 23, 1903.

STORAGE AUCTION SALE

of fine furniture, carpets, etc. of Mr. A. Walker. We have also received instruction to sell the fine household goods of J. T. Nelson. Sale Tuesday, February 17th at 11 a. m., corner of Twenty-eighth and San Pablo avenues, Oakland, comprising in part, 1 elegant silk parlor suit, 1 oak writing and book-case combined, 2 elegant oak bed room suit, hair mattresses, 5 mattresses, couches, writing desk, 2 cherry chiffoniers with mirrors, 2 Singer sewing machines, pictures, extra fine Brussels carpets, lace curtains, oak extension tables, dining chairs, crockery, glass and silverware, 2 fine ranges, iron beds, etc. These goods are in first class shape and will be sold without limit or reserve to pay storage charges and money advanced.

THEY HELP TO SEE

and see perfectly—the Spectacles fitted at LAUFER'S. The restful lenses—the comfortable frames—and the perfect sight obtained are the results of superior skill and knowledge in the optical sciences.

F. W. Laufer SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN N. W. Cor. Washington and 19th St. OAKLAND.

Y. M. C. A. AUDITORIUM SONG RECITAL MRS. L. SNIDER-JOHNSON Assisted by DR. H. J. STEWART MR. NATHAN LANDSBERGER Monday Evening : : February 16 Admission, 50 cents. Reserved seats, 75 cents. On sale at CLARK WISE & CO'S. Cor. Geary and Grant Aves., San Francisco

FLATS

\$5500.00—2 elegant flats containing six and seven rooms and bath each on North side of street; will pay 8 per cent net on money invested. Right in town. \$6500.00—2 beautiful modern flats six and eight rooms and bath each; a choice location; lot 38 1/2 x 100; present rents, \$55.00 per month; with an expenditure of \$300, will rent for \$70.00; these flats are the sunniest flats in the city. \$8000.00—7 en new modern flats, elegantly situated; income \$3.07 per month.

Woodward, Watson & Co. 1172 BROADWAY, COR. FOURTEENTH (Macdonough Building), Oakland.

Special Notice to Our Patrons!

ABRAHAMSONS

Alteration Specials all of Next Week

Owing to the extensive alterations being made on our second and third floors this coming week, we are going to inaugurate a one-week ALTERATION SALE. A little noise from the hammer and saw will not interfere with your trading in our Cloak, Suit, Muslin Underwear and Millinery Departments. We intend for the little inconvenience naturally caused by enlarging our Departments to give you Big Alteration Prices at astonishing prices this coming week. Watch this paper for our Alteration Prices.

Our Millinery will be sold in our Cloak and Suit Department during the alteration.

Abrahamson Bros. Inc.

S. E. Cor. Thirteenth and Washington Sts.

GAMBLING IN THE COLLEGE TOWN EXPOSED.

STUDENTS ARE BEING FLEEDED AT A WELL KNOWN RESORT.

BERKELEY, Feb. 14.—The gambling joint of W. R. Wright in Berkeley has at last been exposed. A complaining parent, who was ashamed to sign his own name and thus expose his son to social ostracism, by the students of the University of California, has recently sent a communication to one of the San Francisco dailies asking that a thorough exposure of the place be made.

Now the whole career of Wright has been laid bare and two prominent students of the university, whose social standing in the college town has hitherto been of the best, are dragged down with Wright.

For the last seven years Wright and a younger brother have conducted a resort in Berkeley, which has probably had a more vicious influence on the youth of the Berkeley High School and University of California than any other place in Berkeley.

His place of business was usually kept masked behind the front of a tobacco store. Owing to vicissitudes in matters financial he has several times been obliged to move his headquarters.

During the last two or three years, Wright has had a handsome store on Center street.

Lately his brother has left him to follow his career alone, and Wright was obliged in view of his increasing business to secure help.

Phillip W. Owens, a student well known in college circles, has been the job of the store, while the proprietor sat at his game of poker in a little backroom, and won the money of beardless high school boys and the callow youths of the university.

Aside from his card gambling business, Wright has a billiard hall. For this he needed a marker and collector, and offered the position to Leroy B. Smith, who according to a confession made yesterday, accepted the office for a percentage of the proceeds of the games.

the high school became the order of the day. Stories of large losses and mysterious methods of dealing began to creep out about Wright. Occasionally a student would admit having lost heavily and drop a warning word into the ear of a friend. It was rumored that a senior in college had lost \$250 at a single sitting.

The parent who finally made the complaint against Wright, through the press, claimed that it cost him \$400 to settle the son's indebtedness. Wright denies that any high school or university boys are allowed in his poker games, but this is a manifest falsehood as any one cognizant of conditions in Berkeley is well aware.

President Wheeler, who has put a stop to illicit liquor selling in two or three places in Berkeley, has announced his intention to invoke the aid of the law against Wright, as he considers the vice of gambling fully as degrading as that of drunkenness.

TRAINING SCHOOLS FOR GIRLS. The Salvation Army has four training schools in this country, one in New York, one in Chicago, another in San Francisco, and the fourth in Portland, Ore. In these schools it has constantly 150 girls who are in training for officers of the army.

Those who see the Salvationesses in their black poke bonnets and red ribbons on the streets, conducting evening meetings to the music of tambourine and drum, have no idea of the many other things which enter into their lives and of the training which they have to go through to learn how to accomplish their work.

Each school gives only a short vacation in the middle of summer, and late in July the candidates enter for the full term. They live at the school and do all the work of the place. The military organization is even carried into the kitchen and dining-room. A sergeant oversees the sweeping and dish-washing, and a captain looks after the Bible study.

The training varies between the strictly practical and the deeply religious. Every girl learns to cook and read the Bible as the basis of her profession. There is also systematic instruction in the doctrine, rules and regulations, history and methods of the army.

BITS OF COMIC VERSE.

He stole a kiss. "Now, that," cried she, "I'll have you understand. It's really not far from it."

"It's not," said he, "it's grand!" Philadelphia Press.

Sing a song of sixpence, a stomach full of rice; Four and twenty key holes dance before his eye.

When the door is open his wife begins to chin. "Isn't this a pretty hour to let a fellow in?" —Judge.

IN DAYS OF OLD. In days of old, long ago, When blushing bell and dashing beau Drew round the games of Christmas tide, Those merry games, which comme il faut—

We today vote rather slow; Grand olden golfed, I trow, And "bridge" was not the social guide In days of old.

A quaint old age of calico, Of ruffie, fat and furbelow, An age of honest simple pride (When grandamma was made a bride); They danced, they kissed, and did not know That microbes lurked in mistletoe, In days of old. —Life.

THE STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—There was a spirit in the stock market on Monday, which was helped by consideration of the Aldrich financial bill, promising relief from the pressure upon the money market due to surplus revenue collections in time of stringency. The lack of public response to the attraction of rising prices discouraged the professional attempts to lift prices and the market was abandoned to the small room traders. The upward course of foreign exchange and the possibility of gold exports was disturbing factor, although money continued easy. The announcement of the Erie bond issue reduced liquidation in the company's shares and depressed the market.

GIANT POWDER HAS BEEN DISCOVERED.

MINE OWNERS THREATEN TO BOYCOTT THE JUDSON POWDER WORKS.

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 14.—Considerable ill feeling is being manifested over the Vice-Principal bill introduced by Senator Lukens and backed by organized labor throughout the State. Incidentally the father of Senator Lukens has been drawn into the controversy, and there is talk of the mine owners instituting a boycott of the Judson Powder Company, of which the elder Lukens is president, because the son is pushing this bill. The "boycott" talk has all grown out of an interchange of letters between Senator Ralston and the elder Lukens, which are differently construed by the opposing factions.

When the bill was to come up for second reading the other day John D. Spreckels denounced Lukens as an anarchist for introducing it. The mine owners united in opposing it just as they are opposing Lukens's employers' liability bill. Senators Belshaw and Ralston led in the opposition to the Lukens measure. But the Alameda Senator successfully steered his bill through second reading, and the Brotherhood of Railway Employees met in Oakland, endorsed Lukens and his bill and denounced Spreckels.

Meantime Senator Ralston, who is at the head of the Melones mine, wrote to E. G. Lukens, president of the mine owners, in urging the passage of his bill. His reply was sharp and direct, for the elder Lukens is a man more accustomed to giving orders than taking them. He is, besides, a man full of grit, determination and independence. Feeling that there was an attempt to coerce him and through him his son, his reply was as sharply as you please. He not only declined to influence his son, but expressed himself with breezy freedom about what he considered to be the unwarranted attempt to influence legislation.

This tart response stirred things up at a lively rate. It was passed around among the men who are fighting the bill, and provoked much comment. Matters are now in a more serious position. Senator Belshaw and several of the mine owners are holders of Judson Powder stock. Ralston says Lukens misunderstood him, and feels aggrieved at the tone of the latter's remarks, which were rather jolting.

Senator Lukens laughed when asked about the attempts to influence him through his father. "Has Senator Ralston told you of that correspondence with my father?" he asked. "I have not mentioned the matter and do not wish to discuss it now. But I'll tell you that in my father they have found a man who is about as near absolutely independent as any man on earth. He would close down the powder works or move them into another State before he would let anybody drive him an inch in a matter of this kind."

"Why, they'll never be able to reach old man Lukens by refusing to buy their giant powder," said a friend of the bill, chuckling a friend of the bill. "Those mine owners have got to buy giant powder somewhere. It doesn't matter a hang where they buy it. The powder companies are in a combination and they cut up their profits proportionately."

TO CURE A GOLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. F. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

A MEDAL FOR GOOD NATURE. A medal for pure and unadorned good-nature was awarded, last many days ago, to a youth in a public school. He had not made a noteworthy record for progress in learning; he had not even reached a point beyond the first year of his studies. He had simply eclipsed them all in amiability of the kind that accepted rewards or punishments with urbanity and equal philosophy. And the fact that a medal was deemed not too honorable for him under the circumstances is significant evidence of the high esteem in which good-nature is held. How it does all the creaking wheels of life, to be sure! How smooth it makes the path! What a comfortable and comforting companion a truly amiable person is, if he is only a dog! When everything and everybody else have rattled one the wrong way, and made every individual set of injured feelings one possesses stand up like quills upon the fretful porcupine, how soothing to step into the atmosphere of the amiable person!

Senators, members of the legislature, and the world turns round, colored again. Amiability accomplishes what no sermon could. It is an immeasurable influence for good. It is, therefore, with satisfaction that we note the presentation of a medal to the good-natured boy. Why would it not be a valuable custom to introduce into all our schools?—Harper's Weekly.

A WINTER SUNSET.

Under a lonely, pallid sky The trees, like patient sentries, stand Firm, stern and grim—brave Titans old, Defiant o' en of Death's command, Watching (as thro' the Western gates In crimson robes the day takes flight) The brooding of the mystic hush That tells the fall of winter night.

O'er the low hills the north wind's moan Comes as a cry of Nature's pain That life exultant captive lies Beneath the Frost King's austere reign.

A gloom that thrills enrapt the fields, A stray bird mourns its homeless plight, And sadness, desolation chill Arise in the winter night. —Philadelphia Barlow Sablin in the Cincinnati Enquirer.

Some people are never satisfied until they attain certain ends, and are never satisfied after they do.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. H. Brown

on every box 25c

Z. T. GILPIN IN THE FIGHT FOR MAYOR.

PETITION OF THE INDEPENDENT REPUBLICAN PARTY TO BE FILED.

Next Monday is the final day for filing certificates of nomination with the County Clerk in behalf of candidates who will run independent at the Oakland city election, March 9th. Much curiosity has been exhibited as to the course to be pursued by the Independent Republican party, the organization which supported Henry P. Dalton for Assessor at the last county election. As a fact, Mr. Dalton practically headed the ticket of that party in its fight during the campaign which ended in November of 1902.

Z. T. Gilpin is the pivotal figure in the present canvass of the Independent Republican party. He is the nominee for Mayor. The campaign committee of that party will file a petition today or Monday in conformity with the State law. Hundreds of electors who did not vote at the recent primary election have signed that petition. With Mr. Gilpin in the field there will be three prominent candidates for Mayor of Oakland. In this triangular contest the odds in favor of the success of Warren Olney, the tripartite nominee, E. L. Bair, the Union Labor aspirant, or Mr. Gilpin, are not yet set by politicians about town. Like Henry P. Dalton, who has run twice independently and won each time, Mr. Gilpin is accounted a strong man by various critics. The fact that the people made him Treasurer and Tax Collector of Oakland for six successive terms, or twelve years in all, is being quoted to his advantage, and it is also contended that on each occasion he received more votes than any other nominee on the Republican ticket with him.

Something of an effort is being shown in the direction of influencing Mr. Gilpin to withdraw, to the end that the simple issue may be Olney vs. Bair, but enthusiastic friends of the Independent aspirant are opposed to any such action, claiming he has an excellent chance now to succeed Anson Barlow as Mayor of Oakland. It is urged by Mr. Gilpin's advisers, who want him to be burgomaster of this city, that his record before the people will occasion his triumph on the identical ground which produced suffrages for Henry P. Dalton.

CONFERENCE OF ADVENTISTS.

GENERAL MEETING WILL BE HELD IN OAKLAND DURING MARCH.

The local church of the Seventh Day Adventists is making preparations to entertain the general conference of the Seventh Day Adventist Association from March 27th to April 13th. This will be the first time in eighteen years that this association has met in California. It is expected that about 500 delegates and visitors will be present. Representatives are expected from South Africa, England and Australia, and delegates will be here from every State in the Union.

C. L. Morgan has donated the use of the vacant lot at Twelfth and Brush streets, and on it will be placed a very large tent where a vegetable cafe will be run during the entire time of the conference for the benefit of the members. The local church will entertain free all the delegates, while other visitors will pay their own expenses.

There will be three sessions of the conference each day. The morning and afternoon sessions will be largely for the transaction of business, while the evening will be devoted to preaching. The public is invited to attend the evening sessions.

There will be as good an exhibit prepared of California products, and especially those of Alameda county, as can be procured. Canning establishments and fruit raisers will be asked to donate to the exhibits, and Mr. Stearns of the Board of Trade has consented to aid in making the display.

Committees as follows have been appointed to take charge of the matter, and some more will be appointed later, among which will be one on decorations:

Committee on Arrangements, to have the oversight of all arrangements concerning the conference—W. T. Knox, A. T. Jones, C. H. Jones, M. C. Wilcox, M. E. Brown.

Committee on Entertainment—J. N. Loughborough, J. D. Rice, E. A. Chapman, Mrs. V. M. Donaldson, Mrs. H. H. Hall, Brother Chamberlain of Alameda, C. M. Snow, W. S. Sadler, W. V. Sample.

Committee on Restaurant—J. J. Ireland, A. J. Bordeaux, E. G. Fulton.

Committee on Reporting—W. N. Glenn, M. C. Wilcox and C. M. Snow.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles. Itching, Blind, Bleeding and Protruding Piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pile Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter how long standing. Cures in six days. In six days the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and it is the only cure remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure, no pay. Price 50c.

DR. TREZF IS CALLED.

BINGHAMPTON, N. Y., Feb. 14.—The special committee of the First Congregational Church of this city has reported unanimously in favor of extending a call to the Rev. Dr. Edward F. Trezf of Omaha, Neb., to become pastor of the First Church. It is known that Dr. Trezf will accept the call.

THE FAVORITE Ludwig Piano

Only Medal and Highest Award, Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo, U. S. A., 1901. Diploma of Honorable Mention, Export Exposition, Philadelphia, U. S. A., 1899. Silver Medal, Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1900.




THE WONDERFUL NEW LUDWIG SCALE—Practically perfect and absolutely correct. The new scale in combination with other patented improvements make the Ludwig Piano the highest type of musical creation.

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ONE-PRICE PIANO HOUSE
NINTH AND BROADWAY, OAKLAND.
San Francisco House: 931 Market Street.

HER INSTRUCTIONS.

Tom came over the other evening to find Polly somewhat depressed and not at all talkative. This situation alarmed him and finally Polly was prevailed on to speak. But she was decidedly obscure.

"It's as bad as these awful beggars that look as if they had no legs and arms and may have fifty knotted up somewhere and work on your sympathies and by and by you find you have been deceived," she said.

Tom looked at her sternly. "If you are going to explain your fit of the dumps," he said, "get at it."

"You very well know that I've always insisted that Dickie Bennett is a dear," Polly began.

"I know," Tom agreed, a hopeful light in his eye.

"And that he is such a delicious sort of baby for a boy," Polly continued. "And you wouldn't believe me when I said all along that he had such a case on with that silly little Dell Goring. But because he's such a baby and came to me so despairingly with some quarrel they had and wanted me to help patch it up, why I decided to help him. He had foolishly danced two straight dances with Della's best enemy and in doing so had unintentionally overlooked one with her. So I told him what to write her—in fact, wrote the whole thing for him—and his gratitude was something pathetic. You men are such behemoths in fact."

Tom grinned cheerfully. "What did you say?" he queried.

Polly blushed a little. "Something like this," she confessed. "That he wondered if she could understand how a man might linger in purgatory so that heaven's charms might be all the sweeter and his briefness not so soon over."

"Great Scott!" ejaculated Tom amazedly. "Do you like that sort of tommyrot?"

"The next evening," continued Polly, "he came over to ask about some flowers for her." Polly eyed Tom with intense meaning. "I had the hardest time to make him see that the situation called for violets and not roses. I explained that for making a girl feel like a queen there was nothing like four-foot-long roses, but for melting her, just as many violets as he can stand for. I gave him a sentiment to write on them, something about them and her eyes. Fortunately that little idiot of a girl has big, deep, blue things in her head."

Polly stopped to grit her teeth. "Della's got to dropping in regularly, as you took occasion a number of times to

remark," she went on, "and I gave him all sorts of advice. I thought I would train up one nice boy for the benefit of every girl he might go with in later years—sort of give him inside tips. I got to anticipating circumstances, you know, and I told him he might say sometimes in a grievous voice, 'Those lips should drop only gleaming pearls.'"

Tom groaned. Polly glanced at him suspiciously and continued:

"Last night over at the Symonds I was sitting on the upper stairway waiting for Tom Morgan to bring me something to eat and I saw Dell slip into a window seat just below me and in two seconds Dickie was by her. I knew just what he would say to her, for I had coached him straight through one dance not ten minutes before, so I thought there was no harm in listening."

Dell began to utter the minute she saw him and Dickie grinned from ear to ear. "Come into the kindergarten, Dickie," she called out, pertly, "and tell me what teacher dear said to you."

And as I looked at those two children I learned for the first time in my life just what competition fits are. By the way, Tom, did you ever send any little make-up bunch of violets to Dell?"

"Why—er—" began Tom, most cruelly taken aback.

"Because, you see," said Polly, seriously, "as it happens, Della's eyes and mine are the same color and I thought your favorite violet sentiment so extremely fetching and original that as I couldn't think of anything better to say, I simply passed it along to Dickie for use that first time. And that," finished Polly, sternly, "was what she recognized and what made her understand the thing from the start."

"It looks," murmured Tom, contritely, as though—thanks for the inside tip—the present situation calls for violets. You win again, Polly."

DEATH AND LOVE. Holding Death's hand, Love looked again on Life—

Its tears and smiles, its starless storm and strife.

Death whispered "Haste!" and scattered As shrunken souls, and lured him from the light.

And spread a couch of roses, soft and deep, And peeped, fragrant with the kiss of Sleep.

Soft-whispering, "Rest; I give to Grief succorance, And sweetest Silence; and to Pain, God's peace."

So sweet his voice! Yet Love, delaying, stands with Life's thorn-crown with pale, wounded hands.

And Death fled far. When Love, with known eyes more dim, Love lived for him!

And cried on Death, far-folded in the gloom, Lonely and lost in all earth's light and bloom!

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SWEDISH INSTITUTE AND BREATHING-SCHOOL.

Swedish Institute and Breathing School. Lessons and treatments will be given in Swedish movement cure, physical culture, breathings and massage. Nervous disorders a specialty. Special trained assistants. May E. Stevenson, teacher. 22 years of practice. Pupil from the Royal Central Institute of Stockholm, Sweden. System by Professors T. J. Hartelius, T. Brandt and H. Ling, 631 Jones street, Phone James 1331. Office hours 9 to 11 a. m. 2 and 3 p. m.

NRS. J. J. LERRI IS NOT RELATED.

Mrs. J. J. Lerrri says she is not related to Mrs. Lulu Phillips, who has been arrested for larceny. Mrs. Lerrri says she is trying to make an honest living and works hard.

Eyesight

is of such great value that we ought to take more than ordinary precaution to guard against trouble. If you have a suspicion that there is anything wrong with your eyes, you should have them examined at once. Ours is one of the FOREMOST and BEST-EQUIPPED OPTICAL ESTABLISHMENTS in Alameda county.

We make no charge to tell you exactly the condition of your eyes.

E. H. NOE

SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN

856 Broadway

In Osgood's Drug Store

I did not realize my eyes were so bad

and many other expressions are heard from people every day, who come to us to have their eyes tested. DO YOU KNOW THE CONDITION OF YOUR EYES?

Perfect eyes never make themselves felt. Imperfect sight causes all kinds of eye trouble, and headaches and pain as well.

We are headquarters for Glasses

WE TEST THE EYES, and grind the lenses. Our factory is complete.

CHAS. H. WOOD

OPTICIAN,

Opera Glasses Repaired.

KODAK-time is coming

HAVE YOU ONE?

Developing and printing done for the amateur.

Use our dark room.

CHAS. H. WOOD

OPTICIAN

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SIGN "THE WINKING EYE"

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PURE XXX VANILLA BEST

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F. KLINGEBERG'S

KLINGEBERG'S SOUPS
10c a Can
HOME-MADE JELLIES & JAMS
10c per Glass

CLUB HOUSE & TOMATO
20c a pound
SAUSAGE
FIRKIN BUTTER
35c a pound
FINNAN HADDIES, new shipm't
15c a pound
RANCH EGGS, strictly fresh
25c a doz.

1060 Washington St.
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N. W. CORNER

Berkeley and the State University

STEALING AMONG STUDENTS OUT OF FASHION. THELAN WINS THE CARNOT MEDAL. SUBWAY DREDGED. HAPPENINGS IN WEST BERKELEY. MAY HAVE TO FIGHT FOR HIS NATIVE COUNTRY.

It is Practiced Only by Low Fraternities Says David Starr Jordan of Stanford.

BERKELEY, Feb. 14.—At the students' meeting yesterday David Starr Jordan, president of Stanford University, spoke to the Berkeley collegians on "What I Do Not Like in Universities." He began his address by telling of a Harvard president who took him on a pilgrimage through the college grounds to show him the objectionable features of student life in that institution. "The first thing that I saw," said Dr. Jordan, "was a student, who bore the name of one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. The young man had two grooves, one for himself and one for his horse. And he was carrying a book under his arm. This was one of the things that the Harvard president did not like. The young man had manners, but that was all. And if people think that manners are all then this young man was better than the rough and ready man from the wild and comparatively woolly west. "I have come here today to invite you to Stanford tonight, but please do not carry anything away with you, we might miss it." This remark was a pleasant reference to the Carnot medal.

Colleges have their spells. A few years ago students, with a few honorable exceptions—a few cranks—were stealing everything they could lay their hands on. Others have taken up the habit, and students have dropped it. Now it is the custom in only a few low-down fraternities for students to put silver, stolen from hotels and restaurants, upon the table. This practice of "ratting" them is a disgraceful thing. I hope nothing like it will take place this year. We were just as great sinners as you in proportion to our members. There is one thing about athletes: a man can be a gentleman, even when he is down and ten men jump on him, he can still be a gentleman.

Dr. Jordan concluded his remarks by saying that he admired the college spirit that now existed, and that it was growing stronger and better.

Mr. Hellman, the other speaker at meeting, said in part:

"We must all join hands and do what

CALIFORNIAN RECEIVES THE UNANIMOUS DECISION OF THE JUDGES.

BERKELEY, Feb. 14.—Again has a student of the University of California won the coveted Carnot medal from Stanford. In the annual debate at Palo Alto last night, Max Thelan, a junior in the college of social science at Berkeley, won the debate and medal in a smooth, well-formulated and logical argument. The question debated was:

"Resolved, That it would be commercially and politically advantageous for the French Government to abolish the territorial monopoly feature of its railroad policy."

One hour before the debate this subject was announced, and the speakers allowed to select which side they wished to defend. Thelan chose the negative. Both in his original argument and in his rebuttal Thelan showed his superiority over the other contestants. The decision of the judges—Vanderlyn Stow, Bishop Nichols and Hon. Frank M. Angellotti—was unanimous in awarding the Californian the prize. Thelan was carried off the platform on the shoulders of his delighted supporters.

HOLD FIRST OF THEIR SERIES OF RECEPTIONS

BERKELEY, Feb. 14.—The young ladies of the Young Woman's Christian Association held the first of their series of monthly receptions Thursday night, when the "chemistry friends" entertained the new members of the association.

The reception was held in Siles' Hall, which was prettily decorated for the event. Miss Lucille Hewitt acted as hostess and was assisted in receiving by the different class leaders.

NEW SONG IS SUNG AT STUDENTS' MEETING.

BERKELEY, Feb. 14.—At the students' meeting held in the Harmon Gymnasium yesterday morning the collegians were addressed by President David Starr Jordan of Stanford University, Franklin K. Lane, '86, City Attorney of San Francisco, and I. W. Hellman Jr., '92. One of the features of the meeting was the introduction of a new song, "Hail California," the words and music of which were written by Clinton R. Morse, leader of the Glee Club. President Wheeler presided.

SPECIAL APPARATUS NECESSARY FOR EXCAVATION IS CONSTRUCTING.

EMERYVILLE, Feb. 14.—A special-built dredger to aid in the excavation work necessary for the subway now being built by the Oakland, San Francisco and San Jose Railway Company at the foot of the long wharf at Emeryville, is now being constructed by Byron Jackson for use of the contractors, the Cotton Brothers of Oakland.

Instead of floating on the water the dredger is so arranged that it will slide on skids, to and for, over the territory to be excavated.

The dredger will have a large boiler, a double engine and the latest improved suction pump. The pile of excavated material will be piled up to the level of the water. The dredger will be allowed to do most of the work. The mud and ooze during each high tide will be sucked up and cast over the sheet piling. The dredger crew will work only at high tide and as there are two high tides, approximately every 24 hours, there will be much night work, as it is desired to push the work as fast as possible.

All the round and sheet piling is finished west of the Southern Pacific tracks and the pile driver on the east side has now approached within a few yards of the tracks.

It is expected that the dredger will be ready for business about one week from Monday.

After that F. J. Wilson, foreman for Cotton Brothers, estimates that it will take about two weeks to dredge out the 23 feet requisite to begin laying down the cement foundation.

Patrick H. Horgan, for Healy & Tibbitts of San Francisco, who have the contract for building the wharf, reports that his part of the work will be finished the early part of next week.

The Thompson Bridge Company of San Francisco, which has the contract for the construction of the ferry slip at the end of the wharf are making rapid progress and have already finished most of the piling.

ALOHA PARLOR N. D. G. W.

Mrs. H. W. Sanborn, who has been confined to her home for several weeks with a bad cold, is convalescing and was able to attend Thursday evening at a meeting of Aloha Parlor 106, N. D. G. W. In honor of Mrs. Sanborn's return the latter part of the meeting assumed a social nature, and great fun was had by the election of a post-mistress and the sending of valentines, followed by coffee and other light refreshments.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE HERMANN'S SONS' BALL ARE COMPLETE.

WEST BERKELEY, Feb. 14.—The ball to be given by the West Berkeley Hermann's Sons promises to be a very pleasant affair. As it is to be a masquerade dance no one will be admitted without a costume. Prizes are offered for the best costumes.

The committee in charge of arrangements consists of I. Wolff, chairman; C. Lieberman, treasurer; F. Borchard, secretary. The general committee comprises the following: A. Cassabehne, H. Nolla, C. Kimbel, C. P. Henry, M. C. Sunderburg, J. Koch, J. Hoffmann, P. Myer, P. Schnoor, H. Peters, W. Barck, W. Rust, P. Nickelmann, George Saur will officiate as floor manager.

WILL MOVE.

Mrs. Will, who has for some time past conducted a notion store at 842 University avenue is soon to move to East Berkeley and will establish herself in business on Shattuck avenue near Dwight way.

CHANGE IN LOCAL TRAIN.

Since February 1, the West Berkeley local train has been making a trip to Corbin station daily. It leaves San Francisco at 7 p. m. and arrives at Corbin at 7:50 p. m.

GET MANY DUCKS.

As the duck season is drawing to a close there is much rivalry between the local duck hunters. Just now D. Landregan and Al Hall seem to be ahead in the record. A few days ago they returned from a stay of twenty hours on the San Pablo marshes with a bag of 65 fine ducks.

REMOVED.

Mrs. Seifeld, who has been living at 1919 University avenue has moved to 1606 Oxford street.

RETURNED HOME.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Weand, who have been visiting the sister of Mr. Weand, Mrs. Adam Dean of 2321 Fifth street, have returned to their home at Reading, Pa.

MAGAZINE OFFERED FOR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE.

BERKELEY, Feb. 14.—Miss Sloss & Scott of the Pacific Hardware and Steel Company have offered to send to the University currently the "Iron Age" for the use of the students in the College of Commerce.

Order of the Austrian Government May Affect Student Now at the University.

BERKELEY, Feb. 14.—The order of the Austrian army, calling upon all officers off on furlough to report for duty may affect a student at the University of California. For at the college at Berkeley is Lieutenant Johann Gutmeyer, who has served his time in the Austrian army and who is numbered among the reserves. Whether or not the order applies to officers of the standing army only, or to those of the reserves as well, Gutmeyer will not know until he has seen Consul Koerber.

Lieutenant Gutmeyer is a Leipzig student studying at California for his Ph. D. He has been here only three months, during which time he has been pursuing some higher courses in philosophy. He is a typical German student, proudly bears a duel scar on his cheek and has brought with him many of the customs of student-life in his mother country.

His service in the army was in 1897, when he served in the Forty-third Infantry as Lieutenant. He says that he will be both glad and sorry if he has to return to fight for his country—glad to have a touch of active service, with its chances for promotion, and sorry to discontinue his studies at Berkeley, where he has done some excellent work and made some warm friends among the faculty and students.

There is another reason why he does not want to leave California. When a boy, studying at the Hochschule of his native land, he formed a close friendship with a fellow-student, Henri Fort. The boys were chums together, but upon leaving the Hochschule they lost sight of each other. After twenty-five years, Gutmeyer found this same Fort at Berkeley. Neither friend knew that the other was here. The friendship of their boyhood had been renewed and this long lost friend Gutmeyer is loath to part with again.

Fort was been at Berkeley nearly two years. He has taken his master's degree in philosophy and hopes to take his doctor's at another year. He is not affected by the order of the Austrian army.

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WILL ERECT HANDSOME HOME IN SCENIC TRACT

BERKELEY, Feb. 14.—Dr. Jacques Loeb, who recently came to the University of California to take charge of the new physiological department, has purchased the lot on the corner of Cedar street and Euclid avenue in the Scenic Park tract. It is his intention to have erected at once upon this beautiful site a handsome house to cost \$7,500. Work on the building will begin immediately. At present Dr. Loeb is living in the Judson house on Addison and Oxford streets. He will move into his new residence upon its completion.

HIGH SCHOOL SENIORS EFFECT A COMPROMISE

BERKELEY, Feb. 14.—The seniors of the Berkeley High School are making preparations for their class day exercises. Fare committees have been appointed and prophet and historian chosen. For prophet, Miss Grace Platt has been selected, while Miss Elliott Trobridge has been elected historian. Two fare committees have been appointed.

The reason for having two committees instead of one is to form a compromise between the fraternity and anti-fraternity elements. The first committee will select the fare, the second will have charge of the staging. The committees on selection consists of Miss Wickoff, chairman; Miss Zoe Riley, Miss J. Montgomery, Miss M. Shoecraft, Miss Bessie Patton, Miss Sarah Matthews, Harry Sully, Warren Ferry, Robert Pack and Howard Gaines. The second committee will be appointed later.

THE WIDOWER.

The world seemed very cold and drear, He viewed the shadow that he cast And saw the shoulders bent and sighed "For her whose hands he once held fast." The wind blew chill; he thought of scenes That he could never more behold. And moving on he sadly said: "The world and I are getting old."

A woman came the way he went. A smile was on her pretty face; He marveled at her splendid poise And at her figure full of grace. She smiled, for he was very rich And she had eager longing—when She passed the world was fair and lo! He found that he was young again. —S. E. Kiser in Chicago Record-Herald.

HAYWARDS, SAN LEANDRO, ELMHURST, FRUITVALE, GOLDEN GATE

THEY MET ON THE SIDEWALK.

HAYWARDS NIGHT SCHOOL HOLDS AN OPEN AIR SESSION.

HAYWARDS, Feb. 14.—The formal opening of the Peter Cooper Night School, which took place Monday of this week was celebrated in a manner truly original and characteristic of the night school. The opening took place on the sidewalk in front of the High School building. It had not been arranged that the affair should be conducted in such an original way, but was brought about through a misunderstanding—the janitor failed to open the school building.

Standing, sheltering on the sidewalk, George Edgar, the teacher, T. B. Jackson, the founder and twenty pupils of the new school went through the formalities incidental to forming a school. Residents in the vicinity looked curiously out of the windows, wondering vaguely what manner of meeting was being held in the open air. The meeting, however, was of very short duration—the weather permitted of little delay and the business was transacted without loss of time.

The Peter Cooper Night School will open at once. Twenty pupils, who constitute the school, will meet three nights every week when they will be instructed in various common studies. Each pupil pays \$2 a month for his education, which sum will cover the expense of conducting the class and leave a small amount in the treasury. Mr. Jackson states that the class will be gradually increased. He is confident of the venture being a success.

INTERESTING MUSICAL.

A musical evening was given last evening at the residence of Mrs. Warren, which was undoubtedly one of the most interesting social events of the season. The program was of unusual merit. The affair was given as a benefit for the Congregational Church. The guests of the occasion were taken to the Warren home by a bus that left the Congregational Church very half hour up to the commencement of the exercises.

CELEBRATED ANNIVERSARY.

Tyra Lodge, Society Dania of Haywards recently celebrated the tenth anniversary of its organization by giving an interesting entertainment consisting of musical and literary numbers. Grand President Hermann was present at the event and congratulated the members upon the wonderful progress made by the organization. When Tyra Lodge was organized, the membership list numbered 20 members. One hundred and fifty names now constitute its roster and it is expected that it will reach a membership of 200 members in the near future.

WOMEN GIVE SOCIAL.

Thursday evening the members of Palma Circle No. 111, Women of Woodcraft gave a social at Lucas' Hall. The evening was devoted to progressive games and an

VALENTINE PARTY AT SAN LEANDRO

MRS. LEO BEST ENTERTAINS AT HER HOME ON DAVIS STREET.

SAN LEANDRO, Feb. 14.—The valentine party given last evening by Mrs. Leo Best at her home on Davis street, was one of the most interesting social events that has taken place in San Leandro this season. The early part of the evening was devoted to the game of hearts and those making the highest scores were presented with handsome prizes.

Following the games, supper was served in the dining-room which was decorated in red. The other rooms were also tastefully decorated for the occasion.

Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Flint, Mr. and Mrs. Morin, Mr. and Mrs. Beatley, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Toffelmier, Mr. and Mrs. Richards, Mr. and Mrs. Frank, Mr. and Mrs. McLaughlin, Mr. and Mrs. Watkins, Mr. and Mrs. Holmgren, Mr. and Mrs. Dow, Mr. and Mrs. East, Mr. and Mrs. Miller, Dr. and Mrs. Ohea, Dr. U. E. Pittman, Miss Rushing, Miss Viola Best, Miss Thomas, Mrs. Moore, Mr. Webster, Mr. Gray, Mr. Anderson.

BEST COMPANY WINS SUIT.

This week Judge Seawall gave judgment against the Copper King Mining Company in favor of the Best Manufacturing Company of San Leandro for \$20,525. The decision was obtained after months of legal battling and the expenditure of considerable time and money and is received with much pleasure by this community.

Some years ago the Best Company built three traction engines for the Copper King Company. These engines were to be used for the hauling of ore from the company's mine to the railroad. Colonel Daily, who was then manager for the Copper King Company, claimed that the engines did not come up to his expectations and the contract was declared off. But the Best Company did not propose to lose the money they had put in the engines and immediately began suit to recover the \$20,525 damages.

WERE GIVEN A RECEPTION.

Mr. and Mrs. William Cunha, who were recently married at Reno, Nevada, were given a reception at their home in Oakland by a number of friends. Mr. and Mrs. Cunha are former residents of San Leandro. Mrs. Cunha, before her recent marriage was Mrs. W. J. Reid and resided in this place. Several months ago she left Reid and a month ago secured a divorce from him.

Mr. and Mrs. Cunha have taken up their residence in Oakland where they expect to make their home in the future.

HE BID TOO HIGH.

J. F. Hopper, the well-known manufacturer of San Leandro was one of the bidders for the contract to build two new trucks for the San Francisco Fire Department. Mr. Hopper, however, failed to secure the work, which was awarded an Oakland builder.

Last year Mr. Hopper built two fire

NEWS NOTES FROM GOLDEN GATE.

GEORGE NEALE, A REAL ESTATE DEALER, PASSES AWAY.

GOLDEN GATE, Feb. 14.—George S. Neale, who for several years has made his residence in Golden Gate, died on Thursday at his home at 5050 Fifty-third street.

The deceased was a dealer in real estate and during the last three years has conducted a business in Golden Gate. His death was very unexpected. He had been suffering from bronchitis, but it was not thought at all dangerous. When he was taken with a bad attack of heart trouble, the end came suddenly. Rev. Curran of Oakland was with him during his last moments.

Mr. Neale leaves a wife and one son, George Neale Jr. He was a native of Portsmouth, England.

BAPTIST SOCIAL A SUCCESS.

The valentine social held at the Baptist church last night was an unequalled success. The proceeds will go toward the fund for buying a piano for the Baptist Sunday school.

MRS. KLUNKER RECOVERING.

Mrs. Klunker, of San Pablo avenue is once more able to be about. She has been confined to her home several days on account of severe illness.

NEW BUILDINGS.

T. Tellier is soon to erect two new houses on the lots he has purchased on Fifty-ninth street. C. A. Evers has already got his new home fairly under way. The foundation is already laid.

CHANGE IN REALTY.

The Oakland Paving Company has purchased three lots on Fifty-ninth street from William O'Neill. The lots are in a very choice location and measure 150x50 feet.

APPOINTED GUARDIAN.

Mrs. Mary Clark has been appointed guardian of the persons of Ethel, Wilford, Grace, Mary and Goldie Clark, minors.

"77"

Dr. Humphreys' Famous Specific "SEVENTY-SEVEN" breaks up and cures Grip, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Laryngitis, Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in Head, Sore Throat and Quinsy.

At all Drugists, 25 cents, or mailed, on receipt of price. Doctor's Book mailed free.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., Corner William and John Streets, New York.

The scratch of a pin may cause the loss of a limb or even death when blood poisoning results from the injury. All dangers of this may be avoided, however, by promptly applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It is an antiseptic and unexcelled as a quick healing liniment for cuts, bruises and burns. For sale by Osgood Brothers, Seventh and Broadway.

NEWS NOTES FROM GOLDEN GATE.

ELMHURST, Feb. 14.—A mothers' meeting was held yesterday afternoon at the Elmhurst public school. It was attended by a large number of women, who talked with the teachers on subjects pertaining to the school children. The meeting, which was the second of its kind held in Elmhurst, was called for the purpose of acquainting the teachers with the mothers of local school children, with a view of bringing about a better condition in school. The mothers were asked to co-operate with the teachers in their attempt to secure a more regular attendance. It is probable that a mothers' club will be organized as a result of these meetings.

OFFICE IS MOVED.

The work of moving Superintendent E. Thornton's office from Twenty-third avenue to the Elmhurst power house has been completed. The office at Twenty-third avenue was used while former Superintendent McLennan was connected with the road.

SOLD HIS HOME.

William Allison has sold his cottage on Highland avenue to George McDonald. After disposing of his property Mr. Allison purchased the Morrill place.

OAKLAND VISITOR.

Miss Rose Keating of Oakland was a recent visitor at the home of Miss T. A. Goss of Elmhurst.

WILL ESTABLISH NURSERY.

The Japanese who recently purchased the Leach place on Moss avenue, will shortly open a nursery on that property.

SACRAMENTO VISITOR.

Miss Alice Morrie, of Sacramento, was a recent visitor at the Goss home in Elmhurst.

JUDGE CONTINUES THE ALVISO CASE.

Judge Ogden yesterday continued for two weeks the demurrer of Jose G. Alvizo to the cross-complaint of Valentine Alvizo in the suit brought by the former against his brother.

Jose Alvizo is acting as his own attorney by the advice of his counsel, Judge Clark of San Jose.

DUSK AND DAWN.

Twilight and dawn, weird tapestries About the couch of day are drawn; Night preludes moan in every breeze, But in my heart—the dawn.

Night in the dungeon of my brain; Hope's last pretense long gone; Despair is knocking, but in vain, For in my heart—the dawn! —Robert Haven Schuchter in Outlook.

MOTHERS MEET AT WAS TENDERED A RECEPTION.

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FRUITVALE IN HONOR OF MISS L. HUND.

FRUITVALE, Feb. 14.—A delightful reception was tendered Miss L. Hurd at the home of Mrs. Henry Wetherbee Thursday evening. Miss Hurd, who is a native of Ohio, is spending a few months in California. The reception was attended by a large number of Oakland and Fruitvale people. Dainty refreshments were served during the evening.

ENTERTAINMENT TONIGHT.

Tonight the Redwood Social Club will give an entertainment in Alameda Hall. The club, which was organized a short time ago expects to make this, its first affair, one of unusual interest. A program of musical and literary numbers has been arranged. The member have been preparing for the event for some time.

P. C. NIELSEN SELLS OUT.

Peter C. Nielsen, who for eighteen years had conducted a grocery store in upper Fruitvale, recently sold his store to Anderson & Nelson, who will manage the business in the future. Mr. Nielsen will leave shortly for Napa, where he will reside.

E. KUTTER PASSES AWAY.

Edwin Kutter, an old resident of this place died Thursday after an illness of several years. He was 65 years of age and leaves two daughters. Deceased resided in San Leandro.

CHILD DIES.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Austin died yesterday after an illness of several days.

HEADQUARTERS FOR REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE.

Judge J. W. Stetson, chairman of the Republican City Central Committee, announces that the committee has secured permanent headquarters at rooms 8 and 9, at 525 Thirteenth street. E. T. Jooste has been appointed assistant secretary of the committee and the headquarters will hereafter be open from 9 o'clock in the morning until midnight.

GRain-O THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

If you use Grain-O in place of coffee you will enjoy it just as much for it tastes the same; yet, it is like a food to the system, distributing the full substance of the pure grain with every drop.

TRY IT TO-DAY.

At grocers everywhere; 10c. and 25c. per package.

STRONG REAL ESTATE MARKET THROUGHOUT COUNTY

City Property Being Sought and Eastern Capital is Coming This Way.

Building activity continues to be the dominant characteristic of the local real estate situation. The transfers are numerous, and nearly all of them are conveyances of lots for immediate building purposes, or the record of sales of houses ready for occupancy. There is a steady demand for dwellings of moderate size and cost. At the same time there are few desirable houses for rent, with rents showing a stiffening tendency. An example of this tendency is illustrated by the terms of a lease recently taken by a well known merchant of this city. He took a five years' lease of a moderate sized house west of Market street at \$50 per month. One year ago this house rented for \$25 a month. The long lease at the high figure shows that the merchant in question is convinced that rents and the prices of residence property will keep up. While the influx of new population is largely responsible for the active demand for conveniently located building lots and new houses, the upward tendency of rents, coupled with the scarcity of desirable houses open to rental, is having its influence. Tasteful modern cottages, entirely new, can be purchased on the installment plan for monthly payments only a little larger than the rental of a similar domicile.

There is a great pressure on business accommodations. The demand for desirable stores is as active as the demand for dwellings, but is not nearly so easily met. On this head the Real Estate Review for February says: "There is a great scarcity of stores in the up-town business district. In truth, there is not a desirable store to rent on Broadway or Washington streets, nor on any of the other streets in the vicinity of Fourteenth street. Nearly all our large mercantile establishments are reaching out for more floor space, and there is no place for new business houses to locate. In fact, the business of Oakland has outgrown the accommodations. Property owners have hesitated to build until the mercantile interests are clamoring for more room without being able to get it. The only speedy prospect of increased room is presented by the Elks' building, now nearing completion on Fourteenth street, but that is as good as taken now. Every big firm on Broadway and Washington street has the same story to tell—cramped for room. The new Bacon Building, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, promises some relief, but it will be fully a year before that structure will be ready for occupancy. Several more store buildings could readily find tenants, if properly located and constructed to meet up-to-date business requirements.

Operators still have their eyes fixed on the harbor front. Another railroad project having the harbor for its objective terminal has called renewed attention to the many advantages of that splendid sheet of water. The rapid growth of manufacturing along the front makes it evident that values must inevitably enhance in that quarter in the near future. A great deal of improvement in the shape of wharves and warehouses is waiting on the government deepening the channel in the upper basin. When the channel is deepened and extended the harbor front will be the scene of accelerating activity. It is a busy quarter now, with a steady hardening in values, but it is destined to be a hive of industry.

The prevailing note in the real estate market is one of cheerfulness and confidence. Generally speaking, dealers report good business, and Oakland is better advertised than ever before, and in consequence is getting to be more widely and favorably known. Visitors are invariably impressed by the opportunities presented here for business and investment. The whole surrounding district from Point Richmond to San Leandro is growing rapidly, and on a solid basis. Factories, shipping, railroads, dwellings and business houses are still going up in obedience to the impulse of development that natural advantages inspire. Where improvement is so general and so widely extended there can be no doubt of values being on an enduring basis.

J. H. MACDONALD & CO.

J. H. Macdonald & Co., 1012 Broadway—The general condition of the real estate business has been good during the week, and the prospects for the market to improve as the year advances are bright. This is particularly the case regarding inside property within the city limits.

ply the demand.

We have two big sales pending, but the deals have not yet been closed.

H. P. BANCROFT.

H. P. Bancroft, room 61, Macdonough Building—While the real estate market in general is enjoying a steady, healthy growth throughout Oakland, we are paying more attention to the development of North Oakland than other portions of the city. The sale of lots in the Mosswood Park tract, on Telegraph avenue, between Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh streets, is surprising, and shows what great benefit to the city has been the cross-town ferry line, which people formerly thought was unnecessary. Nearly a hundred lots in this tract have already been sold, and more than thirty houses are building, while contractors are preparing to erect a dozen more.

The great demand for property along and in the vicinity of Fortieth street we believe to be due to the fact that there will soon be a competing ferry system across the bay. This system will enable people to enjoy our superior climate and still be within easy reach of the business quarters of San Francisco as they would by purchasing homes in the foggy, windy Richmond district or Presidio Heights across the bay, where property brings \$100 a foot.

With the new ferry, the foot of Market street, San Francisco, can be reached from Fortieth and Telegraph avenue within twenty-six minutes, and San Franciscans realize that fact and are taking advantage of the opportunities thus offered. Most of our sales of lots in the Mosswood Park tract are made to residents of the metropolis.

W. R. THOMAS.

W. R. Thomas, 464 Ninth street—To the climatic and commercial conditions is due the great prosperity which this city is now enjoying. I am afraid that some will consider this prosperity a boom. It has not a single feature of the disastrous booms that have been felt elsewhere. It is simply a fact that Oakland has advantages that can not be found elsewhere and that investors and seekers for homes and happiness realize it. The former are, therefore, looking for safe investments here; the latter are seeking building sites. The result is that the supply is wholly inadequate to the demand.

The market this week has been even better this week than the preceding weeks of the year, and we have closed a number of deals, which, if they are not big, show that all kinds of real estate are eagerly sought and that the principal work of the broker is to induce holders to sell.

Outside property and mining claims are also in great demand. Eastern capitalists are investing heavily in mines in California and Nevada.

JAMES S. NAISMITH.

J. S. Naismith, Twelfth street—When our office in the Bacon Block was destroyed by fire, I realized that we could not afford to be without a location, even for a few days, owing to the great demand for both houses and property of all descriptions. Luckily we secured almost immediately, accommodations on the north side of Twelfth street, and were, therefore, enabled to continue our business almost without interruption. This meant considerable, as the realty business was never more active in Oakland than it is at present. One unacquainted with the business would be surprised to learn of the demand for houses to let. A house is no sooner vacated than it is let again, and there are many people who cannot be accommodated. This fact would not be so surprising, however, if the people would stop to consider the remarkable increase of the population.

GEORGE B. M. GRAY.

George B. M. Gray, 434 Ninth street—Of course, the principal demand for realty is going toward San Pablo avenue and Emeryville, but it is remarkable how the demands for property in East Oakland have increased. I consider this latter fact due, in a great measure, to the fact that the Twelfth street dam is being improved. The principal outlet thoroughfare of East Oakland, has retarded the growth of that portion of the city, but now that the dam is being widened and raised the market there is forging ahead. When the dam is completed we may look for a boom in the Second ward.

The removal of the commission houses from Eleventh street, between Washington street and Broadway, to the old Tubernacle block, bounded by Eleventh, Twelfth, Webster and Harrison streets has materially affected the realty market. It will increase the value of property between Broadway and the lake, for one thing. It will also permit the Bacon estate to erect the large modern business building on the east side of Washington street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, and that will be a great benefit to property in that neighborhood. Altogether, the realty market was never in a healthier condition in Oakland.

ALBERT KAYSER.

Albert Kayser, 911 Broadway—The realty market remains as brisk as it started at the first of the year, and we see no reason for a change during 1933. It should improve as the year advances. There is hardly a real estate dealer in the city who is not prospering. The demand for realty and houses is excellent and the house renting business is in a condition it has never before enjoyed. When I see a vacant lot I cannot help feeling sorrow for the owner, for he evidently does not realize what opportunities he is missing.

By not erecting flats or other styles of houses he is simply losing a handsome income, for almost anything with a roof and walls is readily rented. The trouble is that we can't find houses enough for those who desire to rent and the latter are compelled to live in hotels and lodging houses. A desirable house brings almost any rental the owner chooses to name.

ROBERTS & LONG.

Roberts & Long, 950 Broadway—Both residents and non-residents of Oakland are seeking investments in this city and every real estate dealer here has all the business he can attend to. The savings banks may suffer for this confidence in the city's future, but they are the only ones and they will gain by it in the long run. We have been residents of Oakland for many years, but we have never seen the realty market better. People are taking advantage of the natural advantages of the city and the demand for property comes as a matter of course. It is not a boom, but a steady, gradual growth, forced by the city's resources. We look for the market to continue to improve.

C. KNOX MARSHALL.

C. K. Marshall, 1118 Broadway—Despite wind and weather, the realty market continues brisk and we are closing deals every day. Telegraph avenue property is in great demand, and the demand for property in the vicinity of Emeryville and all along San Pablo avenue is increasing. We have also made a number of sales recently of property on Peralta Heights, and elsewhere in East Oakland.

We also devote considerable of our time to the business of house-renting, and we are unable to supply anything like the demand. Rentable property is at a premium.

J. H. M. CAMERON.

Hugh M. Cameron, 1058 Broadway—The healthy real estate market continues and we have made a number of sales recently. Everyone seems to have confidence in the future of the city, and as long as that confidence endures there will be no decrease of sales. We find prosperity in every branch of trade, which is usually the case, when real estate and houses for renting purposes are in demand. We expect great things for Oakland in the future, from every standpoint.

ALDEN COMPANY.

Alden Real Estate Company, 1118 Broadway—We have made a number of good sales during the week and several more are pending. The market continues active. The demand for inside property, or property within the city limits, is increasing, and there is also a demand for outside property. We have sold lots in Berkeley, ranches in interior counties, and property in all portions of Oakland. We have sold both business and residence property here and expect soon to close some important deals. There is no relaxation of the market and property values continue good. The demand for houses is also increasing.

CAPTAIN KING.

C. K. King, 464 Ninth street—Most of our calls this week have been from Eastern people, although we have had several demands from residents. Eastern people are particularly desirous of securing timber lands and stock ranges, and we are paying special attention to these calls.

The demand for property in the vicinity of Emeryville is also increasing and there is not a portion of the city that is not affected by the general prosperity.

E. P. COOK.

E. P. Cook, 503 Fourteenth street—The general prosperity which the city is now enjoying continues, and naturally the real estate market continues good. Property throughout the city is in demand, and if there is a vacant house in the city I don't know it. It will not remain so long, at any rate. We have many more demands for houses than we can supply.

TROY REALTY CO.

Troy Realty Co., 455 Ninth street—While there is a big demand for all kinds of city realty, there are also many calls for outside property. Elmhurst realty is just now in great demand. We have made a number of sales recently, at figures above those asked by the owners, and this shows how healthy the market really is. There are always several bidders for every piece of property placed on the market. Prices are daily increasing.

C. J. RALEIGH & CO.

C. J. Raleigh & Co., 464 Ninth street—Every department of the real estate business continues good, and we expect it to improve. The year began well from a real estate standpoint, and we think it will prove better than 1932, which was, itself, an excellent year for all branches of trade, the real estate business included.

H. B. BELDEN.

H. B. Belden, 1112 Broadway—If the market continues throughout the year as it has been during January, and this month, 1933 will be a record breaker in the history of the real estate business in Oakland. Architects and contractors are at present busy on plans for buildings, business blocks and residences, and a number of important sales are pending. We have made several sales recently of residence property in East Oakland and in North Oakland in the vicinity of Emeryville. Berkeley property is also greatly in demand.

TAYLOR BROTHERS.

Taylor Brothers, 1236 Broadway—There is not a more prosperous city in the country than Oakland, and consequently the real estate business here is excellent. Water front property continues in demand, as many San Francisco manufacturers intend to move their plants to this side of the bay as soon as they can find suitable locations. We are firm in the conviction that Oakland is the future city of the Pacific Coast. Confidence is shared by Eastern people, as well as by our fellow residents. The demands for all kinds of property and houses are increasing.

E. P. VANDERCOOK.

E. P. Vandercook, 1010 Broadway—There is a big demand for property of

all kinds, particularly improved residence property, and there is a growing demand for property along the water front. The trouble is, however, that owners do not seem over-anxious to sell. We have a number of large sales pending, and believe that business will continue to improve.

S. M. DODGE & SON.

S. M. Dodge & Son, 1160 Broadway—The demand for property both in Oakland and East Oakland is increasing rapidly and recently we have made several sales in each place. Emeryville property is in great demand. Sales of houses on Twentieth and Market were recently made, and the demand for property of that kind has not abated. In fact, business all around is very good.

BUNCE ESTATE.

Estate of E. E. Bunce—The real estate business of the late E. E. Bunce is being continued under the direction of F. Dean, who was formerly a partner of Mr. Bunce. It is probable that the business will be sold by the widow and executrix.

Mr. Dean reports the market active and says that the demand for property of all kinds was never greater in Oakland. He expects a year of unprecedented prosperity for the city and county.

LAYMAN COMPANY.

The Layman Real Estate Company reports considerable activity in the week's business and says there is a very strong undertone in the market, so much so that it is causing many owners to be so firm in their prices that many offers which are made are not accepted. While there is no question as to the firmness of values throughout the entire city, sellers often make a mistake in holding their prices so high that many sales are retarded that would further characterize and encourage an active market.

There is unquestionably a splendid future for the spring market if the sellers will be somewhat elastic and compromising in trying to meet the buyers.

We have a case in point this week where we sold for William Frisbie Lewis to Norman P. Nelson, a wealthy resident of Chicago, a lot 43x150 feet situated on the east side of Durant street fifty feet south of Durant street, for \$3000. Mr. Nelson is going to erect on the property two high class flats, costing between \$6000 and \$8000. Therefore, Oakland not only gets a new resident but Eastern money is invested within her boundaries.

We also have sold during the week the following properties:

A 165 acre ranch in Contra Costa county for \$6300.

A 25 acre ranch near Livermore for \$4500 to an Eastern purchaser.

For I. Ingham a lot 100x133 situated on the east side of Center street 100 feet north of A street.

For J. T. Braswell to M. C. Anthony an eight-room residence with lot 40x100 feet on the southeast corner of Second avenue and East Fifteenth street for \$3500.

For E. O. Stickney to M. S. Dawing a lot on the north side of Thirty-fourth street 224 feet west of West street.

We also have several other sales pending and have had three offers rejected that would have been accepted twelve months ago.

We have just listed to the Woodland Rolling Mills of Woodland, California, a wholesale distributing depot for the distribution of their mill stuffs at the corner of Third and Broadway streets. This firm has come to Oakland with the view of establishing a branch of their business, recognizing Oakland as a good distributing point.

Thus it is noticeable that there are new people and new firms coming into Oakland, and the most casual citizen can see the splendid results that are being derived from the way our commercial bodies are reaching out to attract new people to our city, and the business and professional men are beginning to see the benefits that these commercial bodies, such as the Board of Trade and Merchants' Exchange are bringing to Oakland. There is quite an enthusiasm taking hold of our tradespeople, which was quite noticeable at the meeting of the Board of Trade last week when twenty applications for membership were filed with the secretary.

There are also several applications signed and it is expected that from upwards of forty to fifty applications will be put into the Board of Trade at its next meeting.

It is most encouraging to see the readiness with which our capitalists, tradesmen and professional men are sending in their applications. It is our candid judgment that a strong, united organization, such as the Board of Trade and Merchants' Exchange, would increase the general business of this city from ten to twenty-five per cent. Such an increase would permeate every avenue of commercial and professional life.

Every letter that goes out of Oakland should bear the small sticker for the envelope prepared by the Oakland Board of Trade showing the population in 1890 to be 48,622; 1900 to be 66,960; 1920 to be 82,974, thus showing the great increase in our population in two years.

These stickers are furnished free upon application to the Board of Trade, and are being used extensively.

San Francisco merchants are realizing this increase in population, as is evidenced by the great amount of advertising they are giving to our Oakland papers.

S. M. DODGE & SON.

S. M. Dodge & Son report inquiries for residence property by a great many Eastern people. Among recent sales by this firm are the following:

For Mrs. John E. Keyer, lot and improvements on Thirty-sixth street near San Pablo avenue, to Thomas Stephens.

For C. W. Kenna to W. W. Hartley, five vacant lots near Twenty-third and

Magnolia.

For John Worthington to G. Rohr, lot and improvements on Market near Twentieth streets.

For Mrs. W. H. Anderson to I. Koya, two acres of land in Pittsburg.

For Howell F. Capell six vacant lots on East Eleventh street, corner Twentieth and Eleventh streets, which six cottages will soon be erected.

For E. O. George, five acres of land at Oroville.

For Mrs. E. C. Chapman, vacant lot corner Telegraph avenue and Ward street, Berkeley.

For Dr. F. C. Weston, vacant lot on Twelfth street, 150 feet west of Oak street, 40x100.

For J. M. Frame, one and one-half story residence on Thirty-sixth street near Telegraph avenue.

For W. H. Webb of Chicago, handsome house in Alameda.

This firm has eliminated their rent department in order to devote their whole time to the selling of property.

BERKELEY.

FRANCIS FERRIER.

I would like to avail myself of this privilege of the TRIBUNE's columns to say that the Berkeley Real Estate Exchange is proving a gratifying success in promoting harmonious co-operation among dealers, and in facilitating the bringing of buyers and sellers together. By the system the Exchange has adopted, every property listed with the individual member of the Exchange is at once in the hands of eighteen other agents. There are no additional brokerage costs. Recently quite an important deal was consummated through the Exchange by the co-operation of three different firms.

Since the organization of the Exchange, owners wishing to sell are freer in giving us written authority to act. Only those properties upon which contracts are held are listed with the exchange.

Another thing I am constrained to speak of. The agents of Berkeley generally have quite a list of old-style houses on their books. As a usual thing, the owners of such properties can well afford, at the prices asked, to spend some money in paint and repairs. At best, it is not an easy task to market an old house. But experience has taught me over and over again that a few dollars spent in "fixing up" like charity will "cover a multitude of sins," and will help the agent to work the proposition for all it is worth.

I think the coming season will witness a greater volume of real estate business in Berkeley than in any previous like period in our history. Civic pride and local patriotism is not lacking in Berkeley. But our real estate exchange and our Chamber of Commerce can do much. If they will, to stimulate the spirit of progress among us, Berkeley has made great advancement in the last few years, but I am confident that what has been is not a marker to that which is to be.

MAY AND MORTIMER.

"The real estate market continues to be brisk," said Mr. May. "We have made several good sales during the week, one of the most important being that of the lot on Cedar street and Euclid avenue, which was sold to Dr. Jacques Loeb. Dr. Loeb will build a handsome residence at once, which will add greatly to the attractiveness of that neighborhood. With the pleasant weather, business has been even better than it was before, and indications point to a very prosperous spring."

D. R. WENTWORTH.

"This week's sales have been about the same as those of last week. If anything a little better," said Mr. Wentworth. "The prices are higher than before, with plenty of people ready to buy. Particularly along the Santa Fe line is there a strong demand for property. The western end of town is making rapid strides. Prospects seem very bright for West Berkeley."

ALAMEDA.

Hammond & Hammond, Alameda—Real estate and building is booming in Alameda. We are satisfied that the present condition of the realty market will keep up, and that building will continue at the present rate during the year. Our weekly sales show a marked increase, and inquiries for local property being constantly received. The scarcity of vacant houses is the one difficulty which constantly faces us. There are few vacant houses in Alameda that are in shape for occupancy.

ALAMEDA LAND COMPANY.

Alameda Land Company—Many new houses are going up in this city, the majority of which are of the better class of residences. We have arranged during the past few weeks to build a number of homes that will cost from five to twenty thousand dollars. A better sign of prosperity could not be cited. Alameda realty is very much in demand, and especially that which is well located for building purposes. year will certainly see important change in Alameda.

W. K. CONGER & COMPANY.

W. K. Conger & Company, Alameda—We find business in all lines very active in Alameda at the present time. The real estate market is especially bright, and this year promises to be one of great prosperity in all lines of trade on the Island City. During the week we have made a number of sales many of which are of considerable importance to the city. Building is brisk and has been so for some months despite the high price of building material, which, it is reported, will go still higher.

CHARLES ADAMS & COMPANY.

Charles Adams & Company, Alameda—The outlook for realty sales this spring is particularly bright. For the past few months the realty market has continued to go to the front and the demand for Alameda property has been very encouraging to the real estate agents. We have done an unusually large business recently and feel confident that the present condition will

Suburban Dealers Say There is Much Inquiry for Country Land.

keep up.

HAYWARDS.

D. Warren & Son, Haywards—The splendid situation in the real estate market in this and surrounding districts is not panning out to be the short lived boom as was at first predicted, when times began to grow brighter. In fact, we have every reason to believe that the present prosperous condition is here to stay. Instead of the demand for property falling off, it has continued to increase, until we now find ourselves able to supply only a small portion of the demands for local real estate.

CHARLES PROWSE.

Charles Prowse, Haywards—With the prospects of a training track being established here in the near future, and an ever increasing demand for local real estate, the people of Haywards certainly have no reason for complaining of hard times or the lack of enterprise. I feel safe in saying that never in years has Haywards been in a more prosperous condition than it is at the present time. I am now arranging to close several sale realty deals and small ones are constantly going on.

P. WILBERT.

P. Wilbert, Haywards—I am now negotiating the sale of a large piece of property in this district. The sale will be one of the most important made this year. I am also arranging numerous small sales and exchanges. Inquiries for local property and also ranch land in this vicinity, are daily being received, and the situation looks good for a year, or longer. A building boom in Haywards would not come amiss, as we are in need of more houses.

SAN LEANDRO.

Frank & McCarthy—The usual demand for San Leandro realty has not diminished during the past week, in which time we have made numerous sales and several important ones are now pending final settlement. As we have said before, a large number of rentable houses in this town could be disposed of in very short order. This condition would not last long should an enterprising association start to build here. Others would soon see how quickly these houses were snapped up and it would only be a short time before a building boom would be in progress.

SAN LEANDRO LAND COMPANY.

San Leandro Land Company—There is a constant and ever increasing demand for local realty, which is very gratifying to the real estate agents. Our list of local building property is diminishing rapidly and we are constantly disposing of ranches and farming land. We have sold town property to several parties who are now arranging to build beautiful homes and many others are contemplating building in the near future. The outlook for the year is certainly very encouraging to every line of trade.

ELMHURST.

James J. O'Toole—A great deal has been said about the desirability of Elmhurst as a residence town, which fact is certainly impressing itself upon the minds of many home seekers. I am constantly receiving inquiries about local property from all parts of the country, and in many cases I have succeeded in securing for these people the particular class of property they desire. During the past few months Elmhurst has built up wonderfully. A great deal of property has been sold and many new houses have been built.

JOHN HAMILTON.

John Hamilton—The past week has seen a decided rise in the realty market. Requests for Elmhurst property have increased and sales accordingly. There is not a vacant house in the town, and if there were fifty, I am confident that they would not remain vacant for a month. Several new houses are now in process of construction, but will be occupied as soon as completed. People who would reside here if houses could be secured, are being daily turned away.

FRUITVALE.

W. E. Rudell, Fruitvale—The phenomenal sale of real estate that has been going on in Fruitvale for the past few months does not threaten to decrease. This condition has kept up so well, and has continued to increase with such rapidity, that for a while I was afraid the bottom would suddenly fall out of the market and business would drop back to its usual routine, but it has kept up, and there is every indication that it will continue to keep to the front.

SYNDICATE INVESTMENT CO.

Syndicate Investment Company, Fruitvale—The real estate market is still keeping abreast with the prosperous condition of the country, at least, such is the case in Fruitvale. We are still transacting an unusually large amount of business and disposing of our valuable tracts of land in very short order. During the past week we have made numerous small sales, such as town lots and portions of the Sather tract. We are now arranging the final details of several large deals of considerable importance.

HENRY BARKMEYER.

Henry Barkmeyer, Fruitvale—Fruitvale property continues to be very much in demand. During the past week I have shown a number of prospective buyers about Fruitvale, many of who will undoubtedly purchase homes and locate here. I am at present arranging the final details of an

important sale, and have many smaller ones pending. Fruitvale real estate is still moving to the front and the market promises to keep up.

CHARLES F. LEE.

Charles F. Lee, Fruitvale—There is an increasing demand for houses in Fruitvale, which can only be supplied by a building boom. Building has been constantly going on in this district for the past year, but it cannot keep pace with the demand. Several contractors have erected as many as twenty new houses on speculation. These places were rented before the paint was dry and still I am besieged with inquiries from people who would reside here if they could find houses.

LIVERMORE.

M. G. Callahan, Livermore—We have had another good week in the real estate market of the Livermore Valley, and we expect it to continue to improve. There are calls for all kinds of realty, both in the town of Livermore and in the valley. While none of our sales have been big, there have been a number of small ones, which prove that the market is active. The demand for houses continues to be greater than the supply, and considerable building is going on.

PLEASANTON.

E. C. Vandervoort, Pleasanton—Pleasanton property continues to be in great demand and we are negotiating small sales every day. There have not been any big deals put through recently, but several are pending and we look for some important transfers in the near future. The market continues active and this is due, in a large measure, to the prospects of excellent crops in this vicinity this year.

GREAT BARGAINS AT

SMITH'S NEXT WEEK.

What Smith? Why, William Smith, the ready-to-wear clothing, at the northeast corner of Washington and Tenth streets. He now has in stock one of the best invoices of ready-made clothing for men and boy ever shown in Oakland, and that is saying a good deal. You can be convinced of the fact if you take the time to call and inspect the splendid and varied line he is now disposing of at such reasonable figures. Mr. Smith has a corps of obliging clerks that are ever ready to show the bargains they have on hand to the prospective buyer. You will find it to your interest to inspect the line of clothing, furnishing goods, etc., before purchasing elsewhere. It is not bargains for a day here, but all the year around.

ECZEMA POSITIVELY CURED.

Or no charge; one treatment free. Prof. Shipley, skin specialist, 1296 Market st.



THE Owl's Prices

The Owl Drug Co. was the first Drug Store on the Pacific Coast to set the pace in cut-rate selling. The first to favor the sick room by low prices.

Cut Rates on Prescriptions

Not patent medicines alone are sold at cut rates. All prescription prices are cut to the very lowest, and the most competent pharmacists at the best wages are employed to fill all prescriptions.

You will make no mistake by buying at the Owl Drug stores.

Anita Cream	35c
Follows Syrup	50c</

THE LATEST NEWS

SONS OF RICH MEN IN A SWELL DISGRACEFUL AFFAIR. CHINESE COMING.

They Brutally Beat a Legislator and Throw Him out of a Hack—Will Be Arrested.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 14.—John H. Winder, general manager of the Kanawha and Hocking Coal Company; Dan Hanna, son of Senator Hanna; W. A. Clark Jr., son of the Senator from Montana, and others are charged with assaulting Hon. W. G. Caldwell, a member of the Legislature from Ohio county, early today, while the latter was going home from the legislative ball in a cab.

The other men had been at a club during the night, so it is charged. They were on their way to the Kanawha and Michigan depot and wanted a hack.

They hailed the hack in which Representative Caldwell was riding and attempted to enter it.

Caldwell protested and said the hack was his.

Winder, Clark and Hanna are said to have entered the hack and, it is charged, Winder dealt Caldwell a hard blow in the face, rendering him unconscious.

Representative Caldwell was thrown out of the hack and the others took charge of it.

Caldwell was picked up by friends and taken to a hotel in a serious condition.

Winder, Hanna, Clark and others left on a train for Columbus, Ohio.

A warrant for their arrest was sworn out by Caldwell and telegraphed to

Point Pleasant, W. Va., but there has been no response up to this afternoon.

The affair has caused a sensation here.

Representative Caldwell is resting well under the care of physicians. He was badly hurt and may lose an eye.

It is announced that the friends of John H. Winder, in the coal business here, secured the countermanding of the messages for the arrest of the parties and that their private car passed over the Ohio River bridge at Point Pleasant unmolested. The warrants were sworn out by Captain J. B. White.

Winder represents the interests of J. Pierpont Morgan in Ohio and West Virginia and all the coal operators here. It is said, pleaded Winder is here frequently on business, but it was the first visit of Hanna, Clark and the others. It is said that Caldwell's friends will offer a resolution in the House of Delegates inquiring into the reasons for countermanding the order for service of the warrants.

AT COLUMBUS.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 14.—Messrs. Winder and Hanna arrived here over the Toledo and Ohio Central at 2:45 p. m. Mr. Winder was shown the Associated Press dispatch and denied the story in toto. He said that he had not been to a banquet in Charleston and had not seen the man alleged to have been assaulted.

A special from Point Pleasant says Hanna and Winder were locked in their car and thrown out of the car at the point. Before the doors could be broken in, the train pulled across the bridge into Ohio. The special says a warrant was held for Hanna's arrest.

MRS. MCCONNELL PILOT INQUIRY IN WILL FIGHT DIVORCE. SESSION.

Says That Her Husband Must Be More Specific.

She is Charged With Having Male Visitors at Her Home.

TESTIMONY IS BEING TAKEN IN SAN FRANCISCO TO-

DAY.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 14.—The Senate Committee on Commerce and Navigation began its investigation this morning at the rooms of the Police Commission in the Hall of Justice into the charges of bribery, involving Chairman Pratt of the Pilot Commission, Senator Emmons of Kern county conducted the examination. According to the testimony money actually passed between Pilots Anderson and Murphy, at the time Murphy handed in his resignation in favor of the other.

Testimony to this effect came from Captain Thomas H. Barber, who acts as general supervisor of pilotage. When he took the stand, Senator Emmons asked about the case of Pilot Murphy, who, it is alleged, received \$500 for turning his place over to Captain Johnson. Captain Barber said that this amount was placed in his hands by Captain Johnson, being in the shape of a check for \$3,000 and a note for \$2,500. He subsequently turned it over to Murphy.

The first witness summoned was W. S. Leake, manager of the "Call." He was asked what he possessed in the way of direct evidence, and replied that he had heard rumors for some time, but did not know where he had heard them. Some of them came from Mr. Spreckels, he said, and did not propose to allow his work to be interfered with by lawyers. Campbell was told by Chairman Welch that the committee had decided to submit the evidence to the Senate just as it was given in, and did not propose to allow its work to be interfered with by lawyers. Campbell was told by Chairman Welch that the committee had decided to submit the evidence to the Senate just as it was given in, and did not propose to allow its work to be interfered with by lawyers.

That said count is uncertain in that it does not appear what defendant was in the habit of stealing before plaintiff ceased to live with her, whether it was the purse of plaintiff or was she guilty of the offense referred to by Mr. Shakespeare when he said that "He who steals my purse steals trash."

A few years ago Mrs. McConnell and Mrs. Harry Teepie, wife of another conductor, were arrested for stealing numerous jewelry boxes from houses in the vicinity of their home on Fallon street. They forfeited bail. Mrs. McConnell's attorney, George E. de Golia, stated today that he had advised his client to forfeit the bail in order to avoid the notoriety that a trial would necessitate. He states that he knows the family well and that a personal investigation satisfied him that his client was innocent.

McConnell alleged that he discovered that his wife was dishonest, and frequently deceived him; that she had a row with their landlady and they were compelled to move from the premises at 954 Center street; that his wife was visited frequently by gentlemen during his absence.

To these charges the defendant demurs on the ground that the allegations are uncertain, and the demurrer further reads:

"That said count is uncertain in that it does not appear what defendant was in the habit of stealing before plaintiff ceased to live with her, whether it was the purse of plaintiff or was she guilty of the offense referred to by Mr. Shakespeare when he said that 'He who steals my purse steals trash.'"

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McConnell alleged that he discovered that his wife was dishonest, and frequently deceived him; that she had a row with their landlady and they were compelled to move from the premises at 954 Center street; that his wife was visited frequently by gentlemen during his absence.

To these charges the defendant demurs on the ground that the allegations are uncertain, and the demurrer further reads:

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TODAY'S RACES

INGLESIDE RACE TRACK, Feb. 14.—Weather clear track fast. Results:

FIRST RACE.

Imperious, 15 to 1

Bell Reed, 5 to 2

Hippomax, 5 to 1

Time 1:12.

SECOND RACE.

Bearcatcher, 1 to 2

Bombardier, 8 to 1

Golden Mineral, 3 to 1

Time :42½.

THIRD RACE.

Nigrette, even

Lady Kent, 8 to 1

Antioch, 8 to 1

Time 1:42.

WILL ASK COUNCIL

TO INCREASE SALARY FUND

City Treasurer Felton Taylor and City Auditor Breder have drawn up a resolution to be presented to the Council Monday night transferring money from certain funds in the city treasury to the salary fund, so that the salary demands of the city employees for the month of February can be paid.

MARRIED.

STRONG-REFENBURG—Feb. 2, 1902, by the Rev. Father Praught, Dwight Strong of Oakland and Florence Refenburgh of San Francisco.

They Will Create a Stir When They Arrive.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The Chinese news mail just arrived here contains interesting details respecting the suite the new Chinese Minister, Sir Cheng Tung Liang Cheng, is bringing to Washington. This suite comprises seventeen persons and is absolutely unique, not only in size, but in its personality.

Besides these seventeen persons the new Minister is bringing with him, twelve young men, of whom ten are coming to study in America at their own expense, including the grandson and two grand nephews of the Chinese Grand Secretary, Sun Chai Nai, formerly chancellor of the Peking University and Imperial tutor of the present Emperor of China.

The suite referred to differs from that which China sends to any other country, as many of the members are sons of the most distinguished families in the country.

Only a few years ago the Chinese Government considered appointment to a foreign country fit for "second class" people.

STOCKTON, Cal., Feb. 14.—Stockton is experiencing the coldest weather of the season today. This morning the thermometer touched seven degrees below the freezing point. Ice half an inch thick, and water pipes burst in some cases. The frost can do no harm now, but the cold north winds are detrimental to grain interests.

SAVED THE ORANGE.

RIVERSIDE, Cal., Feb. 14.—A strong north wind saved the orange situation last night. The lowest temperature recorded in the valley was 29 degrees above zero. The north is still blowing. No damage has as yet been reported.

COLD IN LOS ANGELES.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 14.—The Government thermometer at the Weather Bureau recorded a minimum temperature for the twelve hours ending at 5 A. M. of 32 degrees, but in many parts of the city where the exposure was greater a greater degree of cold was experienced.

BOWMAN & COMPANY MAKE EXPLANATION.

At the meeting of the Retail Drug Clerks' Association last night, some complaints were expressed regarding some druggists selling patent medicines and other articles after 9 p. m.

Bowman & Company has issued the following to their customers:

"We understand that complaints have been made by some of our competitors, that our night clerk has been selling such articles as infant foods, headache remedies, household necessities and patent medicines after closing our stores at 9 p. m. We are deeply sorry that our night clerk should have been so careless, and we are sorry to inconvenience the physicians of Oakland and our customers, and in some instances, death might result, if they were unable to obtain some needed medicine at night. We are in accord with the Retail Clerks' Association and early closing, and it is our desire to accommodate our customers to the fullest extent, but as the above complaints have been made, we have instructed our night clerk to answer the night bell for physicians prescriptions only. We respectfully request such of our customers who are liable to need infant foods and other household necessities at night to purchase the same before 9 p. m. as otherwise it will be necessary for them to obtain a physician's prescription for the articles desired. Respectfully submitted, 'BOWMAN & COMPANY,' 1109 Broadway."

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ATTEMPTED TO BREAK JAIL.

TIMOTHY SUGRUL WAS UNSUCCESSFUL IN GETTING OUT OF CITY PRISON.

An unsuccessful attempt was made last night by Timothy Sugrue to break out of the City Prison where he is in confinement on a charge of drunkenness. The prisoner secured an iron pipe fitting from the wall of his cell and with this instrument was attempting to pry apart the bars of his cell when the noise attracted the attention of the night jailors and he was placed in another cell and the pipe fitting taken away from him.

He is believed by the authorities to be insane, having been in an asylum at one time. Steps will be taken to have him examined as to his sanity.

COLD SNAP IN THE SOUTH.

WIND PREVENTS DAMAGE TO CROPS IN THE SOUTHERN COUNTRY.

SANTA ANA, Feb. 14.—The coldest snap of the season prevailed in the Santa Ana valley last night, although a brisk northeast wind prevented damage to crops and citrus fruits. Ice half an inch in thickness formed on pools of standing water, and in the neighborhood of El Modena snow fell for a few minutes yesterday afternoon, an almost unprecedented occurrence. Snow is lower on the Santa Ana foothills now than at any time for the past several years. The day has been unusually cold and indications are for a very cold night.

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HE STOPPED THE WHISTLING AND WAS BEATEN.

EDWARD A. OLSEN WILL BE CAREFUL ABOUT HIS KICKS HEREAFTER.

Edward A. Olsen objects to boys whistling in his carpet-cleaning establishment at 524 Second street, but he will probably not show his displeasure in such a forcible way as he did recently when George Boyce, aged 15 years, whistled at his work.

Boyce was whistling "The Star Spangled Banner" as he hammered with a mallet on a window sash he was mending.

"Shut up!" commanded Olsen, kicking the boy to emphasize the command.

Boyce, according to Olsen, quit whistling, but he turned upon his assailant and proceeded to beat a tattoo with a mallet on his head. After the melee Olsen was laid up at his home at Sixth and Telegraph avenue for seven days, being unable to eat during that time. His eye was blackened, his jaw strained and he had a scalp wound seven inches long.

He looked like a survivor of Balaklava when he appeared at the District Attorney's office today and applied for a warrant for the arrest of Boyce on a charge of assault to murder.

Deputy District Attorney Harris refused to draw a complaint on that charge, but issued one for simple battery. From Olsen's own story the boy acted in self defense.

GOOD FEELING ALL AROUND.

THE VENEZUELAN TROUBLE IS NOW A THING OF HIS-TORY.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—In view of the restoration of peace between Venezuela and the allied powers of Great Britain, Germany and Italy, Senator Pulido, the Venezuelan Charge d'Affaires, addressed an appropriate note to the British Ambassador today and later called at the Italian and German Embassies.

Mr. Bowen, as soon as he had cleared up some details with the British Ambassador, paid a farewell call upon Secretary Hay at the State Department and reported the signing of the peace protocols. The two were in conference for some time, and the Secretary congratulated Mr. Bowen heartily upon the success of his mission.

This afternoon the British Ambassador Mr. Bowen will meet the representatives of the allies to draw up and sign some additional papers.

With the consent of the British Ambassador, Mr. Bowen today made public the full text of the British protocol, which was the first of the three conventions signed last night. The Italian and German protocols, while different in phrasing, contain the same provisions with one or two exceptions.

Where the British protocol stipulates that the \$27,500 shall be paid in cash upon the signing of the agreement, the German and Italian protocols provide for the payment of this sum in thirty and sixty days respectively from that date.

The British Ambassador this afternoon sent a note to Mr. Bowen advising him that he had received a cablegram from London to the effect that orders had been issued to at once raise the Venezuelan blockade.

WOMAN BURGLAR IS ARRAIGNED.

Mrs. Lulu Phillips, who is accused of having robbed a number of rooms in the Pleasant Rooming House, Fourteenth and Washington streets, was in the prisoner's dock in the Police Court this morning to be arraigned on a charge of burglary. The woman was represented by Attorney Fred W. Venable.

She was set for next Tuesday. As yet the fair prisoner's friends have been unable to produce the \$1,000 bonds necessary for her release and she still occupies a cell in the City Prison.

HE WAS KICKED BY A HORSE.

J. A. Cowell, a teamster, who lives on Thirteenth avenue, was found unconscious in a stable at Taylor's coal yard at the foot of Franklin street, where he is employed, this morning.

His nose was badly swollen, and as he was lying back of a fractional horse it is believed that he was kicked in the face by the animal.

Cowell was removed to the Receiving Hospital, where it was found that his bones were broken. He was treated and later removed to his home.

ROHAN DID NOT KNOW THE LADY.

John Rohan, the well known coal merchant, says that his brother was never married to any of the Semler girls and never knew Mrs. Lulu Phillips, who has been arrested for larceny. The mention of his name in connection with the case was an error.

CREELY A CANDIDATE AND HENNEBERRY OUT

Attorney James H. Creely of 1808 Myrtle street has filed his certificate of nomination for Councilman from the Second ward.

James Henneberry, who was nominated on the Democratic ticket for Councilman from the Fourth ward, has filed with the City Clerk his notification of withdrawal from the contest.

MAKES COMPROMISE FOR SMALL SUM.

Mrs. Elizabeth Schmidt, as administratrix of the estate of her late brother, Peter Enrich, who was killed by a train, has been allowed to compromise her \$50,000 damage suit against the Southern Pacific Company for \$100.

In her petition Mrs. Schmidt states that she and a brother, Jacob, who lives in Germany, are the only ones of the deceased and that neither of them were dependent upon him. For that reason, she alleges, the damages would be nominal.

POWDERED GLASS IN HIS STOMACH.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 14.—A second examination of the stomach of Jacob P. Sieger, the Kansas traveler man, who was found dead in a rooming-house here on Thursday, has disclosed a teaspoonful of powdered glass. The doctor, who is still stronger inclined to the belief that Sieger was murdered for his money. It is also reported that there is a woman in the case, who might have prompted the murder through jealousy. Sieger was to have been married to a Kansas woman within two weeks. The three bell-boys last seen with Sieger, are still being held on suspicion of having knowledge of the crime.

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HOME RULE IN GET-RICH-QUICK RAIDED.

RESOLUTIONS HAVE BEEN FORWARDED TO PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

HONOLULU, T. H., Feb. 6, via San Francisco Feb. 14.—The Home Rule party has sent a number of resolutions to President Roosevelt and others in Washington expressing approval of the recommendations in the Senate Commission's report.

Special reference is made in the resolutions to the establishment of a national leprosy and the application of American land laws to Hawaii. The site for a Federal building recommended at Washington by Commissioner Rustis, and offered to the Federal Government, is opposed on the ground that the price paid on exchange by the territorial government for the land offered for the site was too much.

In referring to the leprosy matter, the Home Rulers say that the settlement is now mismanaged and that the physicians who have to do with it are not competent to treat leprosy.

A son was born on February 1 to Mrs. R. W. Wilcox, wife of the delegate to Congress. The infant died on February 3.

WILL HOLD UP TREES

ASSEMBLYMAN GREER INTRODUCES A NEW BILL IN THE HOUSE.

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 14.—Assemblyman W. W. Greer presented a bill in the House

OAKLAND TRIBUNE

Tribune Publishing Company

William E. Dargie, President

PENSIONING EX-SLAVES.

It is unfortunate that Senator Hanna should have galvanized into life the project to pension all the ex-slaves. It is surprising that a man of sound judgment should not see the impossibility—nay the absurdity of the thing. It is a mischievous proposition, for it raises hopes that can never be realized, and furnishes material for demagogues and political grafters to work upon.

Even now ignorant colored people in different parts of the country have become excited over the matter, and sharpers are getting them to contribute small sums toward pushing the bill through Congress. When the question was up before large sums were collected in this way from the deluded blacks. The money of course was simply pocketed by the fellows who collected it. Senator Hanna has unintentionally given a pretext for working this old dodge again.

Aside from the enormous expenditures it would entail for many years to come, the proposition to pension the ex-slaves has no justification in our public policy. It is opposed to the theory on which all pensions are at present granted. Soldiers and sailors are pensioned because of services they have performed for the nation, and for wounds and disabilities incurred in rendering such service. Their widows are pensioned on the same general ground. Widows of deceased statesmen left in poverty are sometimes pensioned because of the services given the nation by their husbands. The underlying idea of our whole pension system is that of requiring service to the nation.

There can be no application of this principle to the proposition to grant pensions to ex-slaves. They have rendered no service to the nation. They are not the widows or orphans of anybody who did serve the nation. That many of them are aged, helpless and in want is true, more's the pity; but there are many whites aged, helpless and in want, and the government will not pension them—could not, if the people would. Poverty is no title to a pension.

The only argument in favor of the scheme is that the proposed pensioners were once slaves and slavery is wrong. The nation was not responsible for that wrong; at least the great mass of those who would be taxed to pay the pensions were innocent of complicity in it. They neither instituted, justified nor profited by slavery. They are now paying heavily for abolishing the institution in which they had no share. Those who did profit by slavery were ruined by it.

The chief objection to the scheme, however, is that it would pauperize and degrade the negroes in the South for generations to come. The black man is just emerging from the state of dependence in which the abolition of servitude left him. It took a long time to make him see the degradation of begging and the criminality of taking what did not belong to him. Slavery imbued him with the idea (not altogether erroneous) that he had in some sort a common interest in the produce of his master's plantation, albeit he had to get his share surreptitiously. Slavery also taught him that it was all right to ask for whatever he wanted. Thus the negro has been weighted down ever since he has been a free man by the twin inheritances of mendacity and petty larceny. However indulgent these moral lapses may be viewed, there is no gainsaying that their prevalence saps elevated character, thrift, industry and independence.

To pension the whole body of ex-slaves would be to promote ineffable wretchedness in the future. It would be a grievous curse to the Southern States in an economic sense, but the effect on negro character would be bad beyond computation. Pensions would simply add idleness to poverty, and inculcate in the mind of the black man—always impressionable and prone to ease and self-indulgence—the baneful idea that it is the duty of the government to support him, and that he need not work when the government will feed him. We are familiar with the blighting effect this policy has had upon the Indian. It will be worse with the negro.

"Though Mr. Rockefeller's stomach be in a wretched state, his gall is in prime condition," says the Salt Lake Tribune. His telegrams to United States Senators to defeat the anti-trust bill is evidence of that. His gall seems to be considerably enlarged, as is frequently the case with dyspeptic persons.

There is nothing in the political situation to cause excitement or alarm. The Republican ticket is composed of good men whose declarations of policy are satisfactory. They will be elected, and that seems to be assurance enough.

President Castro many now dissipate his pleasing anticipation of Venezuela's creditors fighting it out among themselves.

Fresno claims to have plenty of "raisins" why the State Capital should be moved down there. They are mostly cartoons, though.

THE POLL TAX.

The Sacramento Record-Union says the poll tax is not oppressive. A tax does not have to be oppressive in the sense that it is burdensome to the mass of individuals to be inequitable and unjust. Poll tax is literally a head tax. It is a tax on the individual and not on the property or the earnings of property. It is a tax on the right to live in the country. Using the proceeds to maintain schools and roads does not change its character nor render it more justifiable as an impost. It is a relic of feudalism, and is foreign to our institutions.

Despite the assertion of our Sacramento contemporary's assertion, it is oppressive in many instances. It is evaded by those to whom payment is least burdensome and exacted from those least able to pay it. Workingmen are compelled to pay it, no matter how short a time they have been employed or how badly their families need the money, for employers are held responsible for the poll tax of employees and are authorized to withhold the amounts from wages. Thus the law makes every employer a collector—a sorry and shameful thing in a free country. No other tax is collected in such arbitrary fashion. Thus ruthless methods are adopted to enforce collection of tax levied on the right to exist.

Nevertheless there is small chance of poll-tax being abolished. People are so accustomed to it that they regard it as a disagreeable, but necessary institution, to be endured as other disagreeable experiences are endured. They don't examine it very closely, nor inquire into its origin.

Their fathers paid poll tax and so do they—when they can't beat it. While not disposed to rebel at the tax, the average man rather feels a sense of having done something worthy when he evades payment.

INCREASING JUDICIAL SALARIES.

A wrong impression has become current about the proposed increase in the salaries of judges. It is generally believed that the judges now in office would have their salaries increased. That is an error. It is true that the constitution could be amended so as to permit judges drawing increased salaries during their present terms, but no increases can possibly be granted for the next two years.

But why should not judges now in office have their salaries increased if there is to be an increase in salaries? To deny an increase to a justice of the Supreme Court whose term has many years yet to run, while giving it a man newly elected would be manifestly unfair and unjust.

It seems to be generally conceded that the pay of the judiciary is inadequate, but there is difficulty in arranging the details of the proposed increase. The chief objection comes from the poorer and more sparsely populated counties, where litigation is comparatively unimportant in the financial sense, and where judges are not kept very busy. This objection is given point by the clause of the constitution requiring each county to have a Superior Judge, whether he has much or little to do. Thus the county of Alpine, with less than a hundred voters has its Superior Judge, presiding in grave dignity for perhaps thirty days in the year.

However, this objection could be met by a constitutional amendment that would classify salaries according to the classification of counties. Because Plumas, Alpine, Del Norte, Mariposa, Mono, Sierra and Trinity want low salaries judges is no reason why judges in the wealthy and important counties should not be adequately paid.

MINISTER BOWEN'S VICTORY.

It is a credit to the civilized sentiment of the age that terms of settlement have at last been agreed upon between Venezuela and the allied powers. A resort to drastic measures on the part of the allies would have meant a devastating war, into which other powers would certainly have been drawn. A waste of blood and treasure would have resulted, for the harsher Venezuela was used the less able she was to pay, and the United States would not allow the allies to recoup themselves by seizing Venezuelan territory. In effect the attitude of this country was a command to settle by arbitrate.

Minister Bowen understood the situation from the start, and played Venezuela's hand with consummate boldness and skill. He has won every point in the game against the veteran diplomatists of Europe. It is flattering to American national pride that we have men holding inferior positions in the diplomatic service capable of meeting on equal ground and vanquishing them, the ablest ministers of England and Germany. Mr. Bowen's chief characteristics throughout the diplomatic struggle were candor and courage. He took a firm tone from the start and did not mince words. The gratifying outcome is greatly to his honor.

The Unspeakable Turk has got to a pass where he will have to speak out or get out.

THE NEGRO AND THE SOUTH.

At the recent anniversary celebration of the Union League club in New York, Secretary Root took occasion to show how little ground there is for the violent outcry against the President in the South for appointing colored men to office. Mr. Root pointed out that President Roosevelt had appointed fewer colored men to office in the South than either McKinley, Harrison or Hayes, yet not a tithe of the abuse heaped on him was vented on his predecessors. He also showed that it has been the past custom for colored Federal officers in Washington to attend the President's official receptions, but a similar attendance on one of President Roosevelt's receptions had provoked an angry outburst from a thousand newspapers.

Continuing, he said: "Now, I am not discussing the question; I am merely showing that the blacks have to face a changed state of feeling in the South—that is, that the right to aspire to office under the Federal Government, which was formerly unquestioned, is now questioned, and it is probably but a matter of time, not so very long a time, when the overwhelming sentiment of the white man will succeed in excluding the black from all of the offices in the Southern States."

By implication Mr. Root touches upon a phase of public sentiment in the South that has not been generally noticed in other sections. This is the growing feeling of antagonism between the whites and the blacks born since the abolition of slavery. There is a much better feeling between the older members of both races than between the members of the younger generation. The negro born and reared in freedom is a different individual from his parents, who were born and bred in servitude. He has different ideas and aspirations, and altogether a different conception of his status in society. He not only fails to exhibit the deference to whites shown by the older generation, but he is frequently aggressive in manifesting his lack of it. He is prone to regard the Southern white man as his enemy.

On the other hand the white man regards him as altogether above his business, and has as little to do with him as possible. White men don't want to employ negroes who are not content to remain in a state of social inferiority. Southern speakers and newspapers invariably draw a distinction between the black man who was once a slave, and the black man born free, to the latter's disparagement. All this indicates the unpleasant fact that the two races are assuming an attitude of personal hostility toward each other. It is a condition that requires careful and considerate treatment.

THE TAX RATE.

While the necessity for rigid economy in the administration of the State's affairs for the next two years must be admitted, it should be borne in mind that it is poor policy to cut too close to the rind. We have had a tax rate of 38.2 for two years, when it should not have been below 45. In consequence there is an impending deficiency in the treasury while the various public institutions are in need of delayed improvements. The San Francisco Chronicle, says the tax rate should not be above \$1 for the two ensuing fiscal years. This would be 50 cents for each year if divided equally. But the financial statement prepared by Mr. Melick, Secretary of the State Board of Examiners, clearly shows that 55 cents is the lowest possible rate that can be imposed with a consistent regard for the public interests.

The taxpayers have been paying less for their government than it cost, and they are now called upon to make good past deficiency as well as place the administration on a solvent self-supporting basis. The condition is a little hard, but there is no use in continuing to cut your coat too small because some one else cut it several sizes smaller. It is best to look at what is being accomplished rather than at the tax rate.

It is useless to expect too much from Governor Pardee in the way of keeping down the rate of taxation. He is pledged as much to wise and efficient administration as he is to economy, and the fulfillment of the two pledges must be made to fit in together. The best he can do is to use the pruning knife judiciously. The needs of the State must be provided for as nearly as possible without letting the tax rate get too high. It is idle to blink the issue. Governor Pardee has taken office at a time when the State's finances are in exceedingly bad shape. The public understands the situation and knows he is not responsible for it. Moreover, the people realize that a considerable increase in the tax levy is necessary. They are resigned to it because they are confident the Governor will not allow it to go higher than the necessities of the case require, and are also confident that the money to be raised by it will be wisely and economically expended.

Senator Ralston evidently does not look on the letter he received from E. G. Lukens as a valentine, although it is conceded to be pretty hot stuff.

Some of the fellows who are howling about the strait jacket are opposed to anything that is straight.

THE BALLOT MACHINE BILLS.

What has become of the several bills before the Legislature to authorize the use of ballot machines in elections? Have they got lost in the shuffle or thrown aside for something fresher or fuller of sensational interest? There is a deal of expedition in measures intended to put somebody in or out of office, but matters which concern the whole people and gravely affect the integrity of elections are only feebly and tentatively urged.

The swarm of contests that followed the recent election illuminated the wisdom of adopting the amendment permitting the Legislature to legalize the use of ballot machines. Every recount was an urgent exhortation for the Legislature to give speedy force and effect to that amendment, and when the Legislature assembled something like half a dozen bills to that purpose were introduced. They were all referred to committees, and there the matter has rested up to this time.

When the bills were referred it was given out that the Senate Committee would report a composite bill embodying the better features of all the proposed measures. This was satisfactory. It sounded well, and looked like a practical method of getting a ballot-machine law free from weak points and objectionable features. There is not the slightest reason to doubt the good faith of the committee, but it is not amiss to remind the members that the session is half gone and if a law is to be enacted it must be started on its passage soon.

It is to be hoped that some action will speedily be taken toward freeing our election machinery from the glaring imperfections that at present render it so abortive.

The Comic Muse.

The reads are not passable,
Not even jackassable,
And the people who travel them
Should turn out and gravel them.
—Sturdy Corner (O.) Gazette.

The weather signs are all for snow,
And so it's plain
(The way this winter seems to go),
We'll have some rain.
—Philadelphia Press.

ORIGINAL GIRL.
She's quite original, they say,
A blythe and winsome elf;
She plays Beethoven in a way
He didn't know himself.
—Washington Star.

IT DID.
In the midst of a boundless plain
A man once planted a tree,
"I want to do something," he said,
"That will live long after me."

A stately giant it grew
Amidst the shrubs and the gorse,
And on it the man himself was hanged
One day for stealing a horse.
—Chicago Tribune.

A VALENTINE.
The morning, dear, my valentine,
And your glad eyes upon me;
The stars have all forgot to shine;
The morning, dear, my valentine,
And, oh, your smile to sun me!

The noon, dear, my valentine,
And you to walk beside me;
To eat my bread and drink my wine;
The noon, dear, my valentine,
And still your voice to guide me.

The even, dear, my valentine,
The white night to unfold us,
You eyes to mirror unto mine;
The even, dear, my valentine,
And God's right arm to hold us.
—Ethel M. Kelley, in Smart Set.

SOME PASSING JESTS.

Hal—"Is there anything the matter with this egg, Martha?"
Martha—"Oh, no; it's only a little cracked."

Hal—"Oh, then, would the chicken that came out of it be a little mad?"

"Did you see anything?" whispered the burglar on guard, as his pal emerged from the window.

"Naw, de bloke wot lives here is a lawyer," replied the other in disgust.

"Dat's hard luck," replied the first; did you lose anything?"—Washington Post.

Wife—"A woman's work is never done. Husband—"You have anticipated me, dear. That shirt of mine still lacks its needed buttons."—Richmond Dispatch.

The Flamingo—"I wonder what the parrot has been jabbering about for the last half hour?"

The Sparrow—"He has been telling that reporter that he has nothing to say."

"Murphy had courage."
"He did."

"Yis; wahn th' cannon ball blew his head off, phwat did he do?"
"Phwat did he do?"

"Phoy, he turned aroun' awn asked th' corporal for a glass of whiskey."—London Daily News.

NEXT MORNING PHILOSOPHER.
It is a great mistake not to correct one.

Great physical strength is no longer a necessity in the race of life.

When fools are permitted to make the laws, wise men must suffer the consequences.

About half the ills of life are imaginary, and most of the remainder are greatly exaggerated.

You often find a man who literally beats the world, at least that portion of it with which he comes in contact.

WITH THE BOOKMEN.

The Baltimore Sun says some sarcastic things of the use of books as furniture in the ordinary house. In every home which makes pretense to any degree of refinement there is a corner with its case (or at least a few shelves) which enshrines a greater or less number of volumes, rarely arranged with any regard for the color effect of the bindings, the variegation of which is equalled by nothing else in the world except it be a rag carpet. Even the people who never read and no longer purchase books retain in the "sitting-room" a staid memorial of former days, when never-to-be-realized intentions as to self-education were enthusiastic. This memorial ordinarily takes the form of an oak or a mahogany contrivance, with glass doors, provided with lock and key. The latter has in all probability long since been lost, which accident occasioned no concern, for it is recognized that in case of a burglary the contents of this receptacle are entirely safe from molestation. If the key had been mislaid subsequent to the fastening of the lock no one would have been put to any considerable, or at least to any frequent, inconvenience, owing to the lack of replacement. On the glass-protected shelves there rests in undisturbed repose the family library, oftentimes, owing to a natural intuition for the proprieties of classification, accompanied by a curious collection of shells, corals and fossilized remains. The library consists of certain grammars and algebras, which reversed as they are by reason of being reminiscent of the owner's early efforts to storm the forts of learning, fall to revive by the familiar sight of their covers any clear recollection of their contents. Accompanying these the few nondescript novels, long since deservedly forgotten to the world, except as they are seen in such caches as here described, or mentioned in the most exhaustive encyclopedia of literature. There will also be a Shakespeare, a set of Dickens and others of the English masters to the number and in a binding somewhat corresponding to the well-to-do-ness of the householder. There will also be an encyclopedia of some remote vintage, the habitual use of which has long since been discarded, as the matters on which any one would be likely to consult an encyclopedia were unknown at the time of its publication. Last, but not least in bulk and substantiality of manufacture, is the family Bible.

The practice of calling upon noted people for a list of books which have influenced them, or for which they entertain a peculiar affection, is becoming too general, says the New York Tribune, to receive comment. But one of the nearest replies to that sort of question appears in "T. P. S. Weekly" for December 26. This youngster among periodicals had been sending to prominent men to know what books they had cared for most in their childhood. "The Pilgrim's Progress," "Robinson Crusoe," and a host of commonplace classical titles were poured into these personal paragraphs, together with an occasional book that few old readers would have heard of, and that had happened into the child's hand by accident. The cool draught in this desert comes from Professor Skeat, of Cambridge university. "I am not prepared with any answer," he writes. "I did not know when I was young that I should be expected to reply to such a question."

Henry Seton Harriman (Hugh Scott), author of "The Vultures," will not permit the publication of his portrait, and the nearest idea the public has of his appearance is gathered from the statement that he resembles Robert Louis Stevenson. "Really," remarked a friend of this author, "if Scott would turn down his collar, and his hair (which he wears boot-brush fashion), the likeness to R. L. S. would be striking." He is further described as tall and long-limbed, careless as regards clothes, lazy as regards movement, with the same sharpness of feature and brilliancy of eye that suggested delicacy in Stevenson; the same humorous curve of the mouth—and in rare moments of self-abandon there is the same tragic look of doom.

The poet laureate of England is rather daring in putting his blank verse drama, "Flodden Field," on the stage, to be played by Beerbohm Tree. The very little seems to invite satire, and it is a tremendous compliment to the Scotch that Flodden should be a synonym for victory, but for defeat, just as it is a tribute to Napoleon's infernal genius that even in English Waterloo means not Wellington's triumph, but the emperor's fall. No one writing in any language would dream of calling a brilliant victory a Waterloo.

Sidney Whitman, whose "Personal Reminiscences of Prince Bismarck" is about to be issued by D. Appleton & Co., is now the only living Englishman who was in any sense intimate with the great Iron Chancellor. During the last seven years of Bismarck's life Mr. Whitman visited him at least ten times and arrived for the last visit a few hours after Bismarck's death. Of the dozen persons outside of the family who saw the dead statesman Mr. Whitman was one.

It was expected that Sir Gilbert Parker's dramatization of his novel, "The Right of Way," would be produced by Charles Frohman this season. Mr. Frohman recently received a cable from Sir Gilbert to the effect that Parliamentary and other duties had prevented the completion of the play. It is Mr. Frohman's intention to produce the play next season, with William Faversham in the role of Charley Steele.

George Wharton James, explorer, ethnologist, lecturer and author of "In and Around the Grand Canyon," is at work on a book devoted to "The Indians of the Painted Desert Region." The story of the domestic life, superstitions and dances of these Indians will be considered.

Frances Charles, the young San Francisco author whose "In the Country God Forgot" was favorably received a year ago, has written "The Siege of Youth," a story of the present day with its scene in San Francisco. It deals with art and journalism.

New volumes in the "Miniature Paint-

ers" are "Lord Leighton," and "Holman Hunt," by George C. Williamson, and "Greece," by Harold Armitage.

The Century Company will soon bring out a book on "Winter India," by Eliza R. Soldmore, whose books on Java and China are interesting reading.

The Harpers are to publish a new novel by Basil King, "The Garden of Charity," the heroine of which is a maiden of Nova Scotia, married to a sailor, who goes off to the wars and does not return for 11 years.

Chips From Other Blocks.

We want Canada to recognize our claim to all territory lying south of the St. Lawrence. Will she submit this matter to arbitration? When she does we will consent to "arbitrate" over her attempted grab at our territory in Alaska.—Brooklyn Eagle.

A Cleveland minister says that the modern prayer meeting lacks "juice." If the observation is based on the absence of the old-time "hurray" we can name several kinds of juices which might remedy the defect.—Chicago Post.

The clergymen of Ohio have resolved to

tell only the truth; at funeral sermons hereafter. Unless Ohioans are very much better than people in all the rest of the country a great many Ohio funerals will have to be conducted without sermons, or there'll be riots.—Houston Chronicle.

J. P. Morgan's statement that his debts exceed in value his taxable goods and chattels brings to light one of the saddest instances of hitherto unsuspected poverty on record.—New York World.

The motto, "Don't give up the ship," did not originate with Admiral Crowninshield, but he worked it for all it was worth before he retired from the quarter deck of the Illinois.

Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes Jr., of the United States Supreme Court, hands down a decision in favor of the copyright validity of circus posters, and in doing so quotes Ruskin. Evidently his Honor is a chip off the old block.—Charlotte (N. C.) Observer.

Minnesota has joined Virginia in its assault upon the liberties of free kissing. A bill has been introduced into the Legislature prohibiting osculation without a physician's certificate. It looks as if the doctors were behind this agitation.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

CAME TRUE

A Very Remarkable Series of Prophecies by the Marvelous Ismar.

For years Ismar, the great Egyptian psychic and seeress, has resided in San Francisco, and the wonderful gift of prophecy she possesses has been veri-

is not able to bring within the range of her prophetic vision.

Last year she prophesied the sinking of the Walla, Walla, and the Rio de Janeiro; the great wreck of a train in Texas, where a number of people were killed; the result of the local elections, and many other similar happenings of importance. She foretold the wrecking of the Owl train a few weeks ago and later the terrible train disaster in Arizona.

One of the most prominent and successful business men in San Francisco said a few days ago that some of his greatest financial successes were the result of Ismar's advice. Her advice in any of the affairs of life is of incalculable value. HER PROPHECIES INvariably Come TRUE.

She has been the means of restoring loved ones to one another, of locating lost ones, of bringing fortune and happiness to thousands of men and women and giving most valuable information in clearing up mysteries.

Her readings are strictly private and confidential. Three questions answered by mail for \$1.00. Full life reading, \$5.00. She can be consulted daily from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sundays 10 to 12 m. Office the Vendome, 1104 Market Street, San Francisco. Phone whether trivial or important—that she Mint 3681.

Sewing Machines

AT LESS THAN... HALF PRICE

TIME is drawing near for our removal to our new store, 531 Twelfth Street. We don't want to take any stock with us that was in our old store at the time of the fire.

We have about twelve reliable Sewing Machines; boxes may not be perfect but machines are in practical order; will sell at

\$10.00

Many excellent Sewing Machines; several good makes; all worth from \$25.00 to \$35.00; will sell for

\$15.00

SARGEANT Fire Sale Store 607 San Pablo Ave.

TEMPORARY OFFICE: 461 TWELFTH ST.

Baseballs and Bats for Boys

Do you know that we have made so many additions to our Athletic and Sporting Department that we are recognized as the Headquarters for this County.

The outdoor season is now opening up and you should see our Sporting Goods—all reliable, too, and at the most reasonable prices.

FISHING TACKLE

so perfect that it adds largely to the contents of your bag.

PIERCE HARDWARE CO.

1108-1110 BROADWAY

POLITICIANS ARE LOOKING FAR AHEAD.

Congressional Candidates Are Being Discussed—Metcalf is Invincible in Third District—Consul Ragsdale Here.

BY GEO. F. HATTON.

(Special to the TRIBUNE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 14.—Although the customary host of embryo Governors has not been revealed in this Legislature to date, those who are keeping a watchful eye upon what is going on, are satisfied that some of the members are pointing their caps that way and are willing to travel by very devious routes in order to reach the goal.

Naturally enough, everybody wants to know whether or not Senator Flint has abandoned his ambitions in that regard. While the topic is one that is rarely discussed in his presence in view of the recent unpleasantness, the impression prevails that Flint has had enough for a while at least, and will not attempt to block the roadway for those who will aspire to succeed Dr. Pardee.

Senator Flint's position in politics was, of course, by no means strengthened by the attitude he assumed in the recent Senatorial campaign, but he doubtless figured that he knew his own business better than anyone else did and hence can dispense whatever blame is attached to the situation as far as he personally is concerned. However that may be, the indications are that Flint will not be a candidate for Governor four years hence.

It is becoming very evident, though, that Lieutenant Governor Anderson will. All his political moves of late show a desire on his part to be on friendly terms with the organized politics of the State, and as he also has many close alliances with the other elements, he will, barring accidents, be a formidable candidate for executive when the time comes around.

CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES.
It is too early, though, to begin discussing gubernatorial possibilities before the recently-elected Governor has had even a good chance to warm the executive chair, and the subject is merely referred to in connection with the aspirations of some of the legislators. Nearer at hand and of more importance at this time are the plans that are being laid in some quarters to land in Congress two years from now.

Arthur Fisk, Speaker of the Assembly, for an example, will, almost to a certainty, seek the nomination in the Fifth district from which Loud will retire on March 4th next. William Wynn, who defeated the present Congressman, but beyond doubt be accorded the Labor and Democratic nominations again, and it is this fact that makes Fisk think he will have a comparatively easy time landing in Congress, if he can but get his name upon the ticket. The way things are going now his prospects are excellent, for the new political organization that is being perfected in San Francisco will be solidly behind Fisk, which almost ensures him the nomination. At the polls, there is little to fear, for the district is strongly Republican, and will be more so than usual in 1904, as the Presidential campaign is on the programme for that year.

Loud's defeat is an old story now, but reference to it is necessary in order to show the weakness of the position occupied by Wynn. Before the nominations were given out prior to the recent election, the fierce fight being waged against Loud by the labor elements gave good indication of what was to come, and in addition to those troubles Loud also had to face considerable disaffection in his own ranks. Wynn was not elected, therefore, upon the issues that will be in the balance next year, and as he is not likely to cut a very wide swath in Congress during the next session, he will have little political armament with which to enter the arena against so well equipped an antagonist as Fisk will be.

WILL CONTEST DANIELS.

Major Frank Prescott of Redlands is regarded as another strong Congressional possibility. He wanted to enter the fight last time, when the great triangular duel occurred between Nutt of San Diego, Daniels of Riverside and Smith of Kern, but he was persuaded by his friends to forego his ambitions for a time and turn his lance in another direction. This he did with the result that he landed in the Assembly, which he now justly considers is a vantage point from which to seek vent for his Congressional aspirations.

There will not be a very easy path for Major Prescott to travel along, but he intends to get to work as soon as the Legislature adjourns and is promised backing in many quarters that appear to be promising of result. Daniels of Riverside won as a consequence of the fight made by certain interests to keep Smith

out of Congress, and also because those who were making Flint's fight for Governor in the Southern counties wanted to take a whack at Smith. Their grievance was that Smith had not secured the Kern county delegation for them, and the upshot was that in attempting to get even with him, they lost their own prizes, for Kendall of San Bernardino was beaten for the State Board of Equalization by Smith's friends in return for the attitude of that county's delegation towards the man from Kern.

There was a bad mix-up, too, in San Diego county, where Collier, Luce and Nutt fought it out for the local delegation. So, between all the stools that fell to the ground, Daniels finally succeeded in picking his way to the Congressional seat and will at least enjoy one term at the Capital. He may make his tenure permanent, but he will not do so without a very lively struggle, for some of the politicians down that way are already at work endeavoring to head him off next year.

Major Prescott knows of this clash of influences all along the line and if matters work out right he will get into the fight and try and line-up San Bernardino county as a starter. Collier of San Diego says that he is going to try it again in any event, so whether Prescott ultimately decides to run or not, the Eighth district is bound to witness another lively scrimmage for the nomination.

IN THE FIRST.

Senator Salvage of Humboldt has apparently not yet made up his mind as to whether or not he will once more try conclusions with Gillette for the Congressional nomination in the First district. It all depends upon the way certain influences concentrate during the next few months and then if Salvage is not inclined to fight Gillette again he will be an aspirant for another term in the State Senate.

COOMBS MAY TRY AGAIN.

At present writing there is no apparent candidate in legislative circles for the Congressional nomination in the Second district. As a matter of fact, there is no particular Republican mentioned for it at all just now, though a rumor has been quietly getting around during the past few days to the effect that, despite all that has been said to the contrary, Frank Coombs will endeavor to land back at Washington. Most people will be inclined to discredit this rumor as to Coombs' intentions, but it comes from sources that must be given consideration and until he gives flat denial to this latest story, it will be believed by many. Among those recently mentioned in connection with the nomination in the event that Coombs is not a candidate is Duncan McKinlay, whose legal residence is still in Sonoma county. McKinlay says that while he has been urged by many of his friends to get into the fight, he has no present intention of doing so. His ambitions apparently are to be Attorney General of the State, and he will fight it out with Webb next time that particular piece of pie is placed upon the counter.

Sacramento, though, can be relied upon to trot out a candidate this time, and judging by the talk about Secretary of State Curry, it would not be surprising to see him a full-fledged aspirant before many months pass by. There is a bill before the Legislature prohibiting office-holders from becoming candidates for any other positions than to succeed themselves, and if it should become a law, Curry will undoubtedly drop out of the Congressional category, for he would not feel like discarding a certainty for a probability. Otherwise, though, he may run.

METCALF IS INVINCIBLE.

The Third Congressional district is never considered when these matters are being discussed, for the reason that every one concedes it to Victor Metcalf as long as he wants to hold it. Should he ever step aside though, there will be candidates galore, for Senator Lukens of Oakland and Senator Belshaw of Contra Costa would both like a Washington experience if the opportunity should offer.

IN KAHN'S DISTRICT.

If Kahn succeeds in unseating Livernash he will be given the nomination in the Fourth once more. Should, however, he fail to do so there are indications that other candidates will be trotted out, many being desirous of seeing Sam Shortridge make the run. Kahn will, of course, be subjected to a fierce fight on the part of the labor elements, no matter which way the Livernash contest goes, and some of

the Republicans say that it would be infinitely better to pick up a new man rather than invite the trouble that is stacked up for Kahn in the Fourth district.

THE NEEDHAM DISTRICT.

Needham seems safe enough in the Sixth district, though there are rumors abroad that a Republican will be trotted out against him next time from San Joaquin county. Needham, however, is an adept at taking care of his district and during the next two years will do a whole lot of the kind of politics that secures him the support of the Democratic San Joaquin. He is a hard worker and pays attention to the many details of the district, and it is this sort of thing that builds up a Congressman and in time makes him almost invincible.

There is some talk, though, that Needham is setting his cap at the judgeship of the new Federal Court that is to be created in California. Although the details of the bill are not yet completed, enough is known about it to make it reasonably certain that it will pass at the next session of Congress. There would have been no hitch to it this time had the bill called for a Circuit Court instead of a District one, and this difficulty will be met next session by compromising with the various interests involved.

AS TO M'LACHLAN.

Congressman McLachlan of Los Angeles is in about the same category as Congressman Metcalf, for he too has such a tight grip upon his district that there seems no possible way in which it can be taken away from him. Each succeeding election finds him returned by an increased vote and if he wants to run for the House again he will probably do so without Republican opposition.

There is a probability, though, that McLachlan will be a candidate for United States Senator two years hence, in which event the banners would be down for all those who aspire to represent the Seventh district in the lower branch of Congress. McLachlan, however, knows his way well around the various political highways and turnpike roads, and unless the Senatorial path seems reasonably clear to him, he will stick to his present route and go back again to his seat in the House.

OFF TO CHINA.

Consul Ragsdale of Tien-Tsin, China, is passing a few days in town preparatory to leaving for his post in the Orient. He expects to get away by the 25th, and meantime he is putting in the hours between here and his old home at Santa Rosa. Incidentally, he is awaiting a dispatch from Washington, for he expects to be advised during the next day or two that his rank has been increased to that of Consul General.

Mr. Ragsdale left China for Washington in order to confer with the Secretary of State regarding changing the grade of the Tien-Tsin Consulate. During the past couple of years, the business there with America has increased so rapidly that the limited scope of an ordinary consulate is insufficient to properly meet it. Furthermore, the other powers have raised the grade of their representatives to that of Consulate General, and unless the United States does likewise, Uncle Sam will have to take more or less a back seat when diplomatic matters crop up there. For these reasons, the Secretary of State is understood to have consented to the advanced rank sought, and as the appointment will require confirmation by the Senate, it will doubtless be sent in before Mr. Ragsdale leaves for China so that he can give the necessary bonds.

As Consul General, our diplomatic representative at Tien-Tsin will have two others consuls under him, and will be in charge of about one-fourth of the entire Chinese Empire. Speaking of life at this post, Mr. Ragsdale said today that with the vast increase of business between the Orient and the United States, corresponding activity can be found throughout the whole of China. At present, Tien-Tsin contains a white colony of 110, consisting mainly of Americans, English, Germans and French. At Peking, the Chinese capital, there are 300 whites. The climatic conditions at Tien-Tsin are very similar to those of the Atlantic States. Snow falls in winter and there are dreary frosts and biting winds. In summer, though, the weather is delightful, and, taken altogether, that part of China is regarded as healthy for white residents.

Cholera prevails there a good deal during the summer months, but very rarely affects the whites. The plague, too, is not regarded with the alarm with which it is viewed over here, its ravages being confined almost exclusively to the native population. Since the war, business has

been brisk and Americans, especially, are opening up the rich fields for commerce that exist throughout the Celestial Empire.

Consul Ragsdale was a member of the California State Senate six years ago, representing Sonoma County in the upper House.

HERE AND THERE.

Thermometers in the Western Addition of the metropolis registered as low as 27 degrees at daybreak yesterday.

Ex-Senator Voorhies has been passing a few days in town. His mining properties in Amador County have been keeping him very busy of late.

The two United States Senators and most of the Congressmen are expected back in California by about the 13th of next month. It is not believed that the talk about an extra session will materialize.

HATTON.

LANGAN AND GRAY AT PEACE.

A peaceful settlement of the differences between Public Administrator George Gray and C. S. Langan, an attorney of Hayward, has been reached.

A conference was had yesterday between the friends of Gray, Langan and George W. Reed, and after mutual explanations the agreement was reached that Mr. Langan and Mr. Reed should be the joint attorneys of Mr. Gray and the office of Mr. Gray should be in the office of Mr. Langan, should he (Mr. Langan) so desire.

The agreement was reached upon a careful review of conversations heretofore had upon the subject, and the misunderstanding seems to have arisen largely because of the illness of Mr. Langan at the time Mr. Gray took office.

PREPARATIONS FOR CARMEN'S BALL.

Great interest is being taken in the ball to be given February 17 in Maple Hall by the Carmen's Social and Benevolent Society.

It will be the sixth annual affair given by the society and the coming one promises to exceed all previous affairs. The tickets to the ball are something novel. They are printed to represent transfers. The date of the ball is punched out and the order of dances is also timed by punch marks.

The hall will be decorated in an original manner and an orchestra will furnish excellent music. It will be one of the events of the season and a large crowd is expected.

The committee on arrangements is as follows: George W. Shahe, chairman; George Crane, W. Miner, P. W. Dutton and William Kruss.

M'KINLEY PARK DEDICATED.

EXCELLENT PROGRAM IS CARRIED OUT IN COUNTRY TOWN.

PLEASANTON, Feb. 14.—McKinley Park was dedicated today with great ceremony. The Foresters had charge of the program. There was a great crowd in attendance.

The tree planting was a great success.

LAURENCE HAY ILL.
Lawrence Hay came home ill from Oakland Tuesday. He is confined to his bed and his condition is considered serious.

MUMPS PREVALENT.
The mumps are epidemic in Pleasanton, and many children are confined to their homes, although no serious cases have been reported. They seem to be of a mild form.

HAS PNEUMONIA.
Willie Lester, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Lester, is very ill with pneumonia. It was thought Thursday he was some better, but he is still very sick.

PERSONALS.
Mrs. Jerome Arnold and her three children, left for Hayward on Wednesday for a visit.

Miss Hattie Hay has returned from Oakland.

James Coughlin was in San Francisco Tuesday.

Miss May Johnson came up from San Francisco Wednesday to visit her parents.

CHINATOWN WILL BE CLOSELY WATCHED

The Chinese quarters of this city are to be closely watched by the City Board of Health to detect any suspicious cases of sickness which may develop.

This is pursuant to the order of the State Board of Health. So far no trace of the bubonic plague has ever been reported in Oakland, but in view of the fact that many Chinese are being smuggled over the Mexican boundary, the State Board of Health deems it wise as a precautionary measure to watch the sick-list of every "Chinatown" in the State. The Health Board held a short meeting last night.

BAROTEAU A CANDIDATE.
ALAMEDA, Feb. 14.—A. A. BarotEAU is a candidate for City Marshal at the election to be held here on April 13.

Pears'

Get one cake of it. Nobody ever stops at a cake.

Pears' soap for toilet, bath and shaving.

Sold all over the world.

Bowman's Drug Store

No "cut rate druggist" undersells us. And we don't EVEN TRY to sell you something else. We are what we pretend to be—absolutely reliable druggists. We not only sell everything at lowest cut rates but your'e sure it's fresh and genuine.

Bromo Quinine	10c	Piso's Cure	15c	Phenyo Caffeine	15c
Peruna	60c	Angier's Emulsion	75c	Lydia Pinkham's	65c
Antiphlogistine (small)	35c	Malvina Cream	30c	Swamp Root (50c size)	35c
Antiphlogistine (75c size)	50c	Labache Powder	30c	Swamp Root (\$1.00 size)	65c
Antiphlogistine (\$1.25 size)	85c	Wizard Oil	35c	Pabst Malt	20c
Garfield Tea	15c	King Discovery	15c	King Discovery	35c
Capillary	35c	Mile's Pills	15c	Hall's Catarrh Cure	50c
Fellows' Syrup	95c	Maltines (all kinds)	75c	Packer's Tar Soap	15c
Swift's Specific, S. S. S.	65c	Trommer's Malt	75c	Warner's Safe Cure	75c
Glycothymoline	75c	Gude's Peptomangan	75c	Pear's Soap	10c

Our customers get the best price and the best goods. You take no chances at Bowman's—

Main Store—1109 Broadway near Twelfth Telephone Main 84 Prompt Free Delivery Branch Stores 14th and Broadway, Cor. 13th Ave. and East 14th Street.

GRAND BALL FOR DECOTO.

NEWS NOTES OF INTEREST FROM THE INTERIOR TOWN.

DECOTO, Feb. 14.—Albert Silva has returned from a trip to San Francisco where he purchased decorations for the grand opening ball of the new hall, which is to be given on Saturday evening, February 14th. A large crowd is expected and music will be furnished by Mojica's orchestra of San Francisco.

PERSONAL NOTES.

M. I. Pimentel, who has been ill has recovered.

Mrs. S. A. Sloper and daughter have gone to Stockton, where they will reside hereafter.

Mrs. A. M. Marston has succeeded in selling her household furniture and will hereafter make her home in Alameda.

Frank Goularts has just returned from Hollister where he was called to attend the funeral of his father.

C. W. Young has recently been suffering with an attack of sciatic rheumatism.

The young men of Decoto have issued invitations for their second annual ball to be given on Saturday evening, February 28th.

J. Schroder and family who have been ill for the past week are now able to be about.

George R. Young made a business trip to San Francisco recently.

Carlton Cane Jr., who has been ill for the past three weeks, has recovered.

The Southern Pacific painters have been very busy for the past few days painting the signal boards at the new Decoto station.

Miss Christina Anderson spent Wednesday in Oakland visiting friends.

Roy Reed, who formerly made his home with his brother, Bert Reed, here, is now employed by the Oakland Transit Company.

Henry Nesmith has recently been confined to his bed with a very severe cold.

D. C. Kelley, the Southern Pacific agent, has been ill for the last few days.

The Decoto farmers are busy hoeing their crops of peas and it is expected that they will begin shipping the vegetable about the 1st of March.

MAY USE WIRELESS ON THE TRAINS

A. L. New, vice-president and general manager of the Continental Wireless Telephone and Telegraph Company, is in San Francisco negotiating with the Southern Pacific Company to place his system in operation at their telegraph stations and on their trains. He claims that it would be the greatest life-saving device ever put into practice by the company and that it would be much more economical than any other system of telegraphy.

Mr. New asserts that on the line which his company has operated between Catalina Island, San Pedro and Avalon there have been 400 words transmitted over a distance of thirty-three miles without a single mistake. He advocates its use on passenger trains to prevent head-on collisions.

STOCK MARKET

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 14.—The following quotations up to noon today are furnished by Bolton, de Ruyster & Co. of 423 California street:

MISCELLANEOUS BONDS.			
	Bid.	Asked.	
Ala Artesian W Co. 57	90		
Bay Counties P Co. 57	100 1/2	101 1/2	
Cal Cen Gas & Elec. 57	106		
Cal Cen Gas & Elec. 57	115 1/2		
C & W Co. 57	104		
Oak Gas Light & Heat. 57	112		
Oak Trans Co. 57	122	123	
Oak Trans. 57	106	107 1/2	
Oak Trans Co. 57	106	107 1/2	
Oak Wat Co. 57	100		
WATER STOCKS.			
Contra Costa	65		
Spring Valley	87	87 1/2	
GAS AND ELECTRIC STOCKS.			
Gen Light & Pow Co.	33	34	
Equit Gas Light Co.	3	3 1/2	
Mut Elec Light Co.	7		
Oak Gas Light & Heat	75		
Pac Gas Improvement	34	35	
Pac Lighting Co.	55 1/2	56	
Sac Elec. Gas & Ry Co.	40		
S F Gas & Elec.	43	43 1/2	
S F Gaslight Co.	4 1/2	5	
Stockton G. & Elec Co.	8		
United Gas & Elec Co.	34 1/2		
INSURANCE STOCKS.			
Fireman's Fund	310		
STREET RAILROAD STOCKS.			
California	136		
Geary	80		
Presidio	40		
POWDER STOCKS.			
Glant Con Co.	65 1/2	67 1/2	
Vigorit	2 1/2	3	
SUGAR STOCKS.			
Hana Plant Co.	44 1/2		
Haw Com & Sug Co.	44 1/2	45	

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WHEN THE PACIFIC HOME CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY INCORPORATED

Will build for you on the co-operative plan Which is less than rent.

Investigate the new plan we offer It will certainly interest you.

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Home Office: Callaghan Bldg., San Francisco

Regular Republican Municipal Ticket

ELECTION, MARCH 9, 1903.

MAYOR	WARREN OLNEY
CITY ATTORNEY	JAMES A. JOHNSON
CITY ENGINEER	FRED C. TURNER
AUDITOR	ARTHUR H. BREED
CITY TREASURER	FELTON TAYLOR
COUNCILMAN-AT-LARGE	B. C. CUVELLIER
COUNCILMAN-AT-LARGE	GEORGE W. DORNIN
COUNCILMAN-AT-LARGE	JOHN L. HOWARD
COUNCILMAN-AT-LARGE	G. E. AITKEN
COUNCILMAN, FIRST WARD	ALEX McADAM
COUNCILMAN, SECOND WARD	A. H. ELLIOT
COUNCILMAN, THIRD WARD	GEORGE FITZGERALD
COUNCILMAN, FOURTH WARD	EDWIN MEESE
COUNCILMAN, FIFTH WARD	B. H. PENDLETON
COUNCILMAN, SIXTH WARD	W. J. BACCUS
COUNCILMAN, SEVENTH WARD	J. T. WALLACE
SCHOOL DIRECTOR-AT-LARGE	C. H. REDINGTON
SCHOOL DIRECTOR-AT-LARGE	F. M. HATHAWAY
SCHOOL DIRECTOR-AT-LARGE	L. J. HARDY
SCHOOL DIRECTOR-AT-LARGE	GEORGE W. HUNT
SCHOOL DIRECTOR, FIRST WARD	F. C. CLIFT
SCHOOL DIRECTOR, SECOND WARD	A. H. PRATT
SCHOOL DIRECTOR, THIRD WARD	GEO. E. RANDOLPH
SCHOOL DIRECTOR, FOURTH WARD	DANIEL ROBERTSON
SCHOOL DIRECTOR, FIFTH WARD	JOHN D. ISAACS
SCHOOL DIRECTOR, SIXTH WARD	C. L. WINES
SCHOOL DIRECTOR, SEVENTH WARD	W. J. WILCOX
LIBRARY TRUSTEE	J. A. McPHERSON
LIBRARY TRUSTEE	WALLACE ALEXANDER
LIBRARY TRUSTEE	H. A. GLINES
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CITY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

EDW. T. PLANER, Secretary JOHN W. STETSON, Chairman

THE INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS of Scranton, Pa., have an office at 1016 Broadway, Oakland. Open evenings, B. M. Reidsma, manager.

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VALENTINES

that will be meet

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that will be sweet

Tokens to express thy

thought

At Lehnhardt's only

can be bought

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1159 Broadway

**MRS. REQUA WILL GIVE
A LARGE AFFAIR IN
HONOR OF MISS
GARTHWAITE.**

THE MEDDLER

**MANY LUNCHEONS AND
RECEPTIONS DURING
WEEK—SAN FRAN-
CISCO AFFAIRS.**

MANY LUNCHEONS AND DINNERS.

It almost seems as though all the luncheons and dinners of the season had been crowded into this past week. At any rate there have been a great many of them, and there is no pleasant way in which to entertain the people one likes. There was for one, Hilda Van Sicken's dinner for Martha Snow, the pretty and musical fiancée of Will King, which took place last night at the Van Sicken's home in Alameda; and then Mrs. McAndrew's luncheon at the Occidental Hotel on Wednesday for Mrs. Isaac L. Requa.

Mrs. McAndrews is the wife of Captain McAndrews, paymaster of the U. S. A., and made a charming hostess.

The feature of the luncheon was the Filipino band, in full native costume, hidden behind a screen of palms and ferns.

The table decorations were violets, ferns and Hannah Hobart carnations, the candelabra of red, and the name cards Gibson heads, with the names of the guests done in black and gold.

There were twenty or more guests, Mrs. Gerritt M. Lansing being the only other guest from this side.

MRS. THOMAS WILLIAMS WELL GOWNED.

Mrs. Thomas H. Williams, who, by the way, was one of the best gowned of the younger matrons at Mrs. Dan Murphy's big tea the other day, gave what I hear was really the prettiest luncheon of the season, on Tuesday last.

Everything was Chinese, and the affair was complimentary to Mrs. Geo. Franklin Shields of San Francisco; Mr. and Mrs. Williams giving a Valentine dinner for Dr. and Mrs. Shields on the following night. From the central chandelier to the four corners of the room were strung differently colored Chinese lanterns, large Chinese fans adorning the walls and being placed about the room. The table was decorated with a centerpiece of brass, containing Chinese vases, together with little yellow silk flags on which squirmed black dragons. Richly embroidered squares of Chinese tapestry covered the table, while the sweets were placed in prettily embroidered Chinese shoes.

The name cards were Chinese paper houses, and the favors tall brass candelsticks and Chinese candles. Those asked to meet Mrs. Shields were Mrs. Ernest Kinloch Johnstone, Mrs. E. L. G. Steele, Muriel Steele, Mrs. George Sperry, Mrs. William Van Arsdale and her sister, Mrs. Flett, who are wintering at the Palace, as usual; the Misses Ferris, Mrs. Horace Hussey, Elsie Bennett and Mrs. Charlie Dunphy.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams were among the guests of Celia Tobin and Dick Tobin, who gave a delightful luncheon on Saturday last, some of their other guests having been Mr. and Mrs. Frank Carolah, Mr. and Mrs. Raoul Du Val, nee Tobin, Miss Ide, Page Brown, Harry Simpkins, Mr. Lynch, Mr. Blanchard, and the newly appointed consul to Chile, Mr. Bryan. I think his name, who is stopping at Burlingame en route to his new post.

Mrs. George Shields, who is being entertained by Mrs. Eleanor Martin and all the rest across the bay, and is an extremely handsome and fascinating woman, was, by the way, the honored guest at a charming little luncheon given by her sister-in-law, Mrs. Ernest Kinloch Johnstone, at the University Club on Thursday, the other guests having been Ethel Hager, Mrs. Sands Porman and her daughter, Mrs. Arthur Brander, Mrs. Thomas H. Williams and Mrs. Charlie Shields.

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OAKLAND GIRLS AT SPERRY TEA.

Marian Goodfellow, Jacqueline Moore, Muriel Steele and Isabelle Hooper, of Alameda, and the four girls from this side at Elsie Sperry's tea for Lurline Spreckels last Sunday, and I hear that they quite outshone in point of looks any of the San Francisco belles, and they were there in force.

DINNER AT THE PRATHER HOME.

The Tom Prathers' pink dinner for the Bob Fitzgeralds on Thursday evening, was delightfully informal and every one enjoyed it thoroughly. Those asked to meet the newly returned couple were: Mr. and Mrs. Mark L. Requa, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. G. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Clay, and the George S. Wheatons.

WHY WILL PEOPLE FEEL HURT.

Why will people insist upon feeling hurt and often very miserable, when they find that cards have not come to them from long friends who are giving big teas and parties.

If one knows that there has been no quarrel or misunderstanding whatever, and that she has always received cards to her friend's entertainments in the

past, there isn't any reason why one shouldn't in a laughing way ask the one who has sent out the cards where her invitation has gone to, then, if it has been lost, everything is put right, and if the invitation has been purposely withheld for any reason, why shouldn't the reason be made known then and there?

Of course, when only a few cards have been sent out, it is entirely different, one shouldn't count positively on an invitation. Whenever there are big teas given, there are heart burnings and all because of lost invitations. Many hostesses say that people should take it for granted that they have been asked and appear anyhow, but one doesn't like to do that for fear there may be some reason, and so I think people should be honest with one another in the way I have suggested.

At Mrs. F. M. Smith's big evening reception at "Arbor Villa" a month or two ago, any number of cards were lost or were not directed at all, just because there were more than one person writing from the list, and one young matron of East Oakland, who has known the family at Arbor Villa intimately all her life, who failed to get a card, has been so hurt and indignant ever since, that she has refused to speak to Mrs. Smith, and that lady only found out the reason from a mutual friend, just a day or two ago.

ELISE GREGORY HAS SAILED.

Elise Gregory, who recently came home from a two years' stay in Europe, sailed on the Korea with Mr. and Mrs. Ansel M. Easton, and expects to spend several months in Japan and China.

Mr. and Mrs. William R. Davis have been spending some days at the Hotel Rafael.

A few of us are going across to the quiet home wedding of Eloise Davis—who used to live where Claire Biggleman is now living, on Jackson street—and Wallace Everett, two former Oaklanders. The ceremony is to take place at noon on Thursday, on the 19th, and they are to come directly over to their new home being built for them on the Bacon property on Oak street.

Mae Sadler, of Alameda, has returned from a visit to Monterey, Mrs. M. W. Backus, of East Oakland, is entertaining her sister, Mrs. Charles L. Rhodes, of Honolulu, wife of the editor of the "Hawaiian Star," and Mrs. George McNear and Bessie McNear have been spending some time in Southern California.

I hear that Marnie Barker is to be maid of honor for Ethel Kiltredge, her sister, Mrs. Baldwin of Honolulu, who was to have been chief attendant, being unable to act. Grace Holt is to be one of the bridesmaids. The Horace Potter Husseys have gone down to Rowardennan to spend a few days at their country home there.

ANOTHER PRETTY LUNCHEON.

Another pretty luncheon of the week took place on Wednesday, when Mrs. James Tyson entertained in Alameda for Florence Stewart, whose engagement was announced some months ago.

The table was decorated with bows of pink tulle and pink carnations, while those asked to meet the pretty, tall bride-elect were: Mrs. Churchill Taylor, Mrs. Edwin Boyes, Mrs. Harry Melvin, Mrs. Stewart, Miss Ruth Morse, Mrs. Carroll Calvin, Mrs. Olcese, Mrs. Roy Mauvals and Mrs. J. C. S. Akery.

RICHLY EMBROIDERED MANDARIN COATS.

I think those richly embroidered, bright-hued Mandarin coats that Mrs. Charles Lyman Bent—her's is a vivid scarlet affair—and some other of the army girls and matrons have been wearing to dances this winter, in place of the usual opera or evening wraps, are simply stunning, and the idea is a good one, because they are light, yet warm, and don't crush the chiffons underneath, but when people take to wearing them on the street in the day that is a different matter, and they look ridiculous, quite as though one had slipped out in a dressing sack in a moment of absent mindedness.

I saw one on a girl who was crossing the bay one day this week, and the effect was so weird that I couldn't take my staring eyes off her.

Under a big be-feathered hat drooped a pair of narrow, slanting shoulders under a Chinese garment, the shoulders looking all the narrower under the Japanese cut, of course, and there was the American walking skirt under the three-quarter brown silk and red coat, and the mixed effects were truly funny.

RECENT HOSTESSES AT LUNCHEONS.

Mrs. Wickham Havens and her sister, Mrs. Edward Engs, Mrs. Charles E. Palmer, Eleanor Davenport, Bessie

Reed and Mrs. Clarence Martin are some other recent hostesses at luncheons.

Mrs. Palmer's red luncheon was for Mrs. Ernest Pelotto and Miss Jennie Stone, the other guests having been Mrs. William J. Landers, Mrs. Edson Adams, Mrs. Egbert Stone, Mrs. George S. Wheaton, Mrs. Edward L. Brayton, Mrs. Horry Meek and Mrs. George H. Wheaton.

Eleanor Davenport's luncheon which took place on the same day, was just a small affair, Sara Drum, Mrs. Alfred Sutor, Mrs. Alexander D. Keyes and her sister, Mrs. T. Danforth Boardman, nee Salisbury, having been among the guests.

Mrs. Havens' and Mrs. Engs' luncheon was a larger and more elaborate affair and was the first of a series to be given by them. The twenty-four girls and matrons were seated at two round tables decorated with daffodils, branches of acacia being used about the room. An orchestra stationed in the hall played during luncheon, and afterwards there were cards, Mrs. E. A. Howard carrying home the prize. The guests were Mrs. George E. De Golia, Mrs. E. A. Howard, Mrs. Frank Havens, Mrs. John Clay Hampton, Mrs. Henry Rosenfeld, Carrie and Belle Nicholson, Mrs. Albert A. Long, Mabel Gage, Mrs. George Gross, Mrs. A. S. Larkey, Mrs. Francis Musser, Mrs. Charles Lovell, Mrs. E. J. Cotton, Mrs. Frederick Morse, Mrs. D. A. Proctor, Mrs. George Sterling, Mrs. Edward A. Howard, Mrs. Frank Watson, Alma and Adah Brown and Mrs. Harry Maxwell.

HE WAS ONCE A HEART BREAKER.

I hear that a certain young man who is to become a benedict the middle of this month, was rather a heart breaker before his sudden engagement to a young girl of this city was announced some weeks ago, and that a poor little debutante is going around with very pink eyes and swollen lids and all because she considered herself rather engaged to him herself, and was utterly dumfounded when she read of his engagement in the papers to a girl not half so nice as herself.

I've heard vague stories of other love-lorn girls in connection with this young man.

These so-called "understandings" which so often take the place of the old-time "engagements" are dangerous things, one can crawl out of them without explaining things overmuch, if one has a mind to, and I advise young girls to either be engaged or not engaged, no "understandings."

BESSIE REED'S VIOLET LUNCHEON.

Bessie Reed's violet luncheon for Marion Smith and Winifred Burdge was for the younger girls only, of course, and was very jolly. Two unique games were played during luncheon, Winifred Burdge and Helen Chase winning the prizes. Those asked to meet the two girls were: Lucretia Burnham, Helen Chase, Ethel Crellin, Ruth Kules, Louise Belden, Dottie Everson, Sadie Hazeltine and Edith Beck.

ELIZABETH EBY'S WEDDING.

Elizabeth Eby's marriage to David Brown, the bright young Stanford University fellow and civil engineer, was the most important wedding of the week.

The young bride—it isn't very long since she left the High School—has been entertained at many affairs, formal and informal, by the girls in her particular set. She is the second daughter of the house, and not the eldest, as has been announced, Clarissa or "Chrissie," as she is usually called, being older.

The Eby home on Vernon Heights, is one of the most artistic and quaint of any in the city, and it was beautifully decorated Wednesday evening. The large living-room, where the ceremony took place at 9 o'clock, in the presence of about 150 friends and relatives, was done in peach blossoms, an improvised altar in a deep recess having for its background tall palms and woodwardia fern. The lights were all shaded in soft pink.

The library, where the bride's table was spread, was all in eucalyptus bloom and hyacinths, the lights here being an extremely trying shade of green.

In the dining room were daffodils, greens and a frieze of magnolia leaves.

The whole lower floor was canvassed for dancing, and the music was excellent.

The big, wide veranda was enclosed with canvas, and every one strolled out there between dances. The bride, a tall, dark-eyed girl, looked very well in her white satin wedding gown, trimmed with duchesse lace about the bodice. Her veil was worn off the face, and she carried bride's roses. The bride's sister, Clarissa, wore a very pretty maid-of-honor-gown of white

striped gauze over chiffon and taffeta, the yoke being transparent, as were those of the two bridesmaids, and she carried the same flowers carried by them, bridesmaid's roses. Alice Coffin and Matilda Brown's gowns were just alike, of pink gauze over taffeta, with elbow sleeves.

The groom was supported by his brother, Everett Brown, while Joseph Bernard of Fresno, and Will Knowles, of San Francisco, were the ushers. I believe Mr. Frederick Knowles was the young architect who designed the Eby home. Later in the evening the young couple left for a two months' trip to the principal cities in the East.

MRS. LARKEY'S EUCHRE PARTY.

Mrs. A. S. Larkey's five-handed euchre party yesterday, when she entertained sixty or more guests at five-handed euchre, was one of the successful affairs of the week, those assisting Mrs. Larkey having been: Mrs. Frederick Morse, Mrs. Alken, Mrs. Weber, Mrs. Seth Mann, Mrs. C. E. Wayland, of San Jose; Mrs. George Gross, Mabel Gage, Carolyn Oliver, Eva Yorker, Miss Merriman and Ada Bates.

AUGUSTA KENT GOES TO SAMOA.

And so Augusta Kent really sails for Samoa on Thursday of next week, and I expect there will be quite a crowd at the dock to see Augusta and, Captain and Mrs. Underhill off. Kate Hall gave an informal little tea for Augusta on Monday, and a few evenings ago she, with her two younger sisters, Kathleen and Ethel, was one of the most attractive girls at the dance given by the Nineteenth and Seventh Infantry at the Presidio.

AFFAIRS AT THE PRESIDIO.

Speaking of affairs at the Presidio, reminds me that army circles in San Francisco are aroused over the strange methods pursued by an officer at the Presidio who is credited with social ambitions. Captain Frederick E. Johnston, of the artillery corps, recently sent out cards for a dance to be given at the officers' club. Only twelve of the bachelor officers were included in the invitations, and they were requested not to appear in uniform, while no army woman was invited. As Captain Johnston has been repeatedly entertained by these women, the omission amounted to an insult, which could not pass unchallenged by the commanding officer.

Colonel Rawles accordingly informed the captain that he could not permit the ball to take place. The surprised captain stammered that the invitations were not all out and rushing to his quarters, dispatched five invitations to the colonel's family and two others. Regrets came promptly in answer to these invitations, and a number of the officers invited declined to countenance the affront to the women of the post.

When the belles of the town set, with whom Captain Johnston apparently wishes to curry favor, heard of the state of affairs, many of them openly expressed their regret at having accepted. Captain Johnston boasts of his social connections at Newport, and shows a sense of bland superiority to the officers with whom he is associated. A funny turn is given to his pretensions by the fact that the invitations for his ball were not engraved, but printed.

NADINE BELDEN ONE OF THE RECEIVERS.

Nadine Belden was one of those receiving at the big heart party given by Miss Eleanor Estill Jones, of San Rafael recently.

SOMETHING ABOUT MRS. HOWARD.

In one of the papers across the bay I happened to see the following: "Mrs. Emma Shafter Howard was surrounded by a coterie of friends at the Pioneer reception on Saturday evening, as she has been seen in the city but little of late, owing to her many progressive interests. She looked extremely well in a decollete gown of black chantilly lace over white silk, with a diamond surburst on the corsage and a collar of handsome diamonds."

CARDS OUT FOR A FAREWELL DINNER.

Mrs. Gerritt Lansing and Mrs. Chas. Lyman Bent have cards out for a farewell dinner to be given in honor of the officers aboard the United States steamer New York, who are soon to leave this port. The affair will take place to-morrow—Sunday—evening at "Fernside," their home in Alameda. Lieutenant Gherardi, Lieutenant McCarthy and Ensign Jack Fremont are some of the officers invited.

WERE GUESTS AT A DINNER.

J. Brockway Metcalf of Berkeley, and

Silas Palmer, were the guests from this side at Olive Holbrook's dinner for Genevieve and Hazel King.

GUEST OF HONOR AT CARD PARTY.

Emelle Mason of Alameda, whose engagement to Ralph Wilson was announced some time ago, was the guest of honor at a charming card party given by Miss Louise Ede, the other evening, about ninety friends having been entertained.

The Ede home across the bay was beautifully decorated with carnations, violets and greens, and the prizes at cards and the supper and all the arrangements were perfect. Edith Gaskill, Dr. Gaskill, the Bains, Dr. Sumner Hardy and Emelle and Clotilde Mason were about all the guests from this side.

GIVING A SERIES OF LUNCHEONS.

Mrs. Clarence Martin Mann is giving a series of luncheons on alternate Wednesdays, at her home on Washington street, across the bay, her guest of honor at the first luncheon having been Ada Russell, of Alameda, who, after spending several months abroad together with her mother, returned home recently, although she had expected to be away for two years. She is spending the winter at St. Dunstan's, with her sister, Mrs. Younger, who was also one of the luncheon guests, Mrs. Fred Stolp having been the prettiest woman at table.

AN AGITATING QUESTION.

The question agitating me just now is when a tea call should be made and when it should not. How on earth is one to tell, I'd like to know, whether a card is for a tea or whether the days are merely "days at home"? The wiseacres say that when cards are sent out for two days, or even for one, with no hour specified, then the days kept are merely days at home, even if the refreshments and the service are as elaborate as at a real tea and there are a dozen ladies in dressy reception gowns receiving. If the two days kept throughout the winter are mere days at home, then no tea call afterward is either expected or desired—in fact, the hostess frequently keeps no other days throughout the winter. After a tea one is expected to make a tea call, which is a great nuisance to the one who gives and to the woman who attends many teas. It is becoming more and more popular to keep days in but one or at most two of the winter months. Many fashionable women keep Wednesdays or Thursdays or Fridays in November and January, some in January and February; some only in January. Almost no one keeps days before November or after February, so November, January and February are given up to teas and calling, no one being expected to call in busy December except under the most extraordinary circumstances. So calling by the fashionable woman who must be an economist of time is, like everything else, reduced to a science, so as to take the least time possible.

TWO MOST UNIQUE DINNERS.

Two of the most unique dinners of the year were given this week in San Francisco, and we shall not soon look upon their like again. One was the dinner given to the appendicitis alumni by Miss Emily Rosenstirn, daughter of the eminent doctor. The guests of honor had all been relieved of their appendices, but the other guests were still possessed of that member which, like a conscience, is undesired but still persists. The menu was excellent and safe for those without appendices, but the decorations were such as to deprive of appetite a person without a strong medical taste. In the center of the board was an operating table with a doll wrapped and bandaged as though for the fashionable operation, drainage tubes were suspended from the chandeliers and at a side table was a complete outfit of the instruments used in this popular operation. Verily, we are in up-to-date days—I had almost said fin de siecle, but we have passed that.

The other unusual dinner was that given by Dr. and Mrs. Russell Cool at their charming home, which is part of Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson's Lombard street house. The Cools have recently returned—in fact, just two days ago—from a two months' trip to Tahiti, whither they were accompanied by Mrs. Cool's daughter, Dorothy, by her sister, Mrs. Charles Sawyer, and by John Hamilton Gilmore, the clever San Francisco newspaper man. They had a most delightful time, of course, armed as they were with letters from Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson, Mr. George T. Wright and other important island personages. As a result, they were extensively entertained by Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Kennedy, the most important Americans on the island, and

by many native chiefs who loved them for Stevenson's sake. The Cools never do anything in a commonplace way, so they took with them their graphophone and secured many unique records while they were in the islands, records of native greetings, native songs and native music of various sorts. They brought back with them two tons of native eatables, and with these they spread one of the most remarkable feasts ever given in California. Fish was brought alive from Tahiti, alligator pears by the hundred were imported, pineapples, custard apples, taro and bread fruit were among the delicacies.

The forty guests were all seated in the big living room at a long table with two shorter tables across the ends of the room and another smaller table on a raised dais. The room was like a Samoan bower. Tahitian tapestries covered the walls and baskets of coconut fiber hung from convenient places, while the huge fronds of date palms went up from every wall and met over the heads of the guests, sometimes touching certain sensitive bald spots, in which cases they became indeed itching palms. The tables were entirely covered with broad, tropical leaves and fan palms, so that, barring the fact that the guests sat in chairs instead of cross-legged like tailors, everything carried out the luau idea. Before seating the guests each one was furnished with a beautiful carnation to stick behind the ear in Hawaiian fashion and with a white wreath, which was worn upon the head and which was wonderfully becoming to the women and to most of the men. The majority of the men were in white duck, which gave the table a tropical air. The women were in evening dress, sleeveless for the most part, and with their bare necks further carrying out the tropical idea.

The menu you have just seen published in other papers, but the dishes were really good, especially the raw fish served with a lemon sauce and the hot baked taro served with butter. The piece de resistance was roast sucking pig, which was first carried about the table and shown to every guest, after which it was carved and, like the loaves and the fishes, it went a great way. Some of the guests had three portions from that tiny sucking pig or his relatives in the kitchen. The wines were domestic and excellent, the clear-ettes from the same foreign clime as the rest of the feast.

During the meal the graphophone played and sang native airs, and a volunteer quintet, consisting of Mrs. Cool, Mrs. Lucie May Hayes, Judge Harry Melvin and Messrs. Richard Hotelling and Charles K. Field, sang some clever and impromptu verses to the appropriate air of "Under the Bamboo Tree," played by Dr. Stuart.

Later there were speeches, Dr. Cool rising to toast Mrs. Kennedy, Frank Deering gracefully toasting the host and hostess who had carried their friends in their hearts though distant three thousand miles. "Everybody drank those toasts standing. Later Judge Melvin sang excellently a drinking song and the favorite "Sons of the Big Brown Owl," and Dr. Shields recited twice. It was very late before even the first guest took his unwilling departure. Taken all in all, this Tahitian dinner rivaled in originality the famous Chinese dinner given by the Cools a few years ago, when all the guests were furnished with Chinese costumes and, after being properly made up, made a tour of Chinatown in carriages, visiting the theaters, restaurants and places of entertainment and deceiving even the elect as to their identity.

Those in whom Alameda county is interested and who were guests of the Cools were Judge and Mrs. Harry Melvin, Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. Deering (Mabel Craft), Dr. Henry Stewart, Mr. Charles K. Field of Alameda, Mrs. Lucie May Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sawyer and Mr. and Mrs. George T. Wright of Alameda. Mrs. Kennedy of Tahiti occupied the seat of honor but Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson, who sat at Dr. Cool's left, was the guest of greatest interest. Mrs. Stevenson is a beautiful woman and the white wreath was lovely on her crown of gray hair. She wore about her neck a necklace of immense glowing yellow topazes. Several navy officers and officers of the steamship Mariposa were among the guests, as were also the lovely Misses Ide, the beautiful daughters of the former Chief Justice of Samoa, now one of the Philippine Commissioners. One of the Misses Ide has a wonderful complexion and wore an exceedingly decollete gown of black, jet spangled. The other Miss Ide has Tahitian hair and pretty blue eyes and a slight lisp, and wore a girlish gown of white pina cloth trimmed with broad white Valenciennes lace.

EX-MAYOR PHELAN ENTERTAINS.

It may not be good for a man to live

alone, but man seems to be able to entertain alone very nicely, without the aid or assistance of any woman. Last Tuesday ex-Mayor Phelan gave a large and elaborate luncheon at the Pacific Union Club in honor of Colonel Bryan, who was formerly, I believe, our minister to some South American country, and is now to be our representative in Portugal or, perhaps, it is the other way. The table was large and round and seated twelve guests, the decorations being unique ones of deep red roses and violets. The luncheon was informal, without speech making and Colonel Bryan at Mr. Phelan's right and a prominent Chicago politician, a great friend of McKinley's, whose name escapes me, did most of the talking. Among the San Franciscans invited to meet the strangers were Messrs. Downey Harvey, Frank Deering, Joseph Tobin and Walter Dean.

CHAMPAGNE NOT FASHIONABLE.

And thinking of the Phelan luncheon reminds me that though the menu for that feast was very elaborate and perfectly cooked and served, including such dainties as grape fruit, a small Chateaubrian for each person, mushrooms and a very ripe cheese (salads and sweets being notably lacking) an excellent imported white wine, but a still wine and not a sparkling one was served. This reminds me that champagne seems to be out of fashion, for the style is all this year for one wine served throughout the dinner, and the little forest of glasses that used to be seen at each plate is seen no longer. At some of the most fashionable dinners of the year an expensive imported Rhine wine, or a fine claret, delicately warmed, have been served. But if you prefer champagne, then you must serve it throughout the dinner, with, perhaps, a glass of sherry to begin with and a fine liquor to finish with—and that's expensive.

But such is the edict of fashion!

MISS FROELICH'S TEA.

Miss Marian Frolich, the artist, entertained at one of the most charming studio teas of the year on Wednesday, the guests of honor being Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Pelotto. Both Mr. and Mrs. Pelotto are old friends of Miss Frolich and once upon a time when they were all bachelors they all occupied studios in the same studio building, 609 Sacramento street, where Miss Frolich is still. The hostess was lovely in a gown of blue and white cloth, immensely becoming to her blonde style of beauty and Mrs. Pelotto always looks well. Miss Frolich had borrowed the studio adjoining for a reception room and had music and refreshments in her own studio, with punch at a booth in the corner, presided over by Miss Ella Bender in a black and white frock, with deep, transparent yoke of black chintilly. Donald de V. Graham sang several times most charmingly, and the artist and society element mingled as only at a studio tea. The rooms, hung with good paintings, were charmingly decorated with flowers, but the best decorations were the pretty gowns of the women, though the dressing was less formal and elegant than on many similar occasions. Mrs. Josephine de Greayer wore an exceedingly pretty gown of black and white, and among the artists and literateurs were Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Ross, Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Irwin, Orrin Peck and Charles K. Field.

MLLE. DE LUSSAN'S CONCERT.

There was a large but not a fashionably dressed crowd at the de Lussan concert on Tuesday evening, which rather surprised me as the seats were two dollars, and in lieu of opera, I rather fancied the pretty frocks would turn out at this concert. Miss de Lussan has gained some pounds of avoirdupois since last she was here and is now decidedly rotund. She is one of those women with a very long waist and not such very long—well, you know—and her short fat elbows come way above her waist line. She wore a lovely frock of blue and silver with crushed pink roses and many handsome diamonds and her hair is as black and her eyes as bright as ever. She has a most animated face. I do not care for her in German songs, and the fact that she does not sing her ballads without her notes interfering with the pleasure of listening to her songs. Her operatic selections, notably the aria from Mignon, Musette's waltz song from La Boheme and the Habanera from "Carmen," were better, but best of all I liked, and apparently the rest of the audience was with me, La Paloma, which she sings as I never heard it sung before. George T. Marve, usually so impassive, was yelling "Da capo, da capo," from the audience.

MISS ROCK'S RECITAL.

Wednesday, Miss Frances Rock gave a piano forte recital at the same place, Steinway Hall. Miss Rock plays well,

MAYOR SCHMITZ IS NOT ABLE TO CONTROL HIS APPOINTEES...RUEF WANTS HUTTON'S HEAD.

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 14.—It has been amusing to see Abe Ruef, the San Francisco boss, mentor of Mayor Schmitz and Herrin's left bower, watching Police Commissioner Hutton whenever the latter has come to the capital during the week. When Hutton comes up he makes arguments on bills affecting the rights of sailors, as he is the attorney for the Sailors' Union. Or he argues, as a representative of union labor for the Lukens Vice-Principal bill—the bill doing away with the "fellow employee" plea of corporations when damages are asked for injuries in an accident.

But in reality Hutton is only half-hearted in all this. His is a divided interest, and his major care in coming to Sacramento is in protecting himself from decapitation. Ruef seeks the head of Hutton. He wants Mayor Schmitz to give him that head. Schmitz is willing, even eager. But the present methods of the law are in the way, and so Ruef is engaged in changing the law. Hutton is engaged in seeing that the law is not changed. The efforts of the head hunter and the hunted make an engaging spectacle for the privileged onlooker.

Mayor Schmitz appointed Hutton as Police Commissioner. He also appointed Michael Casey on the Board of Public Works. Then he tried to control Hutton and Casey. But Chief Wittman is supposed to have captured Hutton, and Casey got clean away

from control, the story being that he took the advice of Father Yorke in the matter. In any event, the Mayor and Ruef are at outs with Casey and Hutton and the Mayor wants to remove both of them from the offices in which he installed them.

But the moment he tries to remove them they will go into the courts and get out writs and orders to prevent him doing so. By the time those writs and orders have gone through the courts the term of Schmitz will have expired and a new Mayor will reign in his stead. So the Mayor fumes and fusses in his ire, but is impotent to strike the creatures of his creation with the lightning of his wrath.

If he could get rid of Casey he could not only control the Public Works patronage, but also that Board of Health patronage which he so much covets. All this patronage could be used in securing for the Mayor a renomination and re-election. If he could get rid of Hutton he could appoint a man on the Police Commission to act with Drinkhouse and thus put Ruef in control of the police. What that control is worth to an active and energetic boss comes near to straining the imagination. It means "wealth beyond the dreams of avarice," and a political pull like that of all the bosses combined. So it really is a very important thing that Schmitz should be permitted to get rid of his recalcitrants.

So Ruef had Senator Nelson, one of his men, introduce a bill in one House and Assemblyman Boisson, another of

his men, introduce it in the other, giving the appointing power in all cities the right of removal of appointive officers without having the removal questioned by the courts. Once that bill is passed and signed and, whish—off come the heads of Hutton and Michael Casey. To be sure, the "Bubonic Board" of Health and Chief Wittman are put forward in argument as the ones aimed at, but in reality it is Casey and Hutton who are doomed to removal, with the remaining members of the Bubonic Board as a side relish of municipal slaughter. But Wittman and the Mayor are in cahoots now, so the arch enemy of the labor unionists is safe from the labor unionist Mayor.

Well, Ruef got his bill presented, and Hutton kept his eye on it every time he came to Sacramento. And Ruef kept his eye on Hutton. So there was watching here and spying there, and much amusement for those of the lookers-on who have had the privilege of glimpsing the work behind the scenes in San Francisco's labor party politics. But the Ruef bill got stuck. It passed along gaily enough in the Assembly, but in the Senate there was a hitch and a halt. It wasn't that Casey or Hutton had bested Ruef by their tactics in the struggle, but San Jose had stepped in.

There is a Mayor in San Jose as well as one in San Francisco. Down in San Jose the Mayor's name is Worswick. He belongs to the Hayes Brothers,

Red and Black. Ruef did politics with the Hayes Brothers in the campaign of last fall. He was for Black Hayes for Governor.

But Senators Shortridge and Oneal, both from San Jose, are desperately opposed to the Hayes Brothers. They are among the followers of Johnny Mackenzie. They look upon Mayor Worswick as a viper, an upstart and a usurper. They fear his power and dislike his person.

So when Shortridge and Oneal saw that Nelson bill come sailing in they said: "What's this? What's this? A bill to give Mayor Worswick the power to chop off all the official heads in the city of San Jose, and with no appeal to our Judge down there! Want to make Worswick dictator of San Jose, eh? Not on your over-insured life! Just you watch Shortridge and Oneal! We will have fun with that bill!"

They are having fun with it. It is clogged in committee. It can't seem to get a move on. Ruef goes from desk to desk and pleads and promises. But the bill stays right where it is. Representatives of other cities with Mayors who wish to wield an ax have taken alarm. So the heads of Hutton and Michael Casey seem to be cemented to their shoulders, the revenge of Schmitz is balked and Ruef will have to wait a while or make a new combination in the Board before he can control that Police Department.

The San Franciscans and country

members are a good deal at sea over your Alameda county politics. Alameda county has not held the center of the stage before, so her internal political conditions are not understood. It was supposed that Pardee would have some Alameda county Senator and some Alameda county Assemblyman who would convey to each house the desires of the Governor. So Senator Lukens and Assemblyman Foster were picked out as the men who would be the "mouthpieces of the administration."

But when members seeking the program have gone to Lukens and to Foster the Senator would very likely say one thing and the Assemblyman another, leaving the inquirers entirely at sea. Then Lukens sent in the Vice-Principalship bill, for which John D. Spreckels denounced him as an anarchist, and is to follow that with an income tax bill; and these measures have set the members wondering if the Governor is behind the Lukens ideas, which the Sacramento Bee says are those of the Democratic party rather than the Republican.

And Foster is appealed to in vain to know what the Governor is going to do with those Gage appointments he has withdrawn and is holding up. Foster doesn't know. Lukens can shed no light on the subject. Leavitt was presumed to have the program on these appointments, but he doesn't seem to know whether George Reed is to be re-appointed or not, nor can he give Joe

Kelly any notion whether papa-in-law, Dr. W. P. Mathews, is to be sacrificed or saved as Secretary of the State Board of Health.

Outside the Legislature there doesn't seem to be much more enlightenment as to what the Governor intends to do. Occasionally Charlie Spear gets a hunch and passes it along. Now and then Charlie Snook is able to wear a look of wisdom and to tip a wink. Guy Earl is presumed to be "close up," but he comes here very rarely and does not disseminate the "low down" with the generous promiscuity of a sprinkling cart.

And the outsiders are beginning to notice that you Alameda county Republicans have fierce interneine strifes that they cannot comprehend. They notice that Leavitt and Earl do not speak as they pass. They find that Spear and Snook are not in harmony with some of the delegation. They cannot help but see that the relation of the Governor with Senator Knowland and Assemblyman Yalsh is a sort of "armed neutrality." They feel that Leavitt may break with Pardee at any turn of the road.

So it is hardly to be wondered that the average State politician considers your Alameda politician as a subject of study or that he views your non-committal Alameda Governor with a mingled dread and curiosity. Nobody can "get a line on" Pardee. Just now he is fighting to keep down the tax levy. It is bound to be very heavy, as

Gage cut so low to make a record for election purposes that the funds soon will be bankrupt. Of course Pardee now is putting the very worst face on the State's finances in order to scare the legislators out of extravagant appropriations. There is quite a bunch of money that Pardee and Melick do not talk about. But things are pretty bad, and if the tax levy does not go over 60 cents there will have to be many heroic sacrifices and much deep cutting.

Thus far Pardee's mastery of the Legislature has seemed phenomenal. The little outburst of Senators Belshaw and Curtin and Assemblyman Johnson in the joint meeting of the Senate Committee on Finance and the Assembly Committee on Ways and Means on Thursday was the first show of resistance to his domination. But that was nothing but a little flare-up.

Speaker Fisk and the Governor are not at all in harmony, and the Speaker might lead a revolt if occasion offered. Thus far, however, he has shown his independence only in pulling the appropriation for a San Francisco Normal School out of a committee when the Governor didn't want it pulled out, and in refusing to withdraw the bill appropriating \$25,000 for the Grand Encampment of the G. A. R. when the Governor wanted it withdrawn. Over in the Senate Ralston is chafing at the Governor's dictatorship and may break out at any time. But so far the Governor is supreme.

NEWS FROM CITY OF ALAMEDA

WILL GIVE FANCY DRESS PARTY.

FRIDAY NIGHT ASSEMBLY TO PRESENT AN INTERESTING AFFAIR.

ALAMEDA, Feb. 14.—The Friday Night Assembly will give a fancy dress party on Friday evening of next week at Harmonie Hall. The decorations will present a novel effect, all being in posters. The hall will be decorated under the personal supervision of M. Vincent Politeo, Professor D. C. Rosenbrook of the Columbia Theater will get up an orchestra of twelve pieces especially for the occasion. Alton A. Dayton has consented to recite the "Wreck of the Nancy Lee." A Dalton Harrison will contribute to the evening's entertainment with a lot of his mechanical toys. George Carleton has ordered his costume for the event from New York and says it will be a "Midsummer Night's Dream." George Hammersmith has organized a "Browie band." A special prize is to be awarded the guest who first discovers the identity of Mark E. Gaines at the masquerade.

NATIONAL GUARDS GIVE BALL.

COMPANY G'S DANCE AT ARMY HALL LAST NIGHT A SUCCESS.

ALAMEDA, Feb. 14.—Armory Hall was one blaze of lanterns, flags and bunting last evening, when Company G gave its sixth annual ball. Preparations for the event had been in progress for several weeks and the success scored by the ball was due to the efforts of the guards, who had planned and worked so arduously on the affair. The decoration committee was composed of Corporal J. A. Mitchell, Quartermaster Sergeant E. W. Reinhold and private L. Skelton, assisted by Corporal J. F. Crowley. The ball, which was one of the most elaborate affairs ever given by Company G, was conducted without a hitch. Between the dances the guests visited an artistically decorated refreshment booth that had been constructed beneath the stage. Each lady was presented with a souvenir valentine before leaving the hall. The guards are highly pleased over the success of their entertainment.

CARD MATINEE A SUCCESS.

BIG SOCIAL FUNCTION WAS GIVEN TODAY AT PALM TERRACE.

ALAMEDA, Feb. 14.—Palm Terrace, the beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. George Emmons, was the scene this afternoon of a "whist matinee," given under the auspices of Unity Circle. The affair met with unusual success and was attended by nearly one hundred women from both Oakland and Alameda. The guests were received by Mrs. Shattuck, Mrs. Emmons and Mrs. Bauney. Many beautiful prizes were awarded those making the best scores. The prizes were donated by Mesdames Hillman, Tilden, Gragin, W. O. Smith, Van Sietken, Rue and McGurn. They were distributed by Mrs. Plummer, Mrs. Wright and Mrs. Otis. The scores were counted by Mrs. Holt, Mrs. Shaner, Mrs. Hillman and Mrs. Stratford. The success of the matinee was largely due to the successful arrangements made under the direction of Mrs. Shattuck, Mrs. Higgins, Mrs. Phelps, Mrs. Abbott, Miss Soule and Mrs. Rue.

MISS HUNT HEADS LIST IN TENNIS EVENT

ALAMEDA, Feb. 14.—Miss Emma Hunt heads the list in the ladies' continuous event in the Alameda tennis court. She has won the trophy twice. The prize consists of a small gold tennis racket with a pearl ball, given by Mrs. Haslett.

At the beginning of the event Mrs. Hinkaid held first place, but she was defeated by Miss Hunt. The latter has also beaten Mrs. Haslett, who is now second in ranking.

The players, as they now rank, are as follows: First, Miss Emma Hunt; second, Mrs. S. M. Haslett; third, Miss Pearl McCarty; fourth, Miss Susie Gawn; fifth, Miss Edith Waterman; sixth, Mrs. Edward L. Holmes; seventh, Miss Isabella Sherwood; eighth, Miss Roberta Clay; ninth, Miss Bessie Vallee; tenth, Miss Mary Sherwood; eleventh, Miss Rose Elliot; twelfth, Miss Ida Pattison; thirteenth, Miss Roberta Harden; fourteenth, Miss Mae Sadler; fifteenth, Miss Madge Haslett; sixteenth, Mrs. J. W. Wientalski; seventeenth, Miss Doris Hattain; eighteenth, Miss Dorothy Van Orden.

Reuben G. Hunt still leads the list in the men's singles event, and Percy Murdoch ranks as the second best player of the organization.

The complete ranking of the players is as follows: First, R. G. Hunt; second, C. P. Murdoch; third, O. C. Haslett; fourth, H. A. Murdoch; fifth, Dr. E. A. Younger; sixth, H. M. Landsberger; seventh, eighth, L. Shaw; ninth, Stanley Gawn; tenth, S. M. Haslett; eleventh, A. D. Harrison; twelfth, Warren Swayne; thirteenth, J. W. Morton; fourteenth, T. S. Wright; fifteenth, A. Durney; sixteenth, Warner Sherwood; seventeenth, E. Averill; eighteenth, William Farrington; nineteenth, Harold Durney; twentieth, C. E. Crosby; twenty-first, Dr. L. Van Norden; twenty-two, William Boland; twenty-third, Dan Bissell; twenty-fourth, Dr. R. S. Taylor; twenty-fifth, Dr. W. A. Wheelan; twenty-sixth, G. Cunningham; and twenty-seventh, George Coffee.

MUNICIPAL REPUBLICAN CLUB MEETS IN ALAMEDA

ALAMEDA, Feb. 14.—An enthusiastic meeting of the Municipal Republican Club was held last night at Linderman Hall. The meeting was attended by a large number of members. During the

evening Chairman Tilden was given power to select a delegation, consisting of one representative from the fifteen precincts, whose duty will be to make up a list of sixty names to be voted upon at the primary election, March 3d. The chairman will report at the next meeting of this club, which will take place in two weeks.

ALAMEDANS WILL CONTEST IN SWIMMING TOURNAMENT

ALAMEDA, Feb. 14.—As Alameda High School will be represented in the swimming tournament of the Academic Athletic League, which will take place at the Olympic Club in San Francisco March 3, considerable interest is being evinced in local athletic circles over the coming big event. The tournament promises to be one of the most interesting events of its kind that has taken place for some years.

YOUNG LADIES' AUXILIARY GIVES INDIAN SOCIAL.

ALAMEDA, Feb. 14.—An Indian social was given last evening in the Methodist Church by the Young Ladies' Mission Auxiliary. The affair was one of the most unique events of the season and was well attended. A program of unusual merit was rendered, which was followed by refreshments.

ALAMEDA GIRLS TO PLAY BASKETBALL AT MILLS COLLEGE.

ALAMEDA, Feb. 14.—An interesting game of basketball will be played next Saturday by the Alameda High School and Mills College teams. The Alameda girls have gained quite a reputation for their good work and have defeated several well known teams about the bay. The Mills College team is one of the best in the county, and the coming contest will undoubtedly be a lively one.

ITEMS OF INTEREST ABOUT ALAMEDA PEOPLE.

ALAMEDA, Feb. 14.—W. P. Parkhurst is here from Arizona on a visit to his family.

Mrs. C. L. Tisdale has been ill with the grip. She is now recovering.

A. Lee of Lafayette street has gone to Sacramento to spend a few days.

Supervisor Rowe was in Alameda yesterday afternoon and was a visitor at the Argus office.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Gunn have returned to Alameda to reside. Mr. Gunn is now in the employ of the railroad and has been running out of Stockton, which place he made his headquarters.

Miss Beardsley gave an enjoyable luncheon Wednesday afternoon at her home, 1307 Central avenue. She is to leave next week to enter the McNutt Hospital as a nurse.

ASSESSOR DALTON'S SALARY HELD UP.

Unless the Supreme Court hands down a favorable decision or the \$11,353.30 retained by County Assessor Dalton is paid into the County Treasury, that official will not be able to draw any salary for the next fifteen months. This is due to the decision of County Auditor Bacon.

The money retained by Dalton is for commissions. The Superior Court decided that he was not entitled to it, but he has appealed to the Supreme Court and pending the appeal his salary has been held up.

During the last sixteen months Dalton has been unable to draw his salary, the same being retained to cover the amount claimed by the county for retaining a commission on all poll taxes paid in during the first three years of his last term. Dalton claims that under his new term of office he cannot be held for any of the liabilities he contracted in his last term. District Attorney Allen has, however, advised Auditor Bacon not to pay Dalton's salary until the Supreme Court has passed upon the matter.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS. Prices of current reduced. For estimates on wiring ring up James 2451. Coast Electric Co., J. E. Morris, manager, 207 Telegraph avenue.

HOME SOCIAL CLUB ENTERTAINS.

YOUNG PEOPLE OF LIVERMORE MEET—INTERESTING NEWS NOTES.

LIVERMORE, Feb. 14.—The members of the Home Social club were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. O. McKown Wednesday evening, it being the anniversary of Mr. McKown's birthday. Progressive euchre was played during the evening and at the conclusion of the series it was decided that D. D. Emminger and Mrs. Savage carried off first honors, while L. C. Crellin and Mrs. J. O. McKown won the second prizes.

During the evening dainty refreshments were served which were much enjoyed by those present. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. J. O. McKown, Mr. and Mrs. Benj. P. Barker, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Crellin, Dr. and Mrs. S. L. Savage, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Beck, Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Emminger, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Knox, and Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Johnson.

GOES TO CHINA.

Miss Mabel Morrill, daughter of the late B. D. Morrill, formerly of this place, left San Francisco early this week on the steamer Hongkong Maru for China, where she has secured a position teaching in a Chinese school. Miss Morrill goes highly recommended to her new position and has had several years' experience in teaching both in this and in Contra Costa counties. For the last three years Miss Morrill taught in the Crockett school.

WILL DEBATE.

A debate on the question whether the State should furnish free text books to the school children will take place at Benicia on Saturday evening, February 21st, between three students from the Livermore High School and three from the High School at Benicia. The local debaters will have the negative side of the question.

LETTER FROM METCALF.

Postmaster Reuben Hunter has received a letter from Congressman Victor H. Metcalf advising him that the name of Thomas E. Knox be sent to the President as his successor. Mr. Knox is a contractor of this place and will probably take charge of the office on April 1st.

WORK RESUMED. Work was resumed at the gravel pit of the Southern Pacific Company Wednesday, after a delay of two weeks, caused by the high water in the Arroyo Valle Creek.

BASKET BALL GAME.

The postponed basket ball game between the local High School and a team from Hayward High School will take place at Hayward on Saturday.

ELECTED TEACHER.

Miss Constance Jordan has been elected teacher at the Arroyo Valle school, which will open February 16th.

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED.

The engagement of Miss Maud Mitchell to William McKiver is announced, and the wedding will take place some time in April. Miss Mitchell is the daughter of Station Agent John Mitchell at this place and is very popular.

Mr. McKiver is employed with Anspacher Bros., and is a very popular young man.

DIVORCE GRANTED.

Mrs. Alice O'Leary has been granted a divorce from John O'Leary on the grounds of intemperance and cruelty. O'Leary has just completed a 60 days' sentence in the county jail on a charge of battery preferred by his wife.

PERSONALS. Walter Garner has departed for Arizona, where he expects employment on the railroad.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL ITEMS GATHERED IN SUBURBAN VILLAGE.

ALVARADO, Feb. 14.—Allan Richmond returned to his work in San Francisco Sunday, after a ten days' visit at his home in Alvarado.

Miss Kathryn Nauert visited home here Sunday.

Mrs. J. Symonds has been confined to her home with a severe cold. E. A. Richmond is also suffering from a cold.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Lee entertained several friends from San Francisco Sunday.

A number of members and friends of Alvarado Circle, Women of Woodcraft, went to Hayward's Thursday evening to attend a social given by the Hayward Circle.

A. A. Peralta, a former resident of Alvarado and vicinity but now of Greeley, Colorado, visited Alvarado Tuesday.

Mrs. Mitchell of San Francisco is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. Symonds.

A. B. Nauert spent several days of the week in San Francisco. The Nicol and Guillard homes were made happy by the arrival this week of a son in each family.

The Ladies' Aid Society met with Mrs. E. A. Richmond Thursday.

Fruit and Shade Trees!

Now is the time to plant. Our stock is choice and well selected. H. M. Sanborn, 517 Fourteenth street. Phone Main 576.

A False Report.

Is being circulated that Sam H. Sluis has retired from business on account of the fire. Mr. Sluis is still in business at Sixth and Washington. Telephone Main 384. Orders for wood or coal promptly attended to.

LADIES' TAKE NOTICE

Standard Dress Cutting Academy has removed to 515 Sixteenth street, between Telegraph and San Pablo. Taylor system taught. Patterns cut to order. Satisfaction guaranteed. Misses Strauch, managers.

HOME SOCIAL CLUB ENTERTAINS. NEWS NOTES FROM ALVARADO.

NAME'S SAFETY BEACON. One of the leading churches of Nome is the Roman Catholic. The edifice is surmounted by an immense cross, blazing with electricity. It serves as a lighthouse for miles up and down the coast. It can

THE INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS OF Scranton, Pa., have an office at 1918 Broadway, Oakland. Open evenings. B. M. Reardon, manager.

Pays Six Per Cent. On term deposits—California Deposit Maturity Company, home office, 519 Market street, San Francisco. Guaranty Co. W. Partridge, 41 and 42 Macdonald Building, Oakland.

WE GIVE CREDIT



We sell office desks cheaper

than exclusive dealers do. These thoroughly modern desks are superbly built and made to last a lifetime. Full of conveniences for the busy business man, they afford in satisfaction a full equivalent for what one pays for them. We have them ranging in price from \$10.00 to \$65.00. Also a complete line of office and desk chairs.

HOOK BROS. & CO. FURNITURE and CARPETS 415-419 Twelfth Street and 414-418 Eleventh St. Oakland, Cal.

HENRY and S. G. LINDEMANN PIANOS

For 66 years these noted instruments have been manufactured. Made by one of the oldest houses of distinction and repute in piano industry. These PIANOS are classed among the highest grade, they are scientifically constructed, unsurpassed in tone and quality. A superior grade of material and labor is used in construction. Mr. Henry Lindemann is recognized as being one of the few scientific and expert piano makers in this country. The sales of this noted piano have been so large that the capacity of the factory has been enlarged three times in the past few years. We are sole agents for this celebrated piano.

We also handle exclusively the noted WEBER, Davenport & Treacy, McPhail, Poole, Stuyvesant, Bailey, Dunham, Kingsley, Story & Clark and other equally well known makes.

EASY TERMS

PRICES WITHIN REACH OF ALL

GIRARD PIANO CO. Central Bank Building BROADWAY AND FOURTEENTH STREETS OAKLAND

RAPID ADJUSTMENTS

of merchandise are being made daily and as fast as made are being placed on sale. Most of the goods thus far have been damaged by smoke only, and now the goods

Damaged by Fire and Water

are being rapidly adjusted and will be placed on Sale Monday, throughout the various departments just adjusted.

A lot of Lawns, Cheese Cloth, Calico, Percales and Dimities, singed and wet, will be sold for 1c and 2c a Yard

The Household Goods Department has been adjusted and will be ready for business on Monday. This department was mostly smoked.

Note particulars in Sunday Examiner ad.

SALINGER'S The Big Department Store S. W. Cor. Eleventh and Washington Sts.

WILL RAISE BLOCKADE AT THE SYNDICATES WILL BE SHE WINS ONE KILLED AND MANY ARE INJURED.

Germany Sending Out Instructions for the Ships to Open the Venezuelan Ports.

BERLIN, Feb. 14.—The government is telegraphing instructions today for raising the blockade of the Venezuelan coast immediately.

These instructions may not reach all the blockading vessels today, but it is expected that the blockade will be fully raised by tomorrow or Monday, especially since Commodore Scheeler had been expecting such instructions, and had arranged for their prompt transmission.

Two memoranda explaining the protocol were signed by Minister Bowen. The text of the first is as follows:

"As the Imperial German government holds that the claims originating from the Venezuelan civil wars of 1898 to 1900 are no more apt to be submitted to arbitration, the government of Venezuela has to acknowledge at once these claims, amounting to 1,178,815 bolivars, approximately \$225,000, and either to pay said cash without delay or, should this be impossible, to guarantee the speedy payment of them by guarantees which are deemed sufficient by the Imperial government."

The second explanatory document reads: "The conditions of the German government having been accepted, Mr. Bowen, as representative of the Venezuelan government, will now have to provide for the payment of the 1,178,815 bolivars men-

tioned under number one of the conditions or give an adequate guarantee for this amount. Should Mr. Bowen choose the latter way, the guarantee is to be specified distinctly. For instance, in case of the guarantee being based on the customs revenue, it would be necessary to state exactly in which way the payment is to take place out of these revenues. The guaranty will have to be given de facto and without delay."

In the event of the five drafts handed to Baron von Sternberg last night being defaulted, it is stipulated that Belgian customs officials collect the revenues at one of the Venezuelan ports in behalf of Germany.

Foreign Secretary Richthofen sent a special message to Ambassador Tower here at 8 o'clock yesterday evening, informing him that the protocols would be signed during the evening and expressing his pleasure at the happy result.

Chancellor von Buelow and Baron von Richthofen both express satisfaction and approval of the United States' conduct and friendly attitude throughout.

Baron von Sternberg, by direction of his government, informed Secretary Hay in advance of the character of any important proposal made to Mr. Bowen.

In at least two instances, written memoranda of Germany's position were supplied to the United States.

SAYS HIS WIFE SIGN AN ADDITION WAS GUILTY TO PROTOCOLS OF MURDER. OF POWERS.

HUSBAND DECLARES THAT HE MADE A FALSE CONFESSION.

WELLINGTON, Kansas, Feb. 14.—In the trial of John Cummins for the murder of Anna Dishman a 13-year-old servant girl, the defense sprang a surprise today by stating that it would be proven that the murder was committed by the defendant's wife.

It would be shown, the counsel for the defense asserted in his statement to the jury, that Mrs. Cummins held an irresistible influence over her husband and that she had forced him to make a written confession of the crime to save herself.

Cummins in his confession, said that he struck the girl on the head and then locked her in an outhouse, where she was left without attention until she died.

TOLD TO WITHDRAW THE WARSHIPS.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The Associated Press is informed that instructions have been telegraphed to the commanders of the blockading squadrons off Venezuela to withdraw their ships in consequence of the arrangements completed at Washington. The blockade, therefore, will be immediately raised.

THE POWERS WANT TO HAVE A CLEAR AGREEMENT ON SUBJECT.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—In further explanation of the articles of the protocols signed last night by Mr. Bowen and the representatives of the allies here, the following addendum was prepared and duly signed by all of the negotiators this morning:

"Our interpretation of the protocols was and is that the thirty per cent of the total income of the customs receipts of La Guayra and Puerto Cabello shall begin to be set apart on the first day of March, 1903, and continue to be set apart through the said month, and that the first payment will be due not the first of March, but the first of April, 1903.

(Signed) "HERBERT W. BOWEN, "MICHAEL H. HERBERT, "E. MAYOR DES PLANCHES, "H. STERNBERG."

MARSHAL IS INDICTED. ST. LOUIS, Feb. 14.—Thomas E. Barrett, marshal of the St. Louis Court of Appeals, was indicted by the Federal Grand Jury today on the charge of complicity in registration frauds. Several other indictments on the same charge were contained in the Grand Jury's report.

Officers of the Law Will Try and Help the People Who Have Lost Their Money.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 14.—The Grand Jury's investigation into the turf investment companies, was resumed today. Neither E. J. Arnold nor his manager, L. A. Gill, has yet been found for service by the Sheriff. For evidence in respect to the methods of the Arnold Company, the Grand Jury is depending on the books and papers of the concern and the testimony of some of its lesser employees. Interesting developments as to the identity of some of the investors, who are shown to be prominent in St. Louis, are expected.

From the correspondence and literature of the firm seized as evidence by the Grand Jury, it develops that Post Office Inspector George A. Dice recommended a fraud order against this concern after his investigation. Instead of the order, it is said, Arnold & Company received a letter from an influential postal official which they used as an advertisement.

The writing of this letter and the reasons for over-ruling the recommendation of Inspector Dice will be made the subject of a sweeping investigation.

Arnold & Company employed the best legal talent in several cities to look after their business and watch for such developments. Letters are said to have been found from at least one member of the Missouri Legislature pertaining to the interests of the company at Jefferson City.

The legislative committee appointed to inquire into the business methods of grain and turf investment companies, met in joint session at the Southern Hotel to examine witnesses. Representatives of all the turf investment companies and six of the grain and stock investment companies of St. Louis had been requested to appear before the committee and Sergeant-at-Arms John M. Stephenson had been furnished with papers to compel their attendance.

BUSINESS IS NOW BOOMING AT LONG WHARF.

Consignments of Steel Rails, Lumber and Coal Arriving Daily for Southern Pacific Company.

At the long wharf of the Southern Pacific Company traffic is booming to the point of congestion. Big ships from all parts of the world are arriving daily and discharging great cargoes of iron, lumber, coal, and sugar. The three first named articles are almost entirely for the consumption of the Southern Pacific Company.

This spring the Southern Pacific Company will spend a greater amount for the maintenance of roadway than ever before in its history. Owing to the congested state of the big eastern rolling mills, orders for rails for the Southern Pacific Company are being held back. Many orders from Eastern railroads are in ahead of them, and there seems no likelihood that the company will be able to get its orders filled within a year or two.

For this reason the Southern Pacific has been obliged to place orders with European mills in order that the steam highways may be maintained to an efficient point and improved in co-ordination with the progress in fast time schedules and rolling stock.

At the long wharf the first consignment of an order amounting to several million of dollars with a firm at Antwerp, Holland, has just arrived in the German steamer Comax, consisting of 6,500 tons of 80 pound steel rails. The duty alone on this great cargo amounted to \$52,000. The rails are 26 and 33 feet long and will be used to replace the 82½ pound rails where needed, and for extending the line to various points where the company is building. They are being shipped to all points along the road.

Mr. Wastel, who is soon to be general storekeeper of the Western division, under the new regime, the storekeeping system of the Southern Pacific Company, has entire charge of the receiving and distribution of the rails.

Jake Hall is the foreman in immediate charge of the train loaded with rails left for points above Sacramento. This, however, is only the first cargo of rails. There are five more German steamships expected at intervals during the next month or two. It is estimated that the duty alone on the rails, amounting to nearly \$8 per ton, will aggregate something like one-fourth of a million dollars.

BIG SHIPMENT OF LUMBER FROM THE NORTH.

In line with the improvement of roadway, the Southern Pacific is receiving immense quantities of lumber from Humboldt county and Puget Sound.

The carpenter shops and planing mills at the West Oakland yards are running full blast in an endeavor to prepare the material for new bridges and buildings contemplated along the entire system. Steps are being taken to increase the capacity of the mills in this regard and two new boilers are being placed in the mill with this object in view.

Yesterday morning the steamer Alcatraz tied up at the long wharf with a big cargo of redwood from the Eureka mills. Hammond Bros. Lumber Company have also been making big ships lately. The steamer Arctic landed 60,000 feet of redwood the other day for a large Eastern order through this company. The steamer Eureka has just finished discharging a cargo of 76,000 feet of redwood for the Hammond Lumber Company to place in their yards about the bay.

The steamer Bertha Miner, is at present discharging a cargo of 160,000 feet of lumber from Puget Sound for the use of the Southern Pacific Com-

CASPAR MILLING COMPANY BUILDING A N.W. ROAD.

The Caspar Milling Company of Mendocino county are putting in a railroad from their mills to new logging camps and forests as yet unopened.

The road will be several miles in length when completed. The steamer Samson has just left with a cargo of rails intended for the new lumber line.

Carney & Roy, railroad contractors, are doing the work and have employed between three and four hundred men.

COAL SHIPMENTS.

The steamer Comax is at the long wharf discharging a cargo of 10,256 tons of coal for the Southern Pacific Company. The coal comes from British Columbia. The steamer Algon has just finished discharging a cargo of coal for the same company.

SHIPMENT OF POWDER.

The steamer Montara, freighted with 120 tons of powder for the Treadwell mines, left day before yesterday for Alaska. The powder was supplied by The Hudson Powder Company and the Hercules Powder Company.

HAVEMEYER SUGAR COMPANY RECEIVING RAW SUGAR.

The Havemeyer Sugar Company of New York is receiving immense consignments of raw sugar from the Hawaiian Islands. Yesterday the ship Danubius was discharging a cargo of 38,000 sacks. These sacks weigh on an average 120 pounds each.

The Falls of Clyde from Hilo finished discharging a cargo of 33,500 sacks the other day and the Nevada from Honolulu has also finished discharging 52,140 sacks.

In the next few days the S. G. Wilder will arrive from Honolulu. The Makawell from Eleele, the George W. Watson from Hanna, and the Diamond Head from Laina, are expected during the next few weeks, all freighted with sugar for the Havemeyer refineries in New York.

The sugar is shipped by rail to Galveston, Texas, and is there loaded on to steamships of the Morgan syndicate, and is taken thence to New York.

NOTES AND PERSONALS GATHERED ABOUT THE YARDS.

John Peacock, a stevedore living in East Oakland has just become the father of a baby boy.

Mr. Remus, a janitor at the long wharf, has been obliged to lay off three weeks on account of acute rheumatism.

Andy Hyde, Master Mechanic at Port Costa, was about the yards yesterday on a business trip.

The Thoroughfare has been repaired and is again making her regular trips. J. B. Carrig has been appointed foreman of the machine shop recently established at Tracy.

When the innocent boys throw stones at the queer old man it is sport; but when the queer old man heaves the dornicks back at them it is extremely wicked. Cincinnati Enquirer.

Famous Ventura Case is Ended By the Court.

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 14.—The famous Ventura divorce case, involving a kidnapping, was decided finally by Judge Levey in the District Court here today, when Mrs. Ventura-Conrad was given the custody of her child, Lillian.

Five years ago Mrs. Ventura secured a divorce from Professor Louis de Ventura, but he was given the custody of the child and took her to California.

Mrs. Ventura later married E. A. Conrad of Minneapolis, and kidnapped the child. Then she sought a modification of the divorce decree, the court today deciding in her favor.

The divorce case attracted wide attention.

Among the depositions taken were those of Governor Cummins, Mrs. Phoebe Hearst and William Dean Howells, the author.

AMATEUR BATTLE IN TOWN OF NEWARK

NEWARK, Feb. 14.—John Dugan took a business trip to San Francisco on Thursday last.

The newly married couple, Charles Palse and bride, were entertained at the home of Peter Palse on Sunday last. Mrs. Palse served a dinner for her guests.

Mrs. John Dugan attended the funeral of Mrs. Alice Dugan in San Francisco on Tuesday last. Mrs. Dugan spent several weeks in Newark, at the Dugan home, but was removed to St. Joseph's Hospital some weeks ago, and from there to the home of her sister, where she died. She was 27 years old.

There was a little scrap between J. Wilkins late of Los Angeles, and Henry Martin of Newark on Thursday night. Mr. Martin announced that he thought he could whip any amateur in this section. Mr. Wilkins thought he couldn't, and to back his belief, offered to meet Mr. Martin in the ring. Accordingly, the match was made and after six rounds had been fought, it was found that Wilkins' opinion as to his fighting qualities was correct. He having knocked down his opponent five times. Mr. Wilkins weighed in at 133 pounds. He is 25 years old. Mr. Martin is 24 years old and his weight is 133 pounds. The gate money was divided between the contestants. Mr. Wilkins states that he is open to meet all amateur fighters weighing from 132 or 133 pounds. He goes to San Jose Friday for a short visit and later will return to Newark, where he is employed in Graham's foundry.

WOMEN'S EMPLOYMENTS.

The industrial sphere of women is constantly enlarging, and of late years women have been invading every line of employment. From the returns of the last census it appears that out of 303 separate occupations reported there are only eight in which women workers fail to appear. It is not surprising that there are no women among the soldiers, sailors and marines of the United States Government, yet there are 153 women employed as "boatmen" and sailors.

Women have not yet invaded the ranks of the city fire departments, still not less than 879 women are returned in the same general class of "watchmen, policemen and detectives."

There are no women street-car drivers, though there are two women "motormen" and thirteen women conductors.

Women have not as yet taken up the employment of telegraph and telephone "linemen," yet 22,500 of them are operators for these companies.

There are no women apprentices and helpers among the roofers and slaters, yet two women are returned as engaged in these employments.

There are 126 women plumbers, 45 plasterers, 137 brick and stone masons, 24 paperhangers, 1750 painters and glaziers and 545 women carpenters and joiners.

No women are returned as helpers to steam boiler-makers, but eight women work at this industry as full mechanics. There are 193 women blacksmiths, 571 machinists, 3370 women workers in iron and steel, 890 in brass and 1775 women working in tin.

SOME DAY.

Some day by laws as fixed and fair As guide the planets in their sweep, The children of each outpost here The harvest fruits of time shall reap. The peasant's brain shall yet be wise, The unfamed pulse beat calm and still, The blind shall see, the lowly rise, And work in peace time's wondrous will.

Some day, without a trumpet's call, This news shall over the earth be blown; The heritage comes back to all; The myriad monarch takes their own.

—Thomas Wentworth Higginson.

Seven Buildings Totally Destroyed By a Fire in Pittsburg This Morning.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 14.—One person was cremated, two fatally hurt, two other seriously injured and seven buildings totally destroyed by fire in Tarentum, a village twelve miles north of here, early today. Ray Craig, aged 13, was cremated while his father was trying to rescue him.

The injured:

D. J. Craig, burned about head and body, also hurt while jumping from second story; will die.

Mrs. Craig inhaled smoke and flames and injured by jumping; will recover.

Hope Craig, 8 years of age, burned about body, also skull fractured by falling from window; will die.

Sherley Craig, daughter, aged 10 years,

burned about face and body, arms and leg broken by jumping; may die.

The fire had its origin in the Craig residence, which stands in about the middle of a block of frame houses. Each of the houses destroyed had the first floor occupied as a store the living rooms being above and in the rear.

When the Craig family was awakened, the only escape was by the second story windows. Mrs. Craig dropped the girls from the window, while her husband tried to rescue his son, but before he could reach the bedside the entire house was in flames and the parents were forced to abandon him and jump. The fire was caused by an overheated natural gas stove. The property loss is about \$50,000.

COOKED HIS OWN MEALS. LEADERS HAVE BEEN TAKEN TO PRISON.

ENGINEER EDWARDS SUES NEGLECTFUL WIFE FOR A DIVORCE.

After playing the role of a henpecked husband for fifteen months F. W. Edwards, a Southern Pacific engineer, has decided to divorce his wife, Kate A. Edwards, on the ground of extreme cruelty. The divorce complaint has been filed by Attorney W. H. L. Hynes, who represents the aggrieved husband.

The principal act of cruelty is that Edwards was compelled to wash and iron his and his wife's clothing and cook their meals. It was not an unusual thing, he claims, for him to come home and find his wife gone and in such cases, he prepared his own supper, or went to bed hungry. They had one child, but the little one died. While it lived, he says, he was compelled to wash its linen and attend to the infant.

But these were not the only acts of cruelty. Edwards says his wife called him vile names and caused him great mental anguish by saying that his mother was "no good." He also says she corresponded with a man named Bill Morris at San Ramon.

ARCH-DUCHESS PASSES AWAY.

VIENNA, Feb. 14.—The Arch-Duchess Elizabeth, mother of the former Queen Regent Maria Christina of Spain, died today. Queen Maria Christina passed through Paris yesterday on her way to her mother's bedside.

BOGUS COLLECTOR.

Editor TRIBUNE.—The directors of the West Oakland Home have been informed that a woman, is soliciting subscriptions and also requesting people to adopt children from the West Oakland Home. As no one has been authorized to take any such action, the directors desire to warn the public against this imposition.

Yours respectfully, GRACE L. TREVON, First Vice President West Oakland Home.

EASTERN WEATHER.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.—Temperatures at 7 a. m.: New York, 34; Boston, 30; Philadelphia, 36; Washington, 40; Chicago, 24; Minneapolis, 2 below; Cincinnati, 34; St. Louis, 30.

Are You Insured?

Fire Insurance Companies in their policies state that they "shall not be liable for loss to accounts, bills, currency, deeds, evidences of debt, money, notes, or securities."

We remind you of the fact that ALL Valuables placed in our Safe Deposit Vaults are absolutely secure from loss by fire or burglary. The rent of an Individual Steel Safe, to which you can have access as often as you desire, is Four Dollars a year.

THE

Oakland Bank of Savings

BROADWAY AND TWELFTH STREETS.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL \$1,000,000.00
CAPITAL PAID IN 480,000.00
SURPLUS FUND 194,183.48
DEPOSITS, JANUARY 1, 1903 \$252,643.24

ISAAC L. REQUA, President. W. W. GARTHWAITHE, Cashier.
HENRY ROGERS, Vice-President. E. C. HAGAR, Assistant Cashier.

Thieves Break in

and rob private residences, apartments and offices because mechanics leave holes in such structures, convenient for them.

The Central Safe Deposit Vaults provide every Protection for valuables vouchsafed by human care, skill and ingenuity, and the cost is only nominal, the best private safe ever built only \$4.00 a year.

"The Central Safe Deposit Vaults are the most modern, safest and best we have ever built."
(Signed) Herring Hall Marvin Safe Co."

CENTRAL BANK

Authorized Capital - - - \$1,000,000
Paid Up Capital - - - 300,000
Surplus Fund - - - 225,000

Elegantly finished Fire Proof Rooms built for the exclusive use of the CENTRAL SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS. PERMITS PRIVACY AND INSURES ABSOLUTE SAFETY. Visitors always welcome.

Fourteenth and Broadway

Oakland, Cal.

Mr. Geo. J. Casanova of Hotel Grif-
fon, West 9th street, New York City,
writes: "I have commenced using Stu-
art's Catarrh Tablets and already they
have given me better results than any
cure I have ever tried."

A leading physician of Pittsburg ad-
vises the use of Stuart's Catarrh Ta-
blets in preference to any other treat-
ment for Catarrh of head, and throat
or stomach.

He claims they are far superior to
inhalers, salves, lotions or powder, and
are much more convenient and pleasi-
ant to take. They are harmless, the
little children take them with benefit,
as they contain no opiate, cocaine or
any poisonous drug.

a. m. and 7:30 p. m., Paul's Epistle to the Ephesians.

★

FOR THE METROPOLITAN.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—Additional entries for the Metropolitan are coming in. The latest to reach the hands of Secretary Crickmore are Waswift, Sidney C. Love and Floccarine, from the stable of M. H. Tichenor of Chicago, and P. M. G. Sambro, The Tichenor and Civil entries came from New Orleans. Mr. Crickmore had expected a dozen entries from that quarter. The total number of Metropolitan entries to date is sixty-five and several are looked for from California.

Bet, Franklin and Broadway,
 OAKLAND,

... ..

OAKLAND, ~~REDACTED~~

... ..

... ..

WHAT WOMEN ARE DOING IN MANY PLACES

PRESIDENT CASTRO'S WIFE.

So much has been said of President Castro of Venezuela that his wife, who is a most unusual woman, has been left in the background. When he married, and before he made himself, president, Mme. Castro was a simple country girl. Venezuela was therefore much surprised to see her take her place as the wife of the president in Miraflores, the palace, with such ease and grace as to make her at once a charming and delightful occupant of that high position. Her people worship her, and will they may, for in her they find a friend who is always ready and willing to help them in their times of sorrow and depression.

President Castro has very little time for purely social functions. Therefore, he is seldom, except at infrequent intervals, seen in company with his charming wife. She is always attended by her private secretary, Banet de Nazaris, who acts as her interpreter, for Mme. Castro speaks no language but her own soft Spanish. This she does in such a sweet and unaffected manner that one listens to every word she says, and cannot help smiling with delight at her bright little upturned face. Like the president, her husband, she is short and dark. Her eyes are large and dark, and her whole expression is almost childlike in its simplicity. She is now about 28 years old. She dresses extremely well, and her jewels are exquisite.

The Catholic faith is to her very real, while to the average Venezuelan it is merely a perfunctory form. Easter is an interesting time in which to view this people and their religious celebrations. Then one sees men and women thronging the city and the cathedrals. It is a surprise for the remainder of the year is passed, by the women, behind barred windows, where they sit idly the greater part of the day, dressed in cheap finery, powdered and painted to the last degree, and

holding in one hand the proverbial fan and in the other the book whose pages are seldom cut and still more seldom read.

THE ACME OF COMFORT.

In the effort of the fashionable element to obtain luxuries, the great roomy carriage for use at night has been discarded and opera wagons are now used. They are large electric vehicles, with seats crosswise, like the Fifth Avenue stages, and are upholstered in seal leather. The Clarence H. Mackays own one of the finest models, although it has not been in commission since the death of John W. Mackay. The Mackay wagon combines every recent improvement and the ventilating appliances are along the same line as a modern Pullman car. In this way men smoke in the carriage without annoying the women. To stimulate smoking, on one side of the stage is an oaken box filled with cigars and cigarettes and equipped with sponges to produce moisture. Then there is a secret door below the smoke chest that conceals a tiny cupboard, where are powder puffs, smelling salts and other conveniences for femininity. Eight people may sit in the opera carriage without crowding, and the motor is one of the most perfect that ever were imported from France.

NOVEL DINNER CARDS.

Hostesses on the alert for dinner novelties will be interested in the scheme of a woman who recently gave a dinner at which postal cards were used as dinner cards. The cards represented many cities and countries, and were beautifully illustrated with views of public buildings, bits of scenery, pretty women and children and scenes characteristic of the places in which they were laid.

The cards were laid at each plate, with the address side, bearing the name of the guest for whom it was intended, upper-

most. On turning it over the guest beheld some feature of the country or city from which he or his ancestors had come, or something illustrative of his individual tastes, occupation or fads.

The hostess, who is of Dutch blood, had a view from that country, with a windmill in the background. A Frenchman had one with a view of the Champs Elysees, and an Irishman's postal had its jaunty car and driver. A pretty Canadian girl had a postal card from Canada with soldiers led by a girl, and the motto, "Where's the coward that would not dare to fight for such a queen?" A Southerner had a cakewalk, and an elderly Southern lady's card had a colored mammy, underneath which had been written by the hostess, "Remember old times."

A musician had a card ornamented with a figure bearing a lyre. An artist had a painter with a palette on her card, and the one intended for a singer bore the portrait of a famous prima donna.

The cards are inexpensive and can be varied almost indefinitely to meet special occasions and to take off the fads and peculiarities of the guests.

ART AND NATURE.

To learn to sit gracefully is an art; not an instinct. The woman who understands the art gives no evidence of the dominance of one part of her physique over another. Nor does she lounge. She sits erect.

Directness of the trunk, a good pose of the head and graceful disposition of the lower limbs are necessary, if one would sit well.

Don't sit with crossed legs, not on account of a mere rule of etiquette, but because leg crossing is injurious.

When you cross your legs you fit the knee cap of the lower limb into the cavity under the knee of the upper one. In the cavity that you thus compress are two important exterior and interior popliteal

nerves and a number of glands and blood vessels.

Compression does not agree with these organs. It benumbs, weakens and emasculates them. You feel the injury in a numbness of the whole leg—it goes to sleep.

Keep on with the habit and your legs weaken. They become thin, they lose their shapeliness. It is only those who never cross their legs who have strong, supple and beautiful limbs.

When sitting at a table or desk to write, the bending should be from the hip joints, when it is necessary to lean over, and never from the waist.

The fatigue of sewing is trebled when a woman sits with bent shoulders, curving the spine above the waist, and the resulting cramped chest depresses all the vital organs, forcing them from one to three inches below their normal position.

Above all, it is important for the short person to sit erect, for, when in a perfectly upright position, one may actually gain an inch or two in height. The woman who knows how to sit and stand erect can apparently add to the height of her figure and impress beholders with a far greater sense of dignity than another with natural advantages indifferently cultivated. She also grows more of a thoroughbred in looks and movements.

ALL LOOK ALIKE.

The women of society in New York are not distinctive according to a member of the sex who has traveled much. "It does beat all," she said, "how New York audiences baffle me. Business and pleasure take me twice a year to the leading cities of the country. I always go to the theaters. A glance at the boxes reveals the social status of the occupants. An indefinable something proclaims persons of importance. But in New York I can never tell who is who. The women may be social leaders, intel-

lectual giants, reformers or chorus girls. All are dressed equally well or conspicuously. The faces in repose tell the same story—the struggle to keep up with the procession. As for the men, identification is no less difficult. Millionaire, counter-jumper, chef or bookmaker—all put on a brave front and shift places in the spectacular shuffle."

THE ANIMAL FAD.

There is a decided inclination to introduce about every specimen of both tame and wild animals, birds, fowl, fish and creepy-looking reptiles in expensive jewelry. A panther entirely composed of diamonds except glittering emerald eyes is in a Broadway shop, and two beautiful gold cats with diamond eyes are beside an emerald peacock. Not far away is a surprising swan with a body of opals and two raised wings, all studded in diamonds.

BAKED SCALLOPS.

Put two tablespoonsful of butter into a frying pan and one of chopped onion. Cook until the onion is tender, then stir in half a dozen small mushrooms quartered. Meanwhile have ready one pint of scallops cooked in their own liquor for ten minutes, with enough white sauce to make quite moist, and salt and cayenne pepper to season. Fill individual ramekins with this mixture, sprinkle bread crumbs browned in butter over the top and put the dishes in the oven only long enough to thoroughly reheat the contents. Serve at once. Some think the addition of a little sherry an improvement.

MARYLAND ROUND CAKE.

Rub one pound of butter and one pound of powdered sugar to a smooth cream. Beat the yolks and whites of twelve eggs separately until they are very light. Add the yolks to the cream, and when they are well blended, stir in the whites. Sift the flour and all it little by little until

all has been added and the cake is well blended. Grate the rind of one lemon and add it to the juice. Strain through a fine sieve and stir into the cake. Beat vigorously until perfectly smooth and very light, for at least a half hour. Then pour into the buttered pans, lined with buttered paper and bake thoroughly in a moderate oven, usually from one hour to one and a half. Test with a clean broom splint thrust into the center.

COFFEE JELLY.

A delicate and easily made dessert is coffee jelly. Soak half a box of gelatine in half a pint of water one hour. Add to it three gills of strong, clear coffee and one cupful of sugar. When the sugar is dissolved, bring all just to a boil, set on ice to harden. Serve with whipped cream.

CHOCOLATE COOKIES.

Stir to a cream one cupful of butter and two cupfuls of sugar. Add four well beaten eggs, a half bar of chocolate melted or grated, a half teaspoonful of soda and four enough to roll thin. It usually requires about four cupfuls.

LEMON COOKIES.

One cupful of butter, two cups of sugar, three eggs, one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, one-half teaspoonful of soda, two tablespoonsful of sour cream or thick milk (if you use the milk you will need more butter), lemon to flavor, and flour to roll very soft.

GINGER COOKIES.

One cupful of brown sugar, one and one-third cups of molasses, one cup of sour milk, one cup of shortening, one egg, one heaping tablespoonful of soda, one tablespoonful of vinegar, one tablespoonful of ginger, one tablespoonful of cinnamon and flour to mix very soft. Bake in a steady oven, spread out on a clean white or manila paper to cool, and

pack in a stone jar.

PREFERRED ANOTHER PLACE.

A colored brother, who had recently lost his wife, with whom he had not lived in perfect harmony, was receiving consolation of Brother Dickey, who said to him: "Well, you'll meet her in heaven; so cheer up!" But at this the brother looked more dejected than ever. Finally he said: "Parson, does you think de yuther place is ez hot ex dey say it is?"—Atlanta Constitution.

THE KITTENS.

Milly—"I'm writing to Dolly. Have you any message for her?" Tilly—"What? Writing to that horrid creature? Well, give her my love—Exchange."

THE AGE OF AGREEMENT.

News—"Say, how long does a man have to be married to a woman before she agrees with him in everything?" Oldw—"You'll have to ask someone else, my boy, I've been married only thirty-seven years."—Chicago News.

IT PAYS SOMETIMES.

To show a woman that you are disposed occasionally to have your own way. To take time to digest a seemingly unkind remark before giving way to temper. To show a man you appreciate his efforts to do you a kindness. To allow a woman to feel that she is capable of guiding a man's course. To give a man the impression that you respect his opinions while differing with him. To trust to the honesty of a man when you are unfamiliar with the fine points of his profession. To give attention to the well-meant advice of a woman of advanced years. To be reconciled with the man who brings to you tales of his wife's follies.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE PROGRESSIVE WOMAN

Charlotte Teller in a very entertaining article about Miss Jane Addams, says that one of the most interesting experiments at Hull House grew out of Jane Addams' visits to the women of different nationalities; she became interested in the skill of the women in weaving. The Syrian women, the Russians, Italians and Irish all worked from time to time at the occupation which at home meant so much and in this country of factories so little. It occurred to her that the whole history of spinning and weaving might be exemplified if the women could be persuaded to take their various apparatus to one place, leaving it there on exhibition when not working. This was done, and out of the co-operation has come what is known as the labor museum, a unique illustration of what is usually only to be learned in theory from books. Cooking, basket-making, metal work, wood carving, and sewing are all done under the new roof put up to meet the needs of this study in the institution of the oldest of the arts. Another advantage of the common workshop is its effect on the young people of the neighborhood. Miss Addams found that many of the foreign women were looked down on by their children because of their old country ways and inability to speak English. When the women work together, producing results evidently of value, they gain in importance, and the younger generation feels its own insignificance. It is to be noted how entirely this labor museum is in accord with the working principles of the new school in education, which insists that industrial processes must be learned actively as a part of life, and not merely from hear-

say information in the world of books. It is in this support of radical educational methods that Jane Addams earns her title to social educator, although perhaps she is not conscious that this side of the work is the most significant of all. She works to democratize social life by living among the people who have the least, and bringing others down to the threshold of poverty to see for themselves.

Most of the people who come to live at the settlement are doing some work to gain a livelihood, and choose Hull House as their home for the sake of what they may learn, while giving of what they have. The house itself is a lesson of simplicity of furnishing, decoration and art textures, fine pictures and rare bric-a-brac show the taste of Miss Addams, who furnished the house at the beginning of its history. Since then many of the residents and some of the outside friends have given pieces of furniture and pictures, sometimes enough for a club room or a suite. None of the money given to settlement work has ever been spent on the house itself.

Everything speaks of the executive ability and character of the leader, whose discretion and discrimination in the choice of helpers has made this effort in behalf of greater social democracy what it is. A record of the twenty years' history lies in the buildings themselves; there is the children's building, in which there is creche and kindergarten. There is a room in the Butler building for exhibits. The coffee house, in the style of an English inn, is crowded daily. The gymnasium and auditorium are lighted up nearly every evening either for clubs, dramatic performances, trades union

meetings or public speaking in various tongues. The Jane Club is a co-operative establishment kept up by thirty independent, self-supporting young women who live there. And there are the newer buildings devoted to club work and apartments. All of these may be said to be the direct result of Jane Addams' own use of each opportunity as it has come to her. She is invited to the houses of many of the richest families of the city, and she teaches the gospel of Tolstoy wherever she goes—that "the rich should get off the backs of the poor." As Ella W. Peattie has said: "Her attitude of mind has always been that of a student. She has a patience which includes all men, all sins, all conditions, all prejudices, all superstitions. Whatever else may be said of her, she is largely tolerant. Possibly she is the most largely tolerant soul in this great community of souls who do not commune; this commonwealth which is not common; this industrial corporation called Chicago in which industry crushes and makes men."

THE PRESIDENT AND WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Theodore Roosevelt is the first President of the United States since Abraham Lincoln who had expressed himself publicly in favor of woman suffrage before attaining the Presidency. Cleveland proved himself favorable to it by actions rather than words, as he signed the bills giving to women partial suffrage in New York when he was Governor of that State. Hayes favored it in his quiet way, and helped to get a woman's rights resolution through

the Republican national convention of 1872. Garfield recognized its growing importance. He said: "Laugh as we may, put it aside as a jest if we will, keep it out of Congress or political campaigns, still the woman question is arising on our horizon larger than the size of a man's head; and some solution ere long, that question must find." Mrs. McKinley presented a handsome doll to the national suffrage bazaar not long before her husband's assassination, and Ohio suffragists, in their resolutions of regret for President McKinley's death, spoke of him as a sympathizer with the cause. Some other Presidents were believed to be more or less friendly to it, but Roosevelt and Lincoln have been the only ones to put themselves conspicuously on record.—Progress.

PARLOR TRICKS.

JET OF WATER IN A VACUUM.

Fill an empty bottle about three-quarters full of water. The cork must be pierced with a bit of sound straw or hollow glass, or a few inches of glass piping of small diameter. In any case, this tube must descend near the bottom of the bottle. Hermetically seal the cork with varnish or sealing wax.

Now cover your flask with a large pickle bottle upside down, which must first be warmed over a lamp, or candle flame. In order to prevent the air from getting in it must be placed on a few sheets of wet blotting paper, smoothly laid on a plate. Press the pickle bottle firmly down on the blotting paper so as to exclude all air.

Now, in a minute or two, the contraction of the inner air from the cooling of the bottle will cause a jet of

water to issue from the medicine bottle—an automatic fountain—and, if the directions have been strictly adhered to, you will perceive it break into a thousand drops of liquid crystal.

A WONDERFUL GLASS.

Take a thin and high-sounding cut glass tumbler, fill it nearly full of water, and place on its borders, after drying them well, a cross of equal branches cut from paper. Turn down at right angles the ends of the branches of the cross, in order to prevent it from slipping off. If you now cause the glass to vibrate by rubbing some part of its exterior surface with your wet finger, as if you were going to make it ring, you will perceive the glass to emit a sound; but, more than this, you will notice the following phenomena: If your finger rubs the glass under one of the branches of the paper cross, the latter will remain stationary; but if you rub a part of the glass situated between the branches of the cross it will begin to turn slowly, and will not stop until the end of one of the branches arrives over the part rubbed by the finger.

TO SUSPEND A RING BY A BURNED THREAD. Soak the thread in salt, dry it, and tie it to a ring. If the thread is now burnt it will be found that the ashes of the thread will suspend the ring. A touch will break the thread and allow the ring to drop to the floor.

THE INCOMBUSTIBLE THREAD.

Wind some linen thread tightly around a smooth pebble and secure the end; then, if you expose it to the flame of a lamp or candle the thread will not burn, for the heat traverses the thread without remaining in it and attacks the stone. The

same sort of trick may be performed with a poker, around which is evenly pasted a sheet of paper. You can poke the fire with it without burning the paper.

TO BREAK A POLE PLACED ON GLASSES.

Take two tumblers of equal size, fill with water and place at such a distance from each other that the ends of a wooden rod may rest upon the edges of the tumblers; then with another rod strike sharply the one between the two glasses, just in the middle, and the wooden pole, if not very strong, will be broken, while the glasses remain unharmed.

THE MELTED COIN.

Place the coin in half a walnut shell and fill the shell with a mixture of three parts of dry, powdered niter, one part of flour of sulphur and a little sawdust, well sifted. Light it, and when the mixture is melted it will be seen that the coin is also melted, the shell not having sustained any injury.

HOW TO MELT STEEL.

Heat a piece of steel in the fire until it is red hot; then, holding it up with a pair of pliers or tongs, take in the other hand a stick of brimstone and touch a piece of steel with it. Immediately after the contact you will see the steel melt and drop like a liquid.

THE TUMBLING EGG.

Fill a quill with quicksilver, seal it at both ends with good strong wax; then have an egg boiled; take a small piece of the shell off the small end and thrust in the quill with the quicksilver; lay the egg down, and it will not cease tumbling about as long as there is any heat in it.

Or, if you put quicksilver into a small bladder, blow it out and then warm the bladder it will jump about as long as it remains warm.

THE CLOCK PLANT.

The conservatory of Purdue University, Lafayette, Ind., is in possession of several rare specimens of what is known in botany as the "des medium gycan," or clock plant. The plant is so named on account of the peculiar action of its leaves when coming in contact with the sunlight. The plant is a native of Borneo, and in its native state never exceeds three feet in height. The young plants at the Purdue conservatory are only four inches in height, the bloom is pea-shaped, and lilac in color. The name clock plant is derived on account of the action of the sun's rays on the leaves. These leaves are three in number, a large one extending forward, with two small ones at the base pointing sideways. These coming in contact with the rays of the sun oscillate like the pendulum of a clock, the larger leaf moving upward and downward, going its full length every forty-five minutes, the smaller leaves moving toward the larger completing the distance forward and back every forty-five minutes, thus resembling the hour and minute hands of a clock. The United States conservatory at Washington, having lost the same character of plants by the cold of the present winter, have requested the university to supply them with specimens, and several plants will be given the government for use in the conservatory at Washington. The specimens at Purdue are the only ones in existence in this country.

CHOICE SELECTIONS JUST FOR THE BOYS

SOCIAL LIFE FOR BOYS.

One of the first lessons taught the cadets at both West Point and Annapolis is their duty to their guests. When their sisters and mothers, to say nothing of pretty girl friends, rally for any of the social events for which these two national training schools are famous, the cadets are obliged, by certain unwritten rules, to play the host right royally, every moment during which they are free from duty. They must see to it that their sisters' dance cards, or those of the aforementioned pretty girls, are filled before the night of the dance. They must also arrange it so that no dull or idle moments will come to the guests while in Annapolis or West Point. This is one reason why men of the army and the navy are so popular in all drawing rooms.

AN ENTERTAINING GAME.

The traveler leaves the room. The

rest of the company decide on the countries they will represent. These are some of the representations which may be used. A girl who represents a Turkish lady may recline upon a sofa. For her turban she may use a twisted handkerchief, and she may smoke a pipe made from an ordinary stick. A German lady should be knitting with her feet on the stove. A Laplander, warmly wrapped, should be shown driving reindeer, which may be represented by turned over chairs. The Lap should have a rug over his knees. A gypsy's tent may be easily contrived with a shawl and a couple of chairs. A German student can be shown singing a Rhine song, wearing a turndown collar and carrying a knapsack and a book. Other countries may be represented by similar simple devices. When all are ready the traveler comes into the room and endeavors to guess what nation each person represents by his ap-

pearance, occupation, etc.

ADMIRAL NELSON'S BOYHOOD.

No sailor, unless it be Farragut, has achieved such undying fame as Horatio Nelson, the British admiral.

As a little boy, Nelson showed those qualities which afterwards made him great. He distinguished himself in the naval service of his country before he was out of his teens.

Weak and sickly as a boy he was filled with indomitable pluck and courage. The free life of a man of war hardened a boy naturally far from strong and built up a constitution which originally had been far from robust.

Horatio was 12 years old when, as a pale, shivering, little atom of humanity, he went on board the man-of-war Raisonnable, commanded by his uncle, to take up his duties as a midship in the British navy.

In order that he might get practical experience at sea, his uncle sent Nelson on a trip to the West Indies, from which he returned a good sailor and with his health much improved.

He went to the guardship lying in the Thames and as a reward for the progress he made in the study of navigation, was put in command of one of the small boats attached to the large ship and used to patrol the channel leading up to London. So by the time he was fourteen he was a good navigator, a skillful seaman and a capable pilot.

An expedition was fitting out for Arctic exploration, and as it was to be a work of hardship and danger it was decided that only grown men of good physique should be allowed to go. But Nelson was filled with a desire to see the wonders of the region of perpetual ice and snow and through the influence of his uncle, Captain Sucklin, he was al-

lowed to go with the expedition. The exploring ships remained in the Arctic Seas all summer and met with many adventures, narrowly escaping from being caught in the ice and crushed, or held prisoners through the long night of the Northern winter.

Young as he was, Nelson had command of one of the ship's boats and when the vessels seemed hopelessly hemmed in by the great fields and floating mountains of ice he was sent to find passage to open water.

On one occasion the boy officer was discovered by his captain out on an ice floe at some distance from the ship, engaged in a fight with a big polar bear. He had fired his gun without killing the bear and was now about to attack the enraged animal with his clubbed musket. The captain fired a gun from the ship which scared off the bear, and probably saved Nelson's life.

When the captain scolded him for his

rashness the boy replied, "I wanted to kill the bear in order that I might carry the skin home to my father."

THIS is a subject which is discussed by Mrs. D. T. S. Denison in the February Pearson's. Mrs. Denison holds that it is both womanly and worth while, and she thus sums up the aims of its members:

With no special reform to advocate, with no demands for rights or privileges, but only a general purpose to advance every interest which educates and refines, there has grown, from year to year, a sense of woman's responsibility toward the wage-earners of her own sex, and especially toward those to whom she is naturally guardian—the great body of child wage-earners, to whose sufferings employers and legislators are often indifferent. The general federation has followed rather than led in establishing committees, which make a common center for lines already actively promoted by clubs and State federations, such as civics and civic improvement, forestry, civil service,

household economics, and libraries, in addition to its committees on education, art, industrial conditions as affecting women and children, and reciprocity. By the maintenance of these committees the weaker State or club can, in its special work, benefit by the experience of all other States and clubs in the quickest and most practical manner.

NEGRO WOMEN'S PROGRESS.

Even if the clubs of negro women are barred from the national federation of white women, they are nevertheless doing some good work on their own account. Their lines of endeavor include temperance, social purity, settlements, kindergartens, day nurseries and mothers' meetings, and at the annual meeting of the southern federation some of the clubs, notably the Phyllis Wheatley of New Orleans, made good reports of day nurseries and prison reform work. The Atlanta women have done something by way of maintaining free kindergartens, and in Alabama and Mississippi there is much attention given to mothers' meetings. Mrs. Booker T. Washington is president of the federation.

POETRY THAT WILL INTEREST THE WOMEN

THY DUTY HEED TODAY.

Today unsullied comes to thee—new-born. Tomorrow is not thine; The sun may cease to shine

Be earnest then, in thought and deed, Nor fear approaching night; Calm comes with evening light. And hope and peace. Thy duty heed today. —Ruskin.

THE SEA.

One sails away to sea, to sea, One stands on the shore and cries; The ship goes down the world, and light On the sullen water dies.

The whispering shell is mute, And after is evil cheer;

She shall stand on the shore and cry In vain, Many and many a year.

But the stately wide-winged ship lies wrecked, Lies wrecked on the unknown deep; Far under, dead in his coral bed, The love lies asleep. —William Dean Howells.

LIFE.

I play with life on different days In different moods; Sometimes my wayward spirit strays In wonderful solitudes. Sometimes I seek the crowded ways Of the world's gay multitudes.

Sometimes my soul is as fierce and mad

As a winter sea; Sometimes my soul is brave and glad, And the hours are good to me; But often enough it is tired and sad, Poor wretch of eternity. —Olive Custance (Lady Alfred Douglas).

"THE ROSES IN MY GARDEN."

The roses in my garden Were white in the noonday sun; But they were dyed with crimson Before the day was done.

All clad in golden armor, To fight the Saladin, He left me in my garden To weep, to sing and spin.

When fell the dewey twilight, I heard the wicket grate,

There came a ghost who shivered Beside my garden gate. All clad in golden armor, He dabbled with red dew; He did not lift his visor, And yet the face I knew.

And when he left my garden The roses all were red, And dyed in a fresh crimson; Only my heart was dead.

The roses in my garden Were white in the noonday sun; But they were dyed with crimson Before the day was done. —Maurice Baring, "The Black Prince."

A PRESENCE.

In the old house she sits

Still in the same low chair; While she patiently knits, Rocks in the silence there. Knitting, with head bent low, Weak hands, wrinkled and old, Here where the firelight glow Long on the hearth lies cold.

When the gray moth its fill Seeks in the shadowed bowers, Then, with slow step and still, Walks she amid the flowers.

Ever a quiet ghost, Gentle and old and sweet, Here where we knew them most Linger the age-worn feet. —Core A. Matson Dodson.

AT LIFE'S CLOSE.

Oh, what a glory doth this world put

For him who, with a fervent heart, Goes forth Under the bright and glorious sky and looks On duties well performed and days well spent!

For him the wind, aye, and the yellow leaves, Shall have a voice and give him eloquent teachings. He shall so hear the solemn hymn that Death Has lifted up for all that he shall go To his long resting place without a tear. —Longfellow.

ETERNAL LIGHT.

Slowly, by God's hand unfurled,

Down around the weary world, Falls the darkness, O, how still Is the working of His will!

Might

ENDEAVORERS IN CONVENTION.

ANNUAL CONVENTION IS BEING HELD IN COLLEGE TOWN.

There are two important events in which all Alameda County Endeavorers should be vitally interested—the annual convention to be held in the First Presbyterian Church of Berkeley this afternoon, beginning at 3:30, with an intermission for basket lunch at 5:30 and reception to Rev. C. E. Eberman. At the evening session the president's annual report will be given, and Rev. Eberman and Rev. Work will give addresses.

Take the Telegraph Avenue cars from Oakland and get off at Ellsworth and Allison Way. Do not miss this convention, Endeavorers' friends, it is going to be worth your while to spend a few hours there.

At the workers' conference to be held by Field Secretary Rev. C. E. Eberman, this afternoon, questions like the following will be asked and answered: What makes a good people's society a Christian Endeavor Society? What is the testimony concerning its value? What is your argument for the Christian Endeavor pledge? What is your best prayer meeting idea? What ought the business meeting to be and to do? What helps are available for Christian Endeavor work? What is the relation of the Endeavor Society to the junior society? What is the relation of the society to church loyalty and inter-denominational fellowship? What is the relation of the individual to the society?

This conference will be a part of the annual convention of Alameda County Christian Endeavor Union, at the First Presbyterian Church, Berkeley, this afternoon and evening.

Mrs. Lillian Baxley, the county superintendent of Junior Christian Endeavor work, called a rally of the East Oakland Juniors at the Tenth Avenue Baptist Church last Sunday afternoon, at which the praise service was led by Mr. H. E. Keifer and a "chalk talk" was given by Mr. Wright of Berkeley. Three Juniors gave interesting papers on "What a Junior Can Do in His Church," "What a Junior Can Do in His Home and Among His Friends" and "What a Junior Can Do in His Community." The little group of Juniors were intensely interested in the meeting, and it is hoped that a greater enthusiasm in their own society meetings will be one of the results gained from this union service.

Miss Maude Howard has recently taken charge of the Junior work in the Tenth Avenue Church, and is doing effective work there.

The First M. E. Society observed Christian Endeavor Day with an appropriate program, the speakers being W. M. Gardner, C. F. Baker and Dr. Dille. Another special feature of the meeting was the reception of twenty-seven new members, twenty of these being graduates from the Mizpah Intermediate Society.

A social was given for these new members last Friday evening in the church parlors. A choice program of music and readings was rendered, and several lively games were played in the evening, refreshments were served, and the pastor made some felicitous remarks. The decorations and prizes were appropriate to the Valentine season, calling forth a pun to the effect that the affair was "heart-y" in more senses than one.


Piedmont Baths. First-class Turkish and Hamman Baths. Finest service on the Coast; experienced attendants. Also swimming tank for ladies and gentlemen. Take Piedmont car to Twenty-fourth street.

Are You Going to send for your friends in the East? If so, you can deposit your money now at the "Overland Ticket" office of the Pacific Coast, 153 Tenth street. The following rates will take effect from February 15 to April 30: From Chicago, \$33; St. Louis, New Orleans and Memphis, \$30; Omaha, Kansas City and Missouri river points, \$25.

Couches, Bed Sofas. Odd Rockers, fine holiday gifts for Ma or Pa. See them at H. Schellhaas, corner 11th and Franklin streets.

Tomorrow Our Day. Special Bargains for goods suitable for a special at H. Schellhaas, corner store 11th street.

TOURISTS. If you are thinking of buying a piece of city property, or a piece of land, or a handsome bargain advertised in the classified department of THE TRIBUNE.

CASITORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of 

SHERIFF'S SALE. In the Superior Court of the County of Alameda, State of California. EUGENE A. MANTILL, Plaintiff, vs. SARAH MANTILL (ALSO KNOWN AS SARAH HEINE), GUSTAVE A. HEINE, JOHN E. DAWY, RICHARD J. DOE and RICHARD J. ROE, Defendants.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Superior Court of the County of Alameda, State of California, wherein Eugene A. Mantill was Plaintiff, and Sarah Mantill (also known as Sarah Heine), Gustave A. Heine, John E. Dawy, Richard J. Doe and Richard J. Roe were defendants upon a judgment rendered the 6th day of October, A. D. 1902 for the sum of Four Dollars, United States Coin, besides allowing costs and interest, I have this day levied upon all the right, title and interest of said defendant, Sarah Mantill, in and to the following described Real Estate, to-wit: "All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the Township of Oakland, County of Alameda, State of California, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Lot number Ten (10) in Block 'E' as said Lot and Block are delineated on that certain Map of 'The Parson's Golden Gate Tract,' and filed in the office of the County Recorder of Alameda county, on the third day of October, 1899, in Book 9 of Maps at page 22."

Public Notice is hereby given that I will on Monday the 16th day of February, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, in front of the Court House door of the County of Alameda, sell at Public Auction, for S. C. Col. all the right, title, claim and interest of said plaintiff, Eugene A. Mantill, in and to the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, with interest and accruing costs, and expenses of sale, etc., to the highest and best bidder.

JOHN N. BISHOP, Sheriff. Dated, Oakland, January 23, 1903. CURTIS HILLIER, attorney for Defendants, Call Building, San Francisco.

LEGAL. ORDINANCE NO. AN ORDINANCE REGULATING THE RATES AND COMPENSATION ALLOWED TO BE COLLECTED BY ANY PERSON OR CORPORATION SUPPLYING WATER FOR DOMESTIC AND PRIVATE OR FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES TO THE MUNICIPALITY. IN THE CITY OF OAKLAND, FOR THE YEAR COMMENCING JULY 1, 1903, AND ENDING JUNE 30, 1904.

Be it ordained by the Council of the City of Oakland, as follows:

That the monthly rates of compensation for supplying water be as follows:

GENERAL RATES.

Section 1.—For houses and dwellings occupied, and public and private business buildings, or portions thereof occupied by a single tenant, not including other specified rates herein, having a ground surface (exclusive of porches) of:

Square Feet.	Rate for 1 Story.	Rate for 2 Stories.	Rate for 3 Stories.	Rate for 4 Stories.
1 to 400	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
401 to 600	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
601 to 800	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
801 to 1000	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
1001 to 1200	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
1201 to 1400	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
1401 to 1600	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
1601 to 1800	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
1801 to 2000	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
2001 to 2200	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
2201 to 2400	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
2401 to 2600	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
2601 to 2800	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
2801 to 3000	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
3001 to 3200	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
3201 to 3400	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
3401 to 3600	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
3601 to 3800	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05
3801 to 4000	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05	\$.05

For one-story, covering more than 4000 square feet, each additional 200 square feet or fractional part thereof, \$.05.

For two stories, fifty per cent, three stories, one hundred per cent, and four or more stories one hundred and ten per cent shall be added to the ground surface rate for one story.

ADDITIONAL FAMILIES.

Where a house or dwelling is occupied by more families than one the rate for each additional family shall be thirty per cent of the foregoing rates, except where tenement subdivisions and each occupied by a separate family, then the rate charged shall be the same for each flat or tenement subdivision as for a single house of like dimensions.

BOARDS, LODGERS, BUSINESS OFFICES, ETC.

Section 2.—For buildings containing boarders, each boarder, therein 8 cents in addition to other rates herein applying thereto.

Section 3.—For buildings containing lodgers, business offices, restaurants, clubs and boarding schools, in addition to other rates herein applying thereto, for each room ordinarily occupied 8 cents, excepting therefrom the rooms, if any, occupied by the single family managing or maintaining the building.

STORES, BANKS, HOTELS, SALOONS, FIRE PIPES, ETC.

Section 4.—Stores, banks, warehouses, mercantile shops, blacksmith shops, carriage shops, carriage and business premises, not including other rates herein applying thereto, at rates per Section 1 hereof.

For churches, Sunday schools and halls used for religious or devotional services, fifty per cent of the rates as per Section 1 hereof, provided that no charge shall be made for such services, and no charge shall be made for such services, and no charge shall be made for such services.

For saloons, wine rooms, bars, beer halls, places of amusement, groceries with bars connected therewith, drug stores, restaurants, bakeries, eating-houses, barber shops, butcher shops, confectionery, cigar stores, galleries, printing offices, book binderies, green houses, horse troughs, soda fountains and engine houses, according to the estimated quantity of water used at from one dollar to eight dollars, or in case of disagreement in estimates between the supplier and consumer, the rate shall be as per Section 1 hereof, provided that no charge shall be made for such services, and no charge shall be made for such services, and no charge shall be made for such services.

Public and private schools, slaughterhouses, breweries, bottling establishments, railroads, steam engines, power, motors, factories, mills, manufacturing, laundries, or for other purposes not especially rated in this schedule, and requiring a large quantity of water, at meter rates, as per Section 1 hereof; providing that no charge under such rates shall be less than two dollars. Meters shall be appraised at the expense of the consumer to all the water for protection, and monthly bills shall be charged for the same at regular meter rates, provided, however, that the monthly bill shall not be less than one dollar for each half-inch of diameter of pipe used.

WATER CLOSETS, BATH TUBS, ETC.

Section 5.—For each water closet in private use in one private dwelling, 25 cents.

For each water closet for use in hotels, boarding and lodging houses, boarding schools, saloons, public houses, public buildings, public premises, or in a position accessible to more than one private family, \$.075. Valve closets, hopper closets, drain closets, trough closets and privy vaults connected with sewer or cesspools, each seat to be charged at the same rate as the water closet, but no appliance of this description not supplied with a self-closing valve is hereby rated or permitted.

For each urinal accessible to the public or to more than one private family, fifty cents.

For each bath tub in private dwelling, \$.035.

For each bath tub in hotels, boarding and lodging houses, boarding schools, or accessible to more than one private family, \$.075.

Swimming baths at meter rates as per Section 1 hereof.

LAWN SPRINKLING, ETC.

Irrigation of lawns, six mills per square yard.

Flower gardens and cultivated grounds, five mills per square yard, not including watering of lawns and truck patches, which shall be separately rated.

There shall be no charge for sprinkling or irrigation of lawns or flowers less than

LEGAL. MISCELLANEOUS USES.

Section 8.—For water used for washing or wetting sidewalks, windows, fronts of buildings, and general miscellaneous uses, not herein specifically designated, per lineal foot of frontage, five mills, hose used for these purposes shall not have a nozzle larger than one-fourth of an inch in diameter of orifice.

Sprinkling of streets by private parties is prohibited.

HORSES AND COWS.

Section 9.—For horses kept in private stables, including water for washing one vehicle, 50 cents for the first horse, 25 cents for each additional.

For each horse kept in livery stable, including water for washing one vehicle, 35 cents, provided that no livery or public stable shall be charged less than \$2.00.

For each car, stage, omnibus, saddle or draught horse or mule, 35 cents.

For each cow, 25 cents.

BUILDING PURPOSES.

Section 10.—It shall be the duty of any person desiring to use water for building purposes before commencing the construction of the same, to obtain from the water company an amount estimated under the terms of the ordinance, to be sufficient to cover the charges for water required, and to receive therefor a certificate of such deposit and a permit to use water for the purpose specified from any conveyance of the water company. After the completion of work, the final adjustment of charges for water used is to be made on the basis of rates as follows:

For water used to make mortar, for each 1000 bricks used, 10 cents.

For water to slack each barrel of lime for any other purpose than for laying brick, 15 cents.

For cement work, 10 cents per cubic yard for concrete, 5 cents per square for plaster or 10 cents per barrel of cement used.

For water used for settling earth, when replacing it in a ditch or trench, 2 cents per lineal foot of trench. No person shall make any connections with the pipes of any water company, or draw or use water therefrom for any of the purposes specified in this section, till he shall have complied with the provisions hereof.

METER RATES.

Section 11.—Water furnished any premises for any or all other purposes not otherwise specified or specified in this schedule shall be supplied by meter at the following rates:

Thirty-three cents per hundred cubic feet for first 2000 cubic feet used per month.

Thirty cents per hundred cubic feet for the next 3000 cubic feet (between two and five thousand) used per month.

Twenty-eight cents per hundred cubic feet for the next 5000 cubic feet (between five and ten thousand) used per month.

Twenty-seven cents per hundred cubic feet for the next 10,000 cubic feet (between ten and twenty thousand) used per month.

Twenty-six cents per hundred cubic feet for the water used in excess of 20,000 cubic feet used per month.

Section 12.—For water used for sprinkling streets, roads and alleys by the City of Oakland, its officers, employees, or those contracting with the city for the work of sprinkling said streets, roads or alleys, or by persons authorized by the city or its officers, the rate shall be as follows: For the city monthly, at meter rates, as per Section 11 hereof, the quantity used to be determined by meters, or by an accurate monthly account, to be kept by the Superintendent of Streets, of the number of nozzles or sprinkling wagon loads used, correct copies of said accounts to be furnished by the Superintendent of Streets at the close of each calendar month to the person, association, or corporation supplying or furnishing said water.

Water used by the City of Oakland, its officers, employees, or persons authorized by the city or its officers, for flushing or cleaning sewers, shall be supplied through meters only and the quantity of water so used shall be charged to and paid for by the city, monthly, at meter rates, as per Section 11 hereof, provided that no charge shall be made for such services, and no charge shall be made for such services, and no charge shall be made for such services.

The rate of compensation to be charged and collected monthly from the City of Oakland, for water supplied to and by, and through fire hydrants, for fire purposes, or for the protection against fire, thus afforded, not including water used for any other purpose, shall be \$5.00 for each fire hydrant.

RATES—LIABILITY FOR AND WHEN PAYABLE.

Section 13.—The owner of property occupied by more than one tenant, supplied through the same service, will be liable for the payment of the water bills, though the Water Company may collect from the tenants, by arrangement with the owner.

Municipal and meter-water rates are due and payable at the end of each current month; all other water rates are due and payable monthly in advance for each calendar month. If any bill is not paid on or from any premises on which the rentals are in arrear twenty days, and an additional charge of \$1.00 may be imposed for again turning the water on to such premises.

RATING, INSPECTION AND WASTE PREVENTION.

Section 14.—The Water Company, association, corporation or person engaged in the business of supplying or furnishing water, shall by authorized agents, make personal examination of the premises of any applicant for water, or of any connections, and shall designate rates strictly in accordance with those herein established.

Said agents shall have free access between reasonable hours to all premises supplied with water, for purposes of ascertaining and designating rates as well as for purposes of inspection and the prevention of waste.

In no case where the fixed rate above provided, other than meter rates, are applicable, shall any charge for water be made by meter rates, for the purpose of this ordinance to provide for all dwelling houses a fixed monthly rate, which shall not be increased by the person, association, corporation or person supplying water, provided, however, that the person, association or corporation supplying water shall have the right in all cases to apply and maintain meters to measure the water used or

LEGAL. CONSUMED, AND TO CHARGE AND COLLECT FOR WASTE OR EXCESSIVE USE UNDER THE CONDITION OF THE CONTRACT, WHICH VEHICLES SHALL BE IN THIS SECTION AND NOT OTHERWISE.

No consumer shall be deemed guilty of waste or excessive use unless the water used and consumed on his premises in thirty months shall exceed by more than fifty per cent the number of cubic feet, which at regular meter rates amounts to his rated bill under the flat schedule. Any additional excess shall be deemed waste or excessive use.

Immediately after the discovery of any waste or excessive use, the consumer shall be notified thereof by the person, company or corporation supplying water, by notice, personal or mailed to his address, or to the agent or person to whom water bills are presented for collection. After such notice the consumer may be charged, and there may be collected from him for any waste or excessive use therefor meter rates, but such charge or collection shall not exceed for the first month the sum of \$2.00.

COMPLAINTS.

Section 15.—If any person shall consider that the legal rate is being exceeded said person shall give written notice to such officer of the city, or to the water company or corporation making the same, or to the City Engineer, demanding therein a re-inspection of the premises complained of, and a re-adjustment of the rates applying thereto, and should the supplier be willing to restore to the consumer the overcharge, if any, made under this schedule, within thirty days after such notice, no further action shall be taken in the matter. If, however, no just redress is made, the particulars of the disagreement may be presented to the City Engineer, who, sworn to before the Clerk of the Council, and accompanied by a deposit of five (\$5.00) dollars, the Council shall thereupon at its next meeting, refer the matter to the City Engineer, who shall be authorized to make a survey of the premises complained of. The City Engineer shall, within ten days thereafter, make a survey as directed, and shall report to the Council immediately thereafter, as to whether the rates set forth in this ordinance have been exceeded. If it shall appear from the report of the City Engineer that the premises have not been overcharged, then the person complaining shall forfeit the deposit of five dollars to the City Engineer, which sum shall be paid to the City Engineer as his fee for making the survey. If, however, it should appear that the premises complained of have been overcharged, then the deposit in the hands of the City Engineer shall be returned to the person who made it, and the person, firm or corporation supplying the premises with water, shall pay to the City Engineer the sum of five dollars as a fee for making a survey of the premises complained of.

ERECTION AND REPAIR OF HYDRANTS.

Section 16.—For fire hydrants ordered erected or re-set by the City of Oakland, or its qualified officers, the City of Oakland shall be charged for and shall pay to the water company, association, corporation or person owning the water main to which such fire hydrants are to be connected, the actual cost of the same, plus ten per cent for supervision and use of tools.

Any fire hydrants shall require necessary repairs to maintain them in an efficient condition for fire purposes and protection the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department shall in writing order the repairs made by the water company, association, corporation or person engaged in the business of supplying water to said hydrants, and the bill of costs therefor shall be rendered to and paid for by the City of Oakland.

CHARGES FOR SERVICES.

The water company, association, corporation, or person engaged in the business of supplying water shall be charged to collect for water service connections consisting of tapping the water mains, placing the cock therat, running pipe therefrom to a point opposite to said tap, and the cost of the same shall be charged to the person, firm or corporation engaged in the business of supplying water to said hydrants, and the bill of costs therefor shall be rendered to and paid for by the City of Oakland.

For one-half-inch pipe connections, \$10.00; three-quarter-inch pipe connections, \$12.00; for one-inch pipe connections, \$16.00; one and one-half-inch pipe, \$20.00; two-inch pipe, \$35.00; three-inch pipe, \$50.00.

The water company, association, corporation, or persons engaged in the business of supplying water are hereby prohibited from collecting more than the sum of \$2.00 each for the turning on of water to such service connections as have been disconnected at the main for just cause, or for re-connecting those disconnected by order of the consumer or his agent, and the cost of such service shall be charged to the consumer, and shall be paid for by the city, monthly, at meter rates, as per Section 11 hereof, provided that no charge shall be made for such services, and no charge shall be made for such services, and no charge shall be made for such services.

NOTICE OF DISCONNECTION.

Any consumer may at any time upon the payment of accrued bills, notify the company, association or corporation supplying the water supply upon his premises, after which no charge shall be made for water for said premises, until the use of water is resumed. Provided, that in order to secure a rebate, notice must be given at the office of the city, before the fifteenth of the month of the intention to have water turned off by the first of the following month. No rebates of more than half a month will be allowed. No section, however, shall be made in the schedule rate for any premises, as long as the water is turned on the same.

SCHEDULE REPRESENTS MAXIMUM.

Section 18.—This ordinance affixes the maximum beyond which any person, firm or corporation shall not be permitted to charge or collect for water, fire hydrants or service connections.

DATE OF GOING INTO EFFECT.

Section 19.—This ordinance shall take effect and be in full force from and including the first day of July, 1903, and shall remain in force until and including the thirtieth day of June, 1904.

In Council, Oakland, Cal., February 9, 1903.

Passed to print by the following vote: Ayes—Messrs. Bishop, Boyer, Cadman, Schaffer, Ruch, Wixson and President Schaffer—4.

Noes—Messrs. Cuvellier, Dornin, Fitzgerald and Wallace—4.

Absent—None.

Attest: ROD W. CHURCH, City Clerk.

Oakland, February 10th, 1903.

14-2-10-101.

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby cautioned not to take any action under the provisions of the ordinance published in this paper, until they have received notice given to such grantee that there are any such dead animals upon the said streets, squares, alleys and highways of the said city, upon receiving the fee therefor.

And that all such dead animals so re-

Notice of Application for Franchise.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR FRANCHISE AND PRIVILEGE FOR THE COLLECTION, REMOVAL AND DISPOSITION OF DEAD HORSES, MULES, JACKASSES, OXEN, COWS AND STEERS, FROM THE PUBLIC STREETS, SQUARES, ALLEYS OR HIGHWAYS OF THE CITY OF OAKLAND, AND FROM OTHER PLACES THEREIN STATING THE CHARACTER OF SAID FRANCHISE OR PRIVILEGE PROPOSED TO BE GRANTED, THE TERM OF ITS CONTINUANCE, FIXING THE DAY, TIME AND PLACE, WHEN AND WHERE, TENDERS AND BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED FOR SAID FRANCHISE; THAT SAID FRANCHISE WILL BE AWARDED TO THE HIGHEST CASH BIDDER THEREFOR, AND ALSO CONDITIONS OR REQUIREMENTS THAT WILL BE IMPOSED UPON OR REQUIRED OF THE GRANTEE OF SUCH FRANCHISE, AND FIXING THE MAXIMUM FEE THAT SHALL BE CHARGED BY ANY SUCH GRANTEE THEREUNDER.

Public notice is hereby given that ALFRED AYHENS, on the 2d day of February, 1903, made application to the City Council of the City of Oakland, in the County of Alameda, State of California, asking said City Council to grant to such applicant and his assigns, an exclusive franchise or privilege to collect, remove or dispose of dead horses, mules, jackasses, oxen, cows and steers, found upon the public streets, squares, alleys and highways of said city, or killed on the Public Pound, or found elsewhere therein.

That the term of the continuance of said franchise or privilege is twenty-five (25) years, from and after the date of the granting of the same.

That it is proposed by said Council to grant said franchise or privilege.

That sealed bids for such franchise will be received by said City Council, by and through its Clerk, at the office of said City Clerk, in the City Hall of said City of Oakland, up to and including 6 o'clock P. M. on the 16th day of March, 1903.

And that the successful bidder and his assigns must, during the life of said franchise, pay to the said City of Oakland, the sum of \$100.00 per annum, in advance, and to all such receipts of the person, partnership or corporation to whom such franchise is awarded, arising from its use, occupation or possession. No percentage shall be paid for the first five years succeeding the date of said franchise, but thereafter such percentage shall be payable annually, and in the event said payment is not made, said franchise shall be forfeited.

The said franchise or privilege will be granted to the person, firm or corporation, who shall make, the highest cash bid therefor, provided only that, at the time of the opening of said bids, which opening of said bids will be had by said City Council at a meeting of said Council, to be held on said 16th day of March, 1903, whether said meeting be regular, adjourned or special meeting, any responsible bidder, partnership or corporation present, or representative, may bid for said franchise or privilege, a sum not less than ten (10) per cent above the highest sealed bid therefor, and said bid, so made, may be raised ten (10) per cent, by any other responsible bidder present, and the said bid, so raised, shall finally be struck off, sold and granted by said City Council, to the highest bidder therefor, in Gold Coin of the U. S., and said successful bidder shall be required to deposit with said City Council, by and through the Clerk thereof, the sum of \$500.00, and said bid, within twenty-four (24) hours thereafter, and in case he or it shall fail so to do, then the said franchise or privilege shall be granted to the next highest bidder therefor.

That the grantee of said franchise or privilege shall file a bond, running to said City of Oakland, with at least two (2) good and sufficient securities, to be approved by said City Council, in the penal sum of \$500, which said bond shall be conditioned that such bidder and grantee shall well and truly observe, fulfill and perform each and every term and condition of such franchise, and that in case sum or less than ten (10) per cent above the whole amount of the penal sum herein named shall be taken and deemed to be liquidated damages, and shall be recoverable from the principal and sureties upon said bond.

That said bond shall be filed with said City Council within five (5) days after said franchise is awarded, and in case said bond shall not be so filed, the award of such franchise shall be set aside, and the same may be granted to the next lowest bidder or again offered for sale, in the discretion of said City Council.

That the said franchise will be granted to the person, firm or corporation who shall make the highest cash bid therefor, provided only that at the time of the opening of said bid any responsible firm or corporation present, or representative, may bid for said franchise or privilege, a sum not less than ten (10) per cent above the highest sealed bid therefor, and said bid, so made, may be raised ten (10) per cent by any other responsible bidder present, and said franchise or privilege shall be struck off, sold and granted by said City Council to the highest bidder therefor, in gold coin of the United States, and that said successful bidder shall be required to deposit with said City Council, or such person, as said Council may direct, the full amount of his or its said bid, within twenty-four hours thereafter, and in case he or it shall fail so to do, then the said franchise or privilege shall be granted to the next highest bidder therefor.

That said franchise, and the ordinance granting the same, shall impose on the grantee of said franchise the duty to remove such dead animals found upon the public streets, squares, alleys and highways of said city within three hours after notice given to such grantee that there are any such dead animals upon the said streets, squares, alleys and highways of the said city, upon receiving the fee therefor.

And that all such dead animals so re-

LEGAL. ORDINANCE NO.— AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING AND DIRECTING THE CITY ASSESSOR TO PROCURE, IN THE NAME OF THE CITY OF OAKLAND, THE VALUATION OF PROPERTY WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE CITY OF OAKLAND, AS FIXED BY THE COUNTY ASSESSOR OF THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA, FOR THE YEAR 1903 AND IN THE MANNER PROVIDED IN SECTION 3,653 OF THE POLITICAL CODE.

Be it Ordained by the Council of the City of Oakland, as follows:

SECTION 1.

For the valuation of the property contained therein, the City Assessor is hereby authorized and directed to procure by making written request therefor in the name of the City of Oakland, a copy of the assessment roll of the County of Alameda, for the year 1903, as provided in Section 3,653 of the Political Code.

For the assessed value thereof, the City Assessor is authorized and directed to procure by making written request therefor in the name of the City of Oakland, a description of all personal property within the limits of the City of Oakland, whenever the City Assessor of the County of Alameda, for the year 1903 is collected by the County Assessor.

SECTION 2.

This ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its approval. In Council, Oakland, Cal., January 26, 1903.

Passed to print by the following vote: Ayes—Messrs. Bishop, Boyer, Cadman, Courtney, Cuvellier, Dornin, Fitzgerald, Wallace, Wixson and President Schaffer—10.

Noes—None.

Absent—Mr. Ruch—1.

Ruinart
CHAMPAGNE
RUINART pere et fils, RHEIMS France
Established in 1729
HILBERT BROS., SAN FRANCISCO
213-215 MARKET STREET,
Agents Pacific Coast
VARNEY W. GASKILL, Sole Agent

**Hoyt's Comedies at the Macdonough and
Clever Bills at Other Playhouses—De
Lussan Will Sing in Oakland.**

BANKS.

Farmers' and Merchants' Savings Bank
1103 BROADWAY
Near Twelfth Street, Oakland, California.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
The Interest is paid semi-annually, and the rate is as high as is consistent with conservative Banking.

LOANS MADE ON REAL ESTATE.
Mortgages are used exclusively in making loans on Real Estate, the use of Deeds of Trust having been discontinued.

EDSON F. ADAMS.....President
CHAS. E. PALMER.....Vice-President
GEO. S. MEREDITH.....Cashier
H. A. MOSHER.....Assistant Cashier

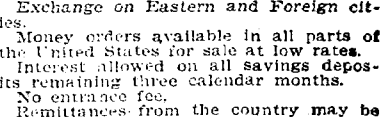
DIRECTORS.
Samuel Bell McKee Wm. H. Taylor
R. S. Farrelly A. W. Schafer
J. S. Osgood H. F. Gordon
F. H. Macdonald Chas. E. Palmer
Edson F. Adams.

UNION NATIONAL BANK
Located on the Northwest Corner of Broadway and Twelfth Streets, Oakland, Cal.

THOMAS PRATHER.....President
EDSON F. ADAMS.....Vice-President
CHARLES E. PALMER.....Cashier
WILLIAM H. HIGH.....Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS.
Edson F. Adams Bush Finnell
William H. High R. S. Farrelly
C. E. Palmer John C. Adams
Thomas Prather.

Exchange—Domestic and Foreign at current rates.
Correspondents — Chemical National Bank, New York; N. M. Rothchild & Sons, London; Rothschild Freres, Paris; Die Direction der Discount Gesellschaft, Berlin; Bank of California, First National Bank, Crocker-Woolworth National



San Francisco, and books will be returned.

First National Bank

— OF —

OAKLAND

Northeast corner Tenth and Broadway.

Capital Stock Paid Up.....	\$300,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits.....	\$9,000

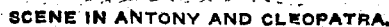
P. E. BOWLES.....	President
C. MORRHOUSE.....	Vice-President
L. G. BURROUGHS.....	Cashier
E. N. WALTER.....	Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS.

P. E. Bowles.....	H. Taylor
W. W. Irwin.....	L. C. Morrhouse
H. W. Metcalf.....	E. A. Heron
W. H. Chickering.....	E. G. Burpee
W. W. Everson.....	

Principal Correspondents:

American National Bank, San Francisco.
 First National Bank, San Francisco.
 National Park Bank, New York.



California Bank.

Masonic Temple Building,
Corner 2nd and Washington Streets,
Oakland.

D. EDWARD COLLINS.....President
JOHN W. PHILLIPS.....Vice President
FRANK H. BROOKS.....Cashier

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

John W. Phillips	W. W. Whitman
D. Edward Collins	Amos Zarrow
Benjamin Smith	John A. Britton
James P. Taylor.	

Transacts a general banking business.
Foreign and domestic exchange bought
and sold. Correspondence solicited. Spe-
cial attention paid to the collection of
debts for individuals, firms and corpora-
tions.

TO INVESTORS!

The Pacific Vacuum Ice Company,
owning the Patent Rights in the States
of Nevada, Oregon, Washington, Califor-
nia and Idaho, for the Vacuum Process
of manufacturing Hygienic pure ice and
refrigeration, offer to the investing pub-
lic for the next 60 days 50,000 shares
of Preferred Cumulative 6 per cent per an-
num guaranteed dividends (free of taxes)
stock at \$1.00 per share, with a bonus of
one share of Common Stock. The Com-
pany have purchased Block No. 12, sit-
uated on 104th Ave. Corner Nineteenth and Harrison
streets. Work on property now progressing,
so as to be in actual operation by
May 1st of this year, with a 100 ton per
day plant.

Plants will be erected in Cities and
Towns within our territory. This ice
plant may be made for 50c per ton, and in one
hour's time. A fifty ton ice plant will
be erected in Oakland within a short
time.

For further particulars address
FRANK W. MARSTON, President,
Pacific Vacuum Ice Company,
Rooms 519-520, Park Building, San
Francisco, Cal.

UNION LABOR PARTY OPENS THE CITY MILLIONS FOR HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS. CAMPAIGN IN WEST OAKLAND.

Large Meeting is Held in Alcatraz Hall—Speeches Made by Mayor Schmitz, E. L. Bair, Union Labor Nominee for Mayor and Other Candidates.

The Union Labor party opened its campaign last night by a meeting at Alcatraz Hall at Seventh and Peralta streets, in West Oakland.

The meeting was called to order by Dave Sinclair, who said, when he was introduced.

"It seems to me a great honor to be even a layman of this great party and to be chosen to preside over a meeting of such men as are now assembled to discuss the burning issues of the day. I will not make any further remarks, as I know that you are waiting to hear the speeches of the speakers of the evening."

Mayor Schmitz then introduced Mayor E. E. Schmitz of San Francisco.

Mayor Schmitz was received with applause by the crowd that by that time filled the large hall to overflowing. He said in part:

MAJOR SCHMITZ.

"This is not the first time I have been before you, but tonight I have the extreme pleasure and honor of being allowed to touch the nation which starts this city campaign for the Union Labor party of Oakland. Your wives are properly here, I believe, and your victory at the polls is assured."

"You represent the great principle laid down by Lincoln of government of the people, by the people and for the people. I have come to you to say a few words in behalf of that great principle. This is a great meeting tonight and it augurs well for the success of the Union Labor party. I hope that you will not only elect Mr. Bair, but the entire ticket you have named from top to bottom. You have the right principle. I have said you can't make oil and water mix, nor can you. (Applause) Blood is thicker than water and I have come to Oakland tonight to speak for that same blood. It runs through the veins of every citizen of Oakland. I expect to see you place in office the union people of Oakland. I don't see how it can be otherwise. I have no sympathy for the consolidation of the old parties. It has been proven that the wage-earner can give just as good an administration as any man you can put in office. What we want in office are those who will carry out the great principles of special privileges to none and equal privileges to all. That is the great principle of the Union Labor party."

GLAD TO SPEAK.

"I am glad to speak a word for your candidates for Mayor. You need but to look at him to see that he is an honest man. Mr. Bair is a man that you can go to, but you will not have to go to him, for he will always have the interest of your city at heart. He lives in Oakland, not in some other town."

"I am sorry that I cannot be with you tonight, but I must attend a meeting in San Francisco tonight and must leave you. (Applause) However, let me urge that you support the entire Union Labor ticket from top to bottom."

At the conclusion of Mayor Schmitz's remarks the band played "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean," and three cheers were given for Schmitz.

BAIR'S ADDRESS.

Defending cheers greeted the name of E. L. Bair, the Union Labor nominee for Mayor, who was next introduced by Chairman Steve.

"There are times in a man's life when he is wholly unable to express his emotions," said Bair. "That is true with me now. My emotions are those of love, of sympathy, of loyalty and of patriotism. I represent the bone and sinew of the working classes. I believe we can lift this grand young party to a higher plane."

"We are approaching the gray dawn of perfect civilization, which will crystallize and establish the brotherhood of man. But there are many barriers in the way of progress. Our hopes are to be realized by education, by the equal development of physical, mental and moral faculties."

LIBERTY.

"Ingersoll says that liberty is the right to think right and to think wrong, and to do right, but not the right to do wrong. There has always been a conflict between truth and error. Right and wrong; justice and injustice. Let us all remember that eternal vigilance is the price of liberty, or victory or success, as you

BOBBY BURNS SAYS:

"The Honest Man Tho' E'en Sae Poor Is King O' Men for A' That."

The honest man is honest with himself, with the body God gave him. He is careful to choose the amusements and foods which most nearly bring about the results which he wishes to obtain. Of all these proper food is the most important. He recognizes the need of a "strong mind and sound body" and seeks a form of sustenance which will not move the machinery of the human system out of line.

Trimming legs is a humble occupation and the man who follows this laborious calling truly earns his living.

A workman in the pine forests of North Carolina writes: "I used to drink about 9 cups of coffee a day and I got so I had headaches so bad I had to give up work. My heart would flutter and sometimes I seemed to stop beating. While I was sick a friend advised me to quit coffee and use Postum Food Coffee. So I got some and by the very next day I felt better."

"In one week I was back to work trimming legs which is very hard work. I had a friend here in the camp who was like I had had consumption. He was weak and ill. I persuaded him to give up coffee and use Postum. He began to improve steadily until now he is well again and what we thought was consumption is all gone. He would not use Postum at first, said it did not taste good, but I made some of it for him and made it right and now his imaginary consumption is all gone. I thank you for restoring my health." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Michigan.

will. We should all strive to not only better our own condition but to make our nation stronger by cultivating those traits and qualities which tend most strongly to ennoble our race. Success is not measured by wealth alone—the greatness of a nation or a community, by wealth alone, but by the character of its people."

JUSTICE.

"Strong, courageous, high-minded, justice-loving people make a great nation. Now then, I wish to call your attention to unionism. Experience has taught us that unions are a power. Whether that power shall be used for the good of all concerned or shall be a menace to society depends almost entirely upon the character of the leadership and ethical standard of trade union policy. Like corporations, if they are to succeed, they must be sane. None are strong enough to live and do otherwise. We may be proud of and cherish our liberties, but we must remember that liberty is the right to do right and not to do wrong. This is a land of justice; at least, that is the will of the majority, and the will of the people should be the law of the land."

ONWARD MARCH.

"Civilization's onward march is constantly unfolding a broader view of the conditions most essential to the elevation of future generations. In spite of the glitter of military splendor and the giant guns of mighty battlefleets, the powers of the world are awakening to the superiority of arbitration over the horrors of war. This is an era of common sense. The masses are fully alive to their own importance in shaping and directing affairs of State and nation. The dignity of labor is no longer a poetical term, but a potent fact. The government at Washington has been taught that union principles have been put to the severest test and have not been found wanting. It is advocated by true, able and sincere men. With each pulse beat of the people it will rise higher and higher in its active usefulness, driven onward and upward by its own just conception of man's duty to his fellow man. The irrepressible spirit of unionism will win every battle and overcome every obstacle, because it is eternally right."

"Labor unions are here to stay and will prove a great power in directing the policies of government, but you must put at the head of your unions men who will forget self for the good of the party. We have recently seen the attitude of organized labor toward labor in the coal fields of Pennsylvania. It should teach us the lesson that we must stand together to win."

"But to come down to Oakland. You know as well as I the condition of the streets of the city. You have seen some of the best teachers of the Polytechnic High School leave because there was nothing for them to do in the department of manual and industrial training for which they were employed. Can it be possible that the city of Oakland is too poor to support such a school. You know the condition of the public buildings and you certainly are suffering under the present water rates. The question of water rates is the chief issue of the campaign. You have received your monthly water bill and as you made your offering to the corporation each of you has resolved that the only hope is a change of government."

"Voters of Oakland, the case is now being argued before you. You are the jury and the result rests in your hands. What will the verdict be? Gentlemen, I ask you to join hands with the Union Labor party—you who are not in the ranks of labor and help place its nominees in office. I am sure you will not be sorry for it."

"I want to say only a word about myself just to show that I have not been idle. I have spent every year since coming to California twelve years ago in a chair of organized labor. I feel now that I have reached the pivotal point of my life, and that as I stand before you tonight knowing that I have your confidence no human power could make me deviate from what I consider my duty to the great mass of the laboring classes. I ask those who are not in the unions to be more friendly to them. We are passing through a bloodless revolution. The masses are reading, studying and thinking. The time has come when the working people will have their rightful heritage. Work with a resolution in your hearts to make the coming election a long stride in our advance to a state of perfect freedom."

HERMAN BROWN.

When the cheers which followed Bair's speech had subsided, Herman Brown, candidate for Councilman from the Fourth ward, was introduced. He said he was the people's friend but he was not much of an orator, but he promised to vote for fair water rates and to act at all times in the interests of the people.

J. E. McELROY.

John E. McElroy, candidate for City Attorney, was the next speaker, and he was also greeted with applause. He said, in part:

"Water is the principal item in this campaign and I promise to bear that in mind, and, if elected, to force the water suit in the Supreme Court. I am glad to begin the campaign before the people of West Oakland, where I was born and raised. I am also glad that I can stand by the platform of the Union Labor party. I don't belong to a union. Every one knows that a lawyer's union would be disastrous, but the Union Labor party comes before you with no apology."

"There are men who are occupying positions of trust whom the common people do not dare to approach. I ask you to look at those on the platform. I do

not think you will find any there whom you would not feel at liberty to approach. "I promise you, if elected, to prosecute the cases, which are now pending before the Supreme Court or any of the other courts in which the city of Oakland is interested."

MURRAY LAIDLAW.

Murray Laidlaw, candidate for City Treasurer, was the next speaker and his popularity was attested by the generous applause accorded him. He told of the bundle of sticks which could not be broken unless they were taken separately. The Labor party, he said, must be united. Never before, he declared, had he asked for an office, except an honorary one. He referred to the fact that the Building Trades Council of Alameda County, at a regular meeting held on August 27, 1900, passed resolutions commending the action taken by Library Trustee Murray Laidlaw in introducing a resolution demanding that none but union labor be employed on the new library building.

GEORGE E. AITKEN.

George E. Aitken, candidate for Councilman-at-large, was the next speaker. He said he would promise the people to vote for a municipal water plant and every other improvement that would benefit his constituents. He said he would be with the people all the time.

J. T. KERNS.

J. T. Kerns, candidate for City Auditor, was introduced and said that if the people wanted laws they should make them. He promised a clean and honest administration if elected.

"They say that unions should not enter politics," said Kerns, "but we have listened to such a story too long. We have been lured almost to the rocks of ruin by such a cry, but now we are alive to the situation. Fellow union men, there is just one way we can obtain laws for our benefit and that is to make them ourselves. Let us go forward and make a strong, brave fight. When you put men from your own ranks into office you can rest assured that they will not betray you. Stand by your candidates for it is your only hope of relief."

OTHER SPEAKERS.

Other speakers, who promised to uphold unionism, were Richard Mahns, William Duhrman and Thomas Gallagher, candidates for Councilmen-at-large. The meeting, which was an unusually large one, was adjourned with three cheers for Bair and the labor union ticket.

FAR ABOVE RUBIES.

What is it all that men possess, among them, of the good I praise, if by wealth, or fame, or some such boast, scarce worthy the rehearsing; Women only are men's good, with them in love conversing.

If wehry, they prepare us rest; if sick, their hand attends us; When with grief our hearts are pressed their comfort best befriends us; Sweet or sour, they willing go to share what fortune sends us.

What pretty babes with pains they bear, our name and form presenting! What we get how wise they keep, by spinning words preventing! Sorting all their household cares to our observed contenting!

All this, of whose large use I sing, in two words is expressed: Good Wife is the good I praise, if by good men possessed.

Bad with bad in ill suit well, but good with good live blessed. —Thomas Chompton.

Epitaph of the Tired Woman.

William E. Curtis continues to collect curious epigrams. Among the number which a friend sent him is the following which the friend found on a recent visit to England. It was in a churchyard near Plymouth and reads as follows:

Here lies a poor woman Who always was tired. Where help was not hired. Her last words on earth were: "Dear friends, I am going. Where washing ain't done, Nor sweeping nor sewing; But everything there is Exact to my wishes. For when they don't eat There's no washing the dishes. I'll be where I can do them. Will always be rinsing; But, having no voice, I'll get clear of the slogging. Don't mourn for me now, Don't mourn for me ever; I'm going to do nothing For ever and ever."

(VI) BLOOD IS RED.

Some of us don't drink, some of us do; Some of us use a word or two. Most of us, maybe, are half-way ripe For deeds that wouldn't look well in type. All of us have done things, no doubt, We don't very often brag about. We are timely good, we are badly bold, But there's hope for the worst of us, I hold.

If there be a few things we didn't do, For the reason that we so wanted to. Some of us sin on a smaller scale. (We don't mind minnows, we hate a whale.) We speak of a woman with half a sneer. We sit on our hands when we ought to cheer. The salad we mix in the bowl of the heart. We sometimes make a little too tart For home consumption. We growl, we drizzle. But we're not quite lost if we sometimes drizzle. The hot words back and make them mild At the moment they fret to be running wild.

Don't pin your faith on the man or woman. Who never is tempted. We're mostly human. And whoever he be who never has felt The red blood sing in the veins and melt The ice of convention, caste and creed, To the very last barrier, has no need To raise his brows at the rest of us. It hides its time in the best of us, And well for him if he do not do That which the strength of him wants him to.

—Saturday Evening Post.

Gov. Pardee Has the Measure Under Consideration—Bills Relating to Alameda County.

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 14.—Governor Pardee has now under examination a bill, which it is proposed to introduce into the Legislature sometime next week, providing for an issue of \$2,000,000 in bonds for the purpose of improving the harbor front of San Francisco.

The people of this State will have an opportunity of voting upon the issue of these bonds, after the same manner as amendments to the constitution are voted upon.

An affirmative vote in the majority authorizes the issue of the bonds which then gives them the guarantee of the State. These bonds bear interest at 4 per cent. They are payable out of the revenue of the Harbor Commissioners' office, which is between \$60,000 and \$70,000 a month.

AVAILABLE IN TWO YEARS.

The money, as the proceeds of these bonds, will not be available, of course, for two years. The board, however, has the right to anticipate its surplus revenue for five years. The Controller will issue the bonds with the authority of the Board of Harbor Commissioners. The issue will be in various sums, according to the needs of the occasion, and with the consent of the Governor.

IMPROVEMENTS NEEDED.

This money will be applied in the extension of the sea wall along the harbor front of San Francisco, and for other needed improvements along the front which will comprise the filling up and the opening of streets and improved sites which, at the present, have no existence, in fact.

The making of these improvements is to be undertaken in the interest of the public, not of San Francisco alone, but of the whole State, because the property in question does not belong to San Francisco but to the State of California. These improvements bear the same relation to the people as do the big ferry depot in San Francisco and the wharves there which belong to the people of the State and not simply to the corporations or citizens of San Francisco.

BUILT FERRY DEPOT.

About eight years ago the people voted on the proposition of erecting the present big harbor building in San Francisco and carried the project, although some people entertained the erroneous impression that the property in question was private property and should be improved by private individuals.

Commissioner Kirkpatrick will have a conference with Governor Pardee on this subject early next week.

CHARLES SPEAR AND NEEDS OF 'FRISCO' HARBOR.

This morning Charles Spear of Berkeley, who in March is to succeed Paris Kilburn as a member of the Board of Harbor Commissioners of San Francisco, came up to the capital and had a business conference with Governor Pardee. Speaking casually of his future relation with the board in question, Mr. Spear said:

"It will be our purpose to give a business administration. We are not going to do politics, but to carry on the affairs of the public in a manner which shall insure to the advantage of the State. We are not going to supply people with jobs. They become ungrateful. I do not know anything about the details of the patronage, but I do know a great deal of the business and commercial needs of the harbor of San Francisco, and those needs will be looked after in a thorough, business-like manner."

"There is one thing of which I am certain, and that is that the Governor is not going to interfere with us. He is going to let us have our own way—that is, he will not ask to have something done in order to create a place."

"The board will work together. There will be no majority and minority. All will be in harmony for the best interests of the State."

AN END WANTED FOR THE STRAIGHT JACKET.

Assemblyman Brown, at whose instance the investigation of the modes of punishment at the State Penitentiaries were made, has followed the matter up by the introduction of a bill which prohibits the use of all kinds of punishment by instruments of any kind in the Penitentiaries at San Quen-

MONIEY RECOMMENDED FOR NEW NORTH HALL.

The House Committee on Ways and Means today reported favorably the bill providing for an appropriation of \$200,000 for the erection of a building to take the place of the present North Hall at the University of California, which is now in a most dilapidated condition.

SECOND POLICE COURT FOR OAKLAND.

The matter of passing the Leavitt bill on two Police Courts in Oakland in the House brought to the surface the existence of a split in the House delegation from Alameda county, which must be adjusted before the measure can be passed.

This is the first time since the opening of the session that this delegation, on subjects affecting interests of Oakland or Alameda county, have not acted as unit.

The bill had already passed the Senate, Thursday last it was denied passage in the House. Yesterday it was revived by a vote to reconsider. It was finally referred to the Alameda county delegation, with the understanding that they caucus on the matter and allow the majority to rule.

NEEDS OF COURT.

After the measure had been reconsidered, Assemblyman Walsh spoke in favor of it. He said that it had received the endorsement of everybody who knew anything about the criminal business of Oakland and in support of this proposition, among other things, the speaker quoted from a letter bearing on the subject written by Judge Mortimer Smith, who is now Police Judge of the city of Oakland.

"This act," writes the judge, "does not add another Police Court, but only cre-

ates the office of assistant prosecuting attorney at \$1500 per year, for, if you will examine the act as it now stands, you will find that we can have two departments of the court at the same time, also have a clerk for each judge, but only one prosecuting attorney, as Mr. Leach cannot attend both courts at the same time."

BUSINESS INCREASED.

"The business of the court has increased in the last four years so that it is impossible for me to keep up my calendar, and a give a speedy trial to those who may come before me. I know that all persons connected with the court here deem it necessary to run two departments of the court at the same time, and I know that Judge Allen, the District Attorney, agrees with us in relation to the same. Here is a record, showing the increase of business during my four years of office:

"Arrests in 1899, 1890.
"Arrests in 1901, 3261.
"Arrests in 1902, 4161.

"These records are taken from the books of the Chief of Police.
"I will have the clerk, Mr. Hennessy, send you a copy of our calendar from date, showing the condition of the same, and I think you will be satisfied that we need another department in order to keep up."

COLLECTIONS.

"During the year 1902, the total fines collected amounted to the sum of \$7080.50, so you can see that we are self-supporting by over \$1200."

Clerk W. J. Hennessy, of the same Police Court, writes with reference to the calendar, which he forwards:

"You will notice that on February 27, 1903, that there are 52 cases to be set for trial by jury. We have tried one of the same kind of cases and it consumed four days. So you see that we are well fixed, at least for a young."

Mr. Walsh further stated that he had understood that Assemblyman Foster did not seem to be in favor of the bill, and that he believed that he was honest in his objection to the measure.

Assemblyman Foster said it was the first time the delegation had divided, but that he was willing to talk the matter over with the other delegates and to agree with the majority.

Mr. Camp of Los Angeles favored a caucus of the Alameda delegation, and the same was agreed to. This conference will be held next Tuesday, and Senators as well as Assemblymen will take part in it. In the event of the passage of the bill W. H. Hyies will be appointed to the position of assistant prosecutor by District Attorney Allen.

AN END WANTED FOR THE STRAIGHT JACKET.

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AGREED TO THE AMENDMENTS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The Senate convened at 1 o'clock today and immediately afterwards agreed to the

tin and Folsom. **WASTE WINS FOR BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS.**

After a hard battle, Assemblyman Waste of Berkeley succeeded in passing in the House the bill introduced by him aiming to place Building and Loan Associations on the plane with the banks and other reputable institutions of the State.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to amend the measure by having it exempt co-operative associations from its provisions. Mr. Waste said that that would be all right provided the co-operative associations did not do a building and loan business. There was nothing in the law which prevented the establishment of Rochdale stores or similar co-operative associations, but, when those associations begin to branch out to do a building and loan association work, they should be subject to the same restrictions and obligations as those associations which do that kind of business. If they were not, they would open the door and injure the business which so much had been done to put upon a plane of respectability and permanency.

"BILL" HARRIS ASPIRES AND WALSH BOOMS HIM.

T. W. Harris of Pleasanton, Deputy District Attorney of Alameda county, spent a day at the capital and used his influence to secure the passage of the bill providing for a second Police Court in Oakland. After he thought he had gained his point he deserted the arctic breezes of Sacramento and left for home.

HARRIS FOR OFFICE.

The presence of Harris recalls an episode of a few days ago when Assemblyman Walsh of Oakland was the object of much attention on the part of union laborites and Democrats, as well as of solicitation on the part of Republicans, because of his support of the motion to strike out "intimidation" from the conspiracy amendment.

Some people said Walsh was bidding for the labor vote and that he wanted to utilize it in running for the position of District Attorney of Alameda, in which place he hoped to succeed the present incumbent, John J. Allen.

A knot of curious legislators told Walsh in the capital that day that that was his purpose but Walsh denied the impeachment, saying:

WALSH DOESN'T SPIRE.

"I am not a candidate for District Attorney or any other office. I have been an office-holder before. I ever knew what a shave was, and I don't want to die serving only the people. District Attorney Allen wants to retire at the close of this term, and go into private practice. 'Bill' Harris, one of his deputies, wants to succeed him, and I'm for 'Bill' Harris. That'll stop figuring on that line, anyway."

SUPERVISORS MAY MAKE BOULEVARDS.

The latest bill introduced into the House gives additional powers to the Supervisors which may be used to advantage in Alameda county. It empowers them to acquire by purchase, condemnation or otherwise, land for boulevard purposes and to control, regulate and improve the same.

GOVERNOR'S EXPENSES.

Governor Pardee is modest in his demand for money from the State Treasury. He asks simply for \$700 for contingent office expenses in a bill which has been introduced into the House.

DELICIOUS BREAD

Imperial Home Bakery Bread

is so good that half a loaf of it is better than a whole loaf of any other.

Housekeepers are keeping us busy baking this good bread for them, and we have to increase the number of loaves almost every day. Everyone who is using IMPERIAL HOME BAKERY BREAD doesn't know what they're missing.

Imperial Home Bakery

S. E. Cor. Clay and Eleventh Streets. Phone John 181.

S. E. Cor. Castro and Tenth Streets. Phone James 606.

T. DORGAN, Prop.

Out with Furniture and Carpets

These two departments are to be entirely closed out by March 10th—LESS THAN 4 WEEKS.

The fire in the store forces us to make greater cuts in price, and the Insurance Company's allowance for smoke damage we are giving to you. Read carefully these prices.

THE SALE BEGINS MONDAY MORNING

Carpets		Furniture	
Cottage Art Carpet, formerly 35c	15c	Dining Tables, about 25 styles, round and square, all new designs	\$21.00
Naper Matting, yard w.d. for runners and stairs—regular 50c and 60c, now	35c	and as low as \$7.00—about 2/3 off regular price.	
Hemp Carpets, always 25c	12 1/2c	Side boards, solid oak, 12 patterns left	17.00 to \$40.00
Tapestry Brussels—yard	50c	Parlor Tables in oak and mahogany, from	75c to \$8.00
Roxbury Carpets—yard	65c	Chiffoniers and Odd Dressers, 2/3 from former prices.	
Axminster (Smith make)	95c	Parlor Sets—about 20 three and five piece sets in mahogany, finished frames, we quote a few of the reductions:	
Ingrain Carpets	15c to 60c	1 5-piece Set in damask, was \$45.00—now	\$24.75
100 10-lb. Japanese Linen Warp Matting—25c to 30c value, to be closed out at	20c	1 3-piece Set in damask, was \$25.00—now	\$14.85
1000 Ingrain Wool Rugs, 36-inch square—fr. m	20c to 35c	1 5-piece Set in damask, was \$30.00—now	\$36.90
25 mare-up Carpet Rugs, sizes 4x7 to 9x12, at 50 per cent off regular yard price.		About 50 odd Parlor pieces and fancy rockers, cut in the same proportion.	
Wool Smyrna Rugs—		Ladies' Desks, Hall Racks, in fact everything in Furniture has been priced to sell quickly. You must see the goods to appreciate the genuineness of our intention—greater values were never before offered in Oakland.	
9 ft. by 6—regular \$12.00, now	\$8.25		
10 6 by 7 6—regular \$16.00, now	\$11.40		
12 ft. by 9—regular \$22.00, now	\$15.20		

All remnants in Carpets, Oilcloth, Linoleum, Matting, less than one-half regular price. Bring measurements.